DECLARATION OF CHRISTINE M. TOBIN-PRESSER RE: JUNO'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON DETERMINATION OF SIGNIFICANCE AND SCOPING

- 3. Paragraph 52 of the May 1, 2018 Declaration of Christine M. Tobin-Presser provides a link to a dropbox file at which numerous exhibits, previously provided to the City, are accessible: https://www.dropbox.com/sh/dmssces393tb4jz/AAA98ekcBZD1CHLU1SQQ3_gHa?dl=0 (the "Dropbox File").
- 4. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true copy of a document printed from the City's website. The document has at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File as Exhibit T.
- 5. Attached hereto as Exhibit B are true copies of all of the documents I received in response to Public Records Request No. C011281-032117 relating to materials provided to attendees at the City's Summer Parkways CityScoop event in West Seattle. The document has at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File as Exhibit U.
- 6. Attached hereto as Exhibits C and D are true copies of all of the documents I received in response to Public Records Request No. Co11281-032117 relating to any notes relating to conversations with attendees at the City's Summer Parkways CityScoop event in West Seattle.

 The documents have at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File as Exhibits V and W.
- 7. Attached hereto as Exhibit E is a true copy of a document printed from the City of Seattle website (address is on document).
- 8. Attached hereto as Exhibit F is a true copy of an email I received from Jesseca Brand of the Department of Neighborhoods on April 25, 2017.
- 9. Attached hereto as Exhibit G is a true copy of a document printed from the City of Seattle's website relating to HALA Focus Groups (address is on the first page of the exhibit). The document has at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File as Exhibits VV.

- 10. Attached hereto as Exhibit H are true copies of documents printed from the City of Seattle's website relating to HALA Focus Groups (address is on the first page of the exhibit). The documents have at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File as Exhibits WW.
- 11. Of the five individuals the City hand-selected to represent the Junction Urban Village, only three lived within the urban village. See Exhibit G.
- 12. The City's published meeting minutes reflect that one individual attended one focus group meeting and one individual attended two focus group meetings. See Exhibit H. There is no evidence that the other three attended any meetings. Id.
- No Junction Urban Village focus group members attended the August Hub Urban Village focus group meeting at which the OPCD, the proponent of MHA, guided the discussion regarding what issues would be important for scoping. See Exhibit H (Meeting Summary of August 21, 2016 meeting). The City's published focus group attendance records show that the Junction Urban Village was not the only neighborhood with a lack of representation. Id. Less than 43% of the Hub Urban Village focus group members attended the August meeting. Id. Six non-focus group members attended as "observers." Id.
- 14. Attached hereto as Exhibit I is a true copy of an article printed from the Seattle Transit Blog. The document has at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File as Exhibits RR.
- 15. Attached hereto as Exhibit J is a true copy of an article printed from The Urbanist website. The document has at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File as Exhibits SS.
- 16. Attached hereto as Exhibit K is a true copy of a photograph I took of an entry on the Seattle for Everyone Facebook page.
- 17. Attached hereto as Exhibit L is a true copy of a document printed from the Seattle For Everyone website (address thereon).

1	18. Attached hereto as Exhibit M is a true copy of an email from Jesseca Brand to me on			
2	October 13, 2017.			
3	19. Attached hereto as Exhibit N is a true copy of a document produced by the City in			
4	response to discovery in the above-captioned appeal.			
5	20. Attached hereto as Exhibit O is a true copy of a letter emailed to Director Assefa of the			
6	OPCD on March 8, 2017. The document has at all relevant times been included in the Dropbox File			
7	as Exhibits QQ.			
8	21. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the			
9	foregoing information is true and correct.			
10	DATED this 18 day of May, 2018 at Seattle, Washington.			
11	C1 112 C			
12	Christine M. Tobin-Presser			
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DECLARATION OF CHRISTINE M. TOBIN-PRESSER RE: JUNO'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON DETERMINATION OF SIGNIFICANCE AND SCOPING

- Page 5 6 99001 ce169206d2

EXHIBIT T

EXHIBIT A

Seattle Department of Neighborhoods (neighborhoods)

Kathy Nyland, Director

CityScoop

Come for FREE ICE CREAM and share your ideas with the City.

We need your input on important city activities that will affect you. Come relax in our tent, tell us what you think, and enjoy a free treat courtesy of Full Tilt Ice Cream.

Our CityScoop tent will be out and about the city throughout the year. See upcoming dates and locations in the right sidebar.



JOIN US

Summer Parkways in Rainier Valley

Saturday, August 13

1 - 3pm

Rainier Avenue S. between Hudson and Brandon Streets

Summer Parkways in Ballard

Saturday, August 27

1 - 3pm

Ballard Avenue at 22nd NW in the Ballard Historic District

Summer Parkways on Alki

Sunday, September 25 1 - 3pm Alki near 61st Ave SW

About Us (neighborhoods/about-us)

Programs & Services (neighborhoods/programs-and-services)

Event Calendar (neighborhoods/event-calendar)

Blog (http://frontporch.seattle.gov/)



Phone: 206-684-0464 (tel:206-684-0464)

Fax: 206-233-5142

Address: Office | Mailing

Follow Us

ADA Notice (americans-with-disabilities-act)
Notice of Nondiscrimination (civilrights/civil-rights/title-vi-notice-of-nondiscrimination)
Privacy (tech/initiatives/privacy)
© Copyright 1995-2016 City of Seattle

EXHIBITS U1-U6

The attached written materials were provided by the Office of Planning and Community Development in response to the following Public Records Request No. C011281-032117

Please provide any notes prepared by the City agent(s) staffing the event relating to conversations with attendees. Please provide any materials that were provided to attendees relating to HALA and/or MHA. Please provide the specific information that was discussed with attendees relating to (a) the MHA principles; and/or (b) a proposed rezone of areas zoned single family residential with in the West Seattle Junction Urban Village. Please provide the documents reflecting how the number of attendees was calculated. Please provide information as to whether the attendees then resided in the West Seattle Junction Urban Village.

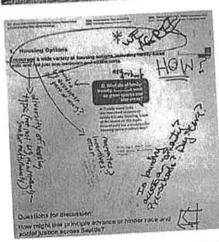
















August 2016 Update

www.seattle.gov/HALA



What is the Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda?



BACKGROUND

In September 2014, Mayor Murray and the City Council gathered leaders in our community to help develop a bold agenda for increasing the affordability of housing in our city by convening a Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda (HALA) Advisory Committee.

The 28-member Committee included renters and homeowners, for-profit and non-profit developers, and other local housing experts. After months of deliberation, they reached consensus and published a report with over 60 recommendations to consider.

The Mayor's action plan calls for implementation of many of the Committee's recommendations through tenant protections, renewing and increasing the Housing Levy, requiring affordable housing with new multifamily and commercial development, and more.

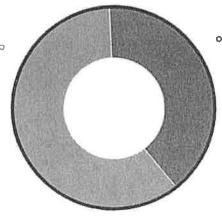
THE 10-YEAR GOAL

HALA is guided by an ambitious 10-year goal for producing both marketrate and guaranteed affordable housing. It will take a multi-pronged approach to meet these goals.

+30,000

MARKET-RATE UNITS

These market-rate housing units will add to the overall supply of housing in Seattle, increasing the quantity and diversity of housing choices.



-+20,000

AFFORDABLE UNITS

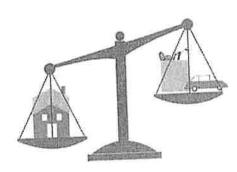
These new or preserved affordable housing units will be reserved for low-income households.

Creating this many affordable units will require tripling our historical annual production of affordable housing.

Why do we need HALA?

RESPONDING TO A CRITICAL NEED

- + Over 45,000 Seattle lower-income families spend more than half their income on housing.
- + 2,942 people are living without shelter in Seattle.
- + Rents are beyond the reach of many working families. Fewer homes are for sale today than at any time in the last 10 years.
- + Average rent for apartments built in Seattle before 2006 increased 49% in the last five years.
- Even with a new \$15 minimum wage, the average rent for a onebedroom apartment is out of reach for a single household minimum wage worker.



When a household has to pay more than half its income on housing, little income remains for other basic necessities like food and transportation.

Accomplishments to date

FIRST STEPS

Since the release of the Mayor's Action Plan in July of 2015 City staff and the City Council have made important strides towards implementing HALA, but much of the work lies ahead.

- + In September 2015, the City Council passed Resolution 31609 setting a work plan and directing City Departments to implement HALA recommendations.
- + In October 2015, the City Council passed Ordinance 118505 renewing and expanding the Multi Family Tax Exemption (MFTE) program. MFTE incentivizes builders to set aside 20% of housing units in a new building as rent restricted.
- + In October 2015, the City Council passed Ordinance 124882 strengthening regulations for assistance to displaced tenants.
- + In June 2016 City Council passed Ordinance 125054, which strengthens tenant protections by prohibiting landlords from raising rents in substandard rental units.



- + In August 2016 Seattle voters approved a renewed and increased housing levy.
- + In August 2016 the Mayor and City Council worked together to pass the Open Housing ordinance, adding antidiscrimination protections for Seattle renters.

What's happening now?

UPCOMING ACTIONS

Right now, we are discussing HALA recommendations that we need your input on, including:

- + Create the Fair Chance housing program
- + Pass a Mandatory Housing Affordability (MHA) program for new development
- + Housing Preservation Program

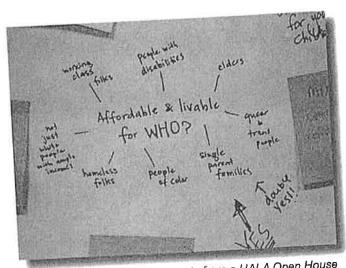
Community engagement

WE NEED YOUR HELP

In January 2016, an extensive public engagement process began, calling on the community at large to weigh in on the Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda.

To address the housing crisis, stakeholders from all corners of our community are pitching in. We need your input and are looking for creative suggestions on how the HALA recommendations should be implemented. There are many options for how residents can give input on HALA.

Your ideas will shape how HALA recommendations are implemented, especially in neighborhood areas.



Community member comments from a HALA Open House meeting in November 2015.

Seattle Housing Levy



HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

AND LIVABILITY AGENDA

RENEW AND INCREASE THE HOUSING LEVY

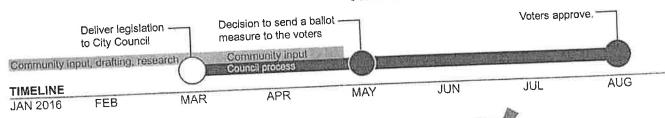
In August 2016 Seattle voters approved this innovative property tax levy for the fifth time, increasing the size of the Levy to \$290 million, to address the growing affordability crisis in our city. The Housing Levy has a 30-year track record of creating affordable housing with services to support at-risk families, seniors, and people with disabilities, providing rental assistance to prevent homelessness, and preserving housing to prevent displacement of long-term residents.

To date, the Housing Levy and other City funds have created and preserved over 12,500 affordable homes, helped 800 low-income families purchase their first home, and provided emergency rental assistance to 6,500 households.



In 2015, the Office of Housing awarded a record \$57 million that will enable over 900 new affordable units for low-income households.

Contact: Todd.Burley@seattle.gov



Strengthening Tenant Protections

The Mayor and Council are working together, passing Ordinance 125054 in June, 2016, which strengthens protections for renter households that live in substandard dwelling units and/or experience other prohibited landlord-led actions. lements of the legislation:

- + Require minimum housing standards to be met when rent increases occur.
- + Enhance protections for tenants against prohibited landlord-led actions (e.g. retaliation for complaints).
- + Transfer primary City responsibility for enforcing against prohibited acts by landlords and tenants from the Seattle Police Department (SPD) to SDCI.
- + Enable enforcement action against landlords that do not provide 60 days' notice before applying a rent increase of 10% or more.

→ Streamline the penalty structure for violations of the Housing Code.

MAR

Community input Council Process JUN MAY

Contact: Geoff.Tallent@seattle.gov

Legislation protects tenants from rent increases without

Legislation approved. JUL APR

Deliver legislation to City Council Community input, drafting, and research TIMELINE

August 2016

JAN 2016

FEB

adequate notice.

AUG

Mandatory Housing Affordability (MHA)

BUILDING AFFORDABILITY AS WE GROW

The proposed MHA program would ensure new commercial and multifamily buildings either include affordable housing units or make a payment towards affordable housing, in exchange for increases in development capacity. MHA is part of the Grand Bargain struck in July 2015.

- The City Council adopted a framework for the MHA-Commercial program in November 2015.
- + A City Council committee approved a framework for the MHA-Residential program in August of 2016.



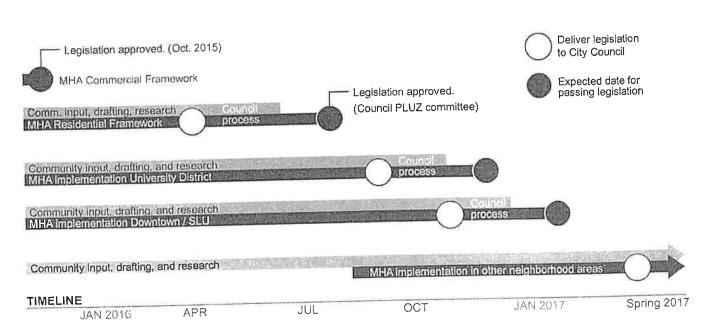


New development would be required to provide or help pay for affordable housing.

The frameworks enable MHA — they do not implement the program. Throughout 2016, the City will craft zoning changes to implement MHA across the city. Extensive engagement with communities will occur before any such changes go into effect.

The University District neighborhood, followed by the Downtown and South Lake Union neighborhoods are the first areas expected to have MHA. Increases in zoning allow for the construction of more housing to help meet demand, and they enable the City to implement MHA using a state-approved legal pathway. MHA is not expected for other neighborhood areas until 2017, after the community engagement process, and an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). In the Fall of 2016 the City will release a draft map of what the possible zoning changes in neighborhoods across the City could look like.

Contact: Geoffrey.Wentlandt@seattle.gov



Fair Chance Housing

ENSURING FAIR ACCESS TO HOUSING

An estimated one in every three adults in the United States has a criminal record, and nearly half of all children in the U.S. have one parent with a criminal record. Due to a rise in the use of criminal background checks during the tenant screening process, people with arrest and conviction records face major barriers to housing.

The Seattle Office for Civil Rights is bringing together a diverse set of stakeholders to provide input on a legislative strategy to address barriers faced by people with arrest and conviction records while balancing business and safety concerns.

MAY



AND LIVABILITY AGENDA

Contact: Loren.Othon@seattle.gov

TIMELINE

APR 2016

Community input, drafting, and research					
II IN	JUL	AUG	SEP		

Housing Preservation Program

JUN

Preserving existing affordable housing opportunities

City departments are working together to develop a multi-pronged housing preservation strategy. Tools for housing preservation include:

- Acquisition of existing housing by nonprofits/CBOs, supported by MHA, housing levy and other funds.
- + Incentivizing rent and income restrictions in the private market (i.e. preservation tax exemption, and rehab financing).
- + Sustainable ownership preservation (i.e. home repair loans and grants, single-family weatherization).

MAY



Preservation strategles seek to secure existing housing at affordable levels.

Contact: Emily.Alvarado@seattle.gov

Community input, drafting, and research

JUN JUL AUG SEP

August 2016

TIMELINE

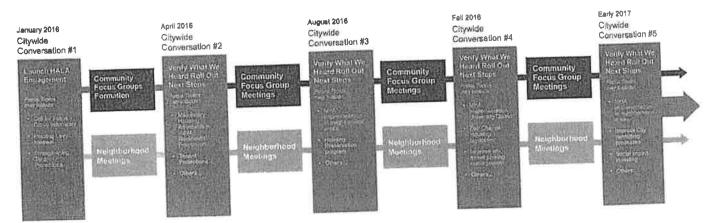
APR 2016

6

HALA Community Engagement Plan

This is an overview of how the community can give input on HALA. Other ideas for how to provide input are welcome.





Ways to participate include:

- Jenuary 26 Seattle at Work Event
- Telephone Town Hinda
- Now HALA website
- April 10 Livebillty Night Out
- Naiohborhood blogs Second marila
- Consider it entitle dialogue E-mail neveleter
- August Summer Perkways
- Consider it aniare dislogue
- E-muil nowshifter Neighborhood Furmur's markets
- Neighborhood blogs and adderials Example of the Characteristics of t

- Englishment alphaneology
 Decel and
 Other 180



Citywate Conversations At these times we will leads on reaching out to a broad public audience through a variety of tools. Citywide conversations are meent to:

- Get the word out about HALA
- Update the community at large on HALA progress and next steps
- Highlight ourrent leaves we are working on
- Listen to feedback from a broad public audience that will alsepe HALA actions



Neighborbood meetings are existing resetings of local economisms organizations and groups. Cay stuff will attend groups. One stuff will reaspend to requisate for six between objection correspondence. City staff will reaspend to requisate for relighborhood meetings to the existent possible, and make efforts to reach areas throughout the city. The purpose of HALA participation at neighborhood meetings to to.

Loddet level and/objectived areas on HALA coordinated and next stone.

- Update local reighborhood areas on HALA progress and next steps
- Listen to leadback from local groups that will shape HALA actions
- Consider neighborhood preferences for how HALA actions conditions



Community Focus Groups Comments of 4 - 6 representatives from each Urban Village and adjacent comprising Focus Groups consist of 4 - 6 representatives from each Urban Village and adjacent neighborhood area. The groups are a counting board to give focused leadback - particularly on how the fulf-th program voicid be applied in neighborhood area.

More about focus groups:

- There are four focus groups, each comprised of about 40 community members
- Each reflects a broad range of perspectives.
- Focus groups meet monthly starting in May, and are facilitated by an independent third pany
- Groups conduct a datafled review of kind use changes to Implement the Mandatory Hussing Affordability (MHA) program
- Meetings and conversations are irrespersal and open to the public
- Participants are encouraged to relay information to their home neighborhoods

Strategic Investments with Mandatory Housing Affordability Payments



How does it work?

The Seattle Office of Housing, which will administer in-lieu payments from the Mandatory Housing Affordability program (MHA), has a 35-year track record of investing local and federal funds, including incentive zoning in-lieu payments, to meet a range of strategic goals for affordable housing.

Affordable housing built with MHA funds will advance racial and social equity. These investments mitigate displacement by providing stable rents in areas at high risk of displacement and stimulate economic development in neighborhoods that lack private investment. Affordable housing is typically developed in partnership with communitybased organizations that plan development around the needs of a community, including providing culturally relevant services or affordable retail space for local businesses. City funds go towards preservation of existing at-risk affordable housing and support critical family-sized units that the private market does not produce. City-funded affordable housing also often includes resident service programs and other connections to social services that help individuals and families thrive.

MHA payments will be combined with other City funds and leveraged 3:1 on average with critical private and public dollars for affordable housing. In nearly all zones, MHA payments will yield a greater number of affordable housing units than would be produced on-site, if the payments support housing at 60% AMI. The Office of Housing has proven its effectiveness in aligning resources to maximize production.

MHA payments will be invested in high-quality affordable housing that is built to last. The Office of Housing provides long-term stewardship of City-funded housing for 50 years, ensuring it remains affordable and in good condition for generations to come. City-funded affordable housing meets the state-wide Evergreen Sustainable Development Standard, providing significant energy and water savings that benefit the environment and low-income residents over the long-term.

The Office of Housing has a track record of building affordable housing in neighborhoods throughout Seattle. When determining the location of affordable housing funded with MHA payments, the Office of Housing seeks to promote fair housing choice and economic opportunity, address the needs of communities vulnerable to displacement, and support broader City strategies to promote growth near transit and in urban centers and villages.

A 2014 independent analysis of Seattle's Incentive Zoning program determined that housing funded with IZ payments is likely to be located in neighborhoods closer to downtown and within close proximity to the properties that provided the payments, not highly concentrated in one neighborhood. The report concluded that a greater reliance on the on-site production option would not result in a significant change in the geographic distribution of units and that on-site performance units would not be located in neighborhoods of higher economic opportunity.1

Jacobus, Rick. "Seattle Incentive Zoning: Analysis to data relating to historical production under Seattle's Incentive Zoning Program." February 2014.





Mandatory Housing Affordability ("MHA")

City's commitment: The City's goal is to create 20,000 affordable homes as part of a strategy to increase its housing supply by 50,000 homes over the next 10 years. Mandatory housing affordability ("MHA"), critical to this overall vision, will provide at least 6,000 of the 20,000 net new rent/income-restricted units for households with incomes no higher than 60% of median income. In 2016, that is approximately \$38,000 for a one-person household and \$54,000 for a four-person household.

How MHA works: Affordable housing will be required as commercial and multi-family development occurs. This contribution can be met by including affordable housing within the development or paying into a fund that will be used to create affordable housing throughout the city. The payment and performance options each have unique benefits and are equally important to the success of MHA. With the performance option, a specified percentage of units in a multifamily residential building are ensured to be affordable; the affordable units will be comparable to the market-rate units in that development in terms of size, type (e.g. number of bedrooms), and lease terms. With the payment option, the MHA dollars are able to leverage other funds to create more units of affordable housing than with performance. The City's Office of Housing allocates the funds to non-profit housing providers to build new buildings consisting of affordable housing. Payment-funded housing achieves many racial and social justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City, with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City with strategic focus on justice goals such as increasing housing opportunities in all parts of the City with strategic focus

Implementation: The initial step is for City Council to adopt MHA framework ordinances for commercial and residential development. The MHA-Commercial framework was adopted in November 2015 and the MHA-Residential framework is being acted on by Council in August of 2016. MHA requirements included in those frameworks will not go into effect until development capacity increases are approved (zoning changes). This approach is consistent with a state-approved approach for similar programs used by other cities and minimizes the impact of MHA requirements on the cost of new housing. The approach also allows for the creation of even more new housing to help meet growing demand. Zoning changes providing additional development capacity would likely be considered as follows: first in the University District, followed by Downtown and South Lake Union zones; second in areas where planning efforts have been underway for some time already (e.g. the Uptown neighborhood); third would be zone-wide changes for multifamily, commercial, and mixed-Uptown neighborhood); third would be zone-wide changes for multifamily, commercial, and mixed-use zones, to be implemented in 2017 after a 12-month public outreach and engagement process.



2016 SEATTLE HOUSING LEVY

Rental Housing

Produce and preserve 2,150 affordable apartments
Reinvest in 350 affordable apartments

Support operations for 510 affordable apartments

The primary focus of the Housing Levy is to fund affordable rental housing for low-income Seattle residents. The housing serves people with disabilities, seniors, families with children, formerly homeless individuals and families, and people working in low-wage jobs who might otherwise live far from the city. Levy funds can be used throughout the city for new construction of affordable housing or for preservation and improvements to existing buildings.

The Levy also reinvests in affordable housing to make critical capital improvements, thus extending the useful life of the building and the term of affordability.

Levy operating funds help fill the gap between rental income and building expenses. Along with rent assistance vouchers contributed by the Seattle Housing Authority, these funds enable Levy-funded housing to serve those with the highest needs and fewest resources, and also help secure federally funded homeless services and other supports for residents.

Preserve Affordable Housing

Provide loans for acquisition & rental rehabilitation

The Housing Levy provides short-term loans for strategic purchases of rental housing to preserve affordable rents for residents and also of land to be used for future housing projects. The loans will temporarily use funds from other Levy programs until those funds are needed. Levy loans can also help housing owners make critical repairs and then keep rents affordable for residents.

August 2nd Ballot

\$290 Million

Spanning 7 years

Median cost to Seattle homeowners: \$122/year or \$10.17/month (based on assessed value of \$480,000)

History

Since 1981, Seattle has voted five times to produce and preserve affordable housing. Each levy has exceeded its goals.

Seattle has now funded over 12,500 affordable homes throughout the city, provided loans to help over 900 households purchase their first home, and provided emergency rental assistance to 6,500 households at risk of eviction and homelessness. Levy-funded housing provides affordable rents for 50 years or more.

Homeownership

Assist 280 low-income homeowners

Levy funding assists low-income first-time home buyers purchasing in Seattle through down payment assistance loans that will be repaid to assist future borrowers, or investment in homes that will be held as affordable in perpetuity. Funds can also help stabilize existing low-income homeowners through emergency home repair grants or one-time loans to prevent foreclosure.

Homelessness Prevention

Assist 4,500 individuals & families

The Housing Levy provides short-term rent assistance and stability services for families who are at imminent risk of eviction and homelessness due to illness, loss of work, or other family emergency. People can get help to stay in their housing or move to a more stable and affordable home.







Programs & Goals*

\$201,000,000 Rental Production and Preservation Program

2,150 units produced or preserved

350 units reinvested

- Rental housing for low-income households, including people with disabilities, the elderly, homeless individuals and families, low-wage working people, and families with children.
- Reinvestment in existing affordable housing to make critical capital improvements.
- Rehabilitation of existing multifamily housing with affordability requirements imposed.
- Acquisition of affordable subsidized and market-rate buildings for long-term affordable rental housing.
- Program funds support housing that will serve families and individuals with incomes at or below 60% of median income.
- At least 60% of the sum of Program funds and Operating and Maintenance Program funds supports housing with rents affordable to individuals and families at or below 30% of median income. Housing will primarily serve households at or below 30% of median income; in limited cases housing may serve households up to 40% of median income.

Operating and Maintenance Program \$42,000,000

510 units supported

 Operating support for Levy-funded buildings, supplementing rent paid by residents at or below 30% of median income, including formerly homeless and other residents with supportive service needs.

Homelessness Prevention and Housing Stability Services \$11,500,000

4,500 households assisted

Rent assistance and stability services for individuals and families at or below 50% of median income, to prevent eviction and address homelessness.

\$9,500,000 Homeownership Program

280 households assisted

- · Emergency home repair grants for homeowners at or below 50% of median income to assist with maintaining stable
- Foreclosure prevention assistance for homeowners at or below 80% of median income who are at risk of losing their homes through foreclosure.
- Assistance to first-time home buyers at or below 80% of median income through home purchase loans, including models that create long-term affordability of ownership housing.
- Acquisition of affordable subsidized and market-rate buildings for alternative homeownership opportunities for households at or below 80% of median income.

Up to \$30,000,000 Acquisition and Preservation Program

No additional funding; loans will be made with Levy funds not yet needed for other Levy programs.

Short-term acquisition loans for cost-effective purchases of buildings or land for rental or homeownership development that will then be used to serve households at or below 80% of median income. This program will prioritize the acquisition of occupied buildings.

\$26,000,000 Administration 9% of total funds.

Affordable housing supported by Incentive Zoning payments





Nyer Urness House - 80 units Compass Housing Alliance

- NeighborCare health clinic on site
- On-site resident services
- Formerly homeless people and veterans



Compass on Dexter - 74 units Compass Housing Alliance

- 56% 2- and 3-bedroom family units
- On-site children's center and play
- 36 formerly homeless families



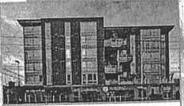
Plaza Roberto Maestas - 112 units El Centro de la Raza

- Public plaza, child development center and multicultural community center
- 80% are 2- and 3-bedroom family units
- Next to Beacon Hill Light Rail Station



Arbora Court - 133 units Bellwether Housing under development

- 40% 2- and 3-bedroom family units
- 40 units for formerly homeless
- Low-income Individuals and families



The Jefferson - 40 units Capitol Hill Housing

- Formerly contaminated site
- 50% 2-bedroom units
- Low-wage workers



Mt. Baker Lofts - 57 units
ArtSpace

- Mixed-use project for artists &
 families
- Next to Mt. Baker Light Rail Station
- Affordable childcare

Where would MHA apply?



Area where MHA would apply



Area where MHA would not apply



Urban Center or Village



Potential Urban Village Expansion Area



MHA In Downtown / South Lake Union



Manufacturing and Industrial Area



no yes	The second second			
Do you think it makes sense to allow buildings to have one more story in exchange for developers to provide or pay for affordable				

Why do we need affordable housing?

Get Involved

Come to neighborhood meetings

Observe focus group meetings & attend citywide events

Participate in the online forum

Sign up for email updates

www.seattle.gov/HALA

HALA www.seattle.gov/HALA

www.seattle.gov/HALA





What is HALA?

The Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda (HALA) aims to provide 50,000 housing units over the next 10 years

What else should we consider as the City begins to implement Mandatory Housing Affordability (MHA)?

HELA

www.seattle.gov/HALA

www.seattle.gov/HALA

Housing Levi

Fact: 2,942
people were
living without
shelter in
January 2016

-WINT VIO

Housing Levy

Impact: The 2016
Housing Levy
will create
and preserve
affordable
housing for lowincome households.

Housing Levy

"It's not just being homeless, it's your mental health, it's your physical health, it's everything." -AI

Pact: It takes

2 people
working full
time at \$15/hr
to afford the
average 1-bedroom
apartment.

MHA will create
6,000 affordable
homes in the
next 10 years for
households earning
60% of Area Median
Income (AMI) or
below.

"All we want is stability for our family and a place to call home." -Drew and Brandie

The Preservation Tax
Exemption will provide
a way for landlords
to maintain
affordability,
safety, and health
in older apartment
buildings.

Fact: Rents in apartments built before 2006 have increased 49% in the last 5 years.

"Living on a preschool teacher's salary, I was forced to make a choice between an affordable and a healthy place to live."

-Julie

Impact: In 2015 alone, the MFTE program created 1,434 new reduced-rent apartments.

Fact: More than
45,000 Seattle
households pay
more than half
their income
on housing

"My building participates in the MFTE program, giving me the peace of mind to know that my rent isn't going to go up." -Clarissa

EXHIBIT V

The attached documents were provided by the Office of Planning and Community Development in response to the following Public Records Request No. C011281-032117

Please provide any notes prepared by the City agent(s) staffing the event relating to conversations with attendees. Please provide any materials that were provided to attendees relating to HALA and/or MHA. Please provide the specific information that was discussed with attendees relating to (a) the MHA principles; and/or (b) a proposed rezone of areas zoned single family residential with in the West Seattle Junction Urban Village. Please provide the documents reflecting how the number of attendees was calculated. Please provide information as to whether the attendees then resided in the West Seattle Junction Urban Village.



er the next 10 years ability and Livability ns to provide 50,000 LALAS PIECE: STATE PROVIDE TO WATER THE COMMETTER MINEPATE MOME What else should we consider The Salving.

City begins to implement Many ing Affordability (WHA)?

telse should we consider as the begins to implement Mandatory ing Affordability (MHA)?

or taxion

www.seattle.gov/HALA

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY AND LIVABILITY AGENDA

EXHIBIT W

The attached written materials were provided by the Office of Planning and Community Development in response to the following Public Records Request No. C011281-032117

Please provide any notes prepared by the City agent(s) staffing the event relating to conversations with attendees. Please provide any materials that were provided to attendees relating to HALA and/or MHA. Please provide the specific information that was discussed with attendees relating to (a) the MHA principles; and/or (b) a proposed rezone of areas zoned single family residential with in the West Seattle Junction Urban Village. Please provide the documents reflecting how the number of attendees was calculated. Please provide information as to whether the attendees then resided in the West Seattle Junction Urban Village.



Do you think it makes sense to allow buildings developers to provide or pay for affordable housing? to have one more story in exchange for

Seattle.gov

Front Porch

Department of Neighborhoods

Join Us for Livability Night Out at MOHA!

04/18/2016 by Wendy Watson



You are invited to join Mayor Ed Murray and his team to learn and talk about what makes Seattle livable. Livability Night Out will be Tuesday, April 19 from 6:30 – 8:30 p.m. at the Museum of History and Industry (860 Terry Ave N).

The evening will begin with an open house where you'll have a chance to discuss policies and proposals directly with City staff. After your questions get answered, you can enjoy Seattle's history

by visiting the rest of the museum. Then beginning at 7:15 p.m., Mayor Murray and Department Directors will present a lively update on how they see the vision of a vibrant Seattle coming through the programs they lead. The evening will finish with a Q & A with the Mayor.

Visit seattle.gov/HALA for more information on the event, as well as the Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda.





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Hey Seattle! is #BikeEver



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Christy Tobin-Presser

From:

Brand, Jesseca < Jesseca.Brand@seattle.gov>

Sent:

Tuesday, April 25, 2017 5:43 PM

To: Subject: Christy Tobin-Presser Re: Question regarding a public records request

Hi Christy,

I reached out to our PDR specialist about this question. She walked me through the process and what a "record" is and isn't. She provided for you what is possible. Some of your requests fall outside the scope because they don't have records. I will answer below and if you have other questions please reach out. It may be more effective to just ask me. I do want to explain that our processes may seem both rigid and fluid. In outreach and engagement we are running through a process and taking advantage of opportunities. Sometimes it is something we can point to and other times it was spur of the moment. I am happy to help in anyway I can.

- 1. The principles were in short, authored by many. We heard a lot early on in the process and through other planning efforts. The principles were drafted and shared among OPCD, OH and DON. The actual author was many. Then we clarified and modified over the summer. This was both in person and online.
- 2. The HALA consider it is an online dialogue and not a voting tool. We had MHA principles as well as other HALA items available from May to September.
- 3. This is where there is fluidity. We went to in person events, and online but we talked about other things there too. We have you the complete list because that is the most comprehensive.
- 4. See above, but also introduced card for those times when we were at a place that made sense.
- 5. We have provided the list of our contacts. This is opt in either by meeting sign in or on our website. There were folks who met in focus groups there was an application and process.

I am happy to have a conversation if you want, any time.

Jesseca

Sent from my iPhone

- > On Apr 25, 2017, at 3:48 PM, Christy Tobin-Presser <ctobin@bskd.com> wrote:
- > Hi Jesseca:
- > I'm not sure if you are the correct person to help me but I will ask.
- > I submitted a Public Records Request to the Department of Neighborhoods (C011994-040917) as set forth below. The only three documents that were provided in response are (1) a list of HALA meetings; (2) a copy of a Consider It Card; and (3) a contact list of people. As you can see, these are only partially (if at all) responsive to my request. Clearly there must be additional responsive documents. Do you have any suggestions on how I could get fully responsive documents? Thanks!
- > Christy

EXHIBITE

```
>
> Request
> The hala.consider.it website has a tab entitled "Feedback on Key Principles."
> Please provide documents establishing:
> (1) who authored the principles (the "Key Principles") on which individuals were asked to agree or disagree.
> (2) the period of time in which individuals were able to "vote" on the Key Principles on the hala.consider.it website.
> (3) the method by which the City provided notice to the public regarding the existence of the opportunity to provide
feedback on the Key Principles on the hala.consider.it website, for example, a physical mailer, email notice, flier, etc.
> (4) in the event the City provided notice of the opportunity to provide feedback on the Key Principles on the
hala.consider.it website by flier/handout, the events and locations, at which such flier/handout was distributed.
 > (5) the identity of any individuals to whom the City provided mail, email or telephonic notice of the existence of the
 opportunity to provide feedback on the Key Principles on the hala.consider.it website and the method by which such
 individuals were selected to receive notice.
 >
 >
 > Christy Tobin-Presser
 > Bush Kornfeld LLP
 > 601 Union Street, Suite 5000
 > Seattle, WA 98101
  > Tel. 206-292-2110
  > Fax 206-292-2104
  > e-mail: ctobin@bskd.com<mailto:ctobin@bskd.com>
  > IMPORTANT/CONFIDENTIAL: This e-mail message (and any attachments accompanying it) may contain confidential
  information, including information protected by attorney-client privilege. The information is intended only for the use of
  the intended recipient(s). Delivery of this message to anyone other than the intended recipient(s) is not intended to
  waive any privilege or otherwise detract from the confidentiality of the message. If you are not the intended recipient,
  or if this message has been addressed to you in error, do not read, disclose, reproduce, distribute, disseminate or
  otherwise use this transmission, rather, please promptly notify the sender by reply e-mail, and then destroy all copies of
  the message and its attachments, if any.
  > We inform you that to the extent this communication contains advice relating to a Federal tax issue, it is not intended
  or written to be used, and it may not be used, for (i) the purpose of avoiding any penalties that may be imposed on you
  or any other person or entity under the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) promoting or marketing to another party any
   transaction or matter addressed herein.
   >
   >
   > <Key Principles - contact_export_041117_0915.xls>
   > <HALA_Meetings_to_date_2_28_2017 (3).xlsx> <consider_it_card_single
   > (1).pdf>
```

EXHIBIT VV



epansion Orban Villages	In/Near/Outside of Urban Village	# Applied in UV	Near UV
(opased in Scittle 2005)	39		
30th & I-5 (new Urban Village proposed in Scot	tle 2035)	5	2
Janne Thomas	1n		
rin Meek	In		
eorge Yocum	ln		
inice Hougen	ln .		
ay Hubbard	Near		
Columbia City (proposed boundary expansion)		8	113 11
ob Downing	ln		
Colleen Kerr	1n		
ane Downey	Near		
Nachel Eagan	ln		
Robert Mohn	ln		
Shana Schasteen	ln .		
Crown Hill (proposed boundary expansion)	e table de la companya de la company	Serial 1988	012317.03
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	ln .		
Ann Selznick	Near		
Ben Miksch	In		
Deborah Jaquith	Near		
Im Anderson	In In		
Ratna Warouw	The second secon	9	15
Green Lake/Roosevelt (proposed boundary	expansion) Near	No. of Contract of	1
Ainsley Close		-	
Amanda Marie Pino	ln .	+	-
Andrea Tousignant	<u>ln</u>		+
Brad Steiner	<u>ln</u>		1
Garet Munger	ln ln	-	
Jenefer Monroe	Near	the same	6
North Beacon Hill (proposed boundary expo	ansion)	12	men o se
Esther "Little Dove" John	In		_
Joshua Brower	Near		
Megan Espinoza	ln		
Michael Wong	ln		
Sarah Reed	ln .		1
Yasmeen Perez	In		
Othello (proposed boundary expansion)		8	0 4
Ahmed Abdi	ln .		
Bre Welder	ln		
Carl Hightower	Near		
Idil Danan	ln .		
Jennifer Hybertz-Rau	ln .		
A COLONIA COLO	ln .		
Marti McCaleb	(1)	- 3	7
Rainier Beach (proposed boundary expansio	Near		
Kathy Johnson	Near		
Lauren Blass	Near		
Lena Williams	Near		
Matt Gouran	1,440		



UB Urban Village	In/Near/Outside of, Urban Village	inuy	Near UV
	40		
allard		20	23
II Edwards	ln .		
lannah Tang	ln		
ody Grage	ln		
idy Bouse	Near		
1elissa Lerch	Near		
Capitol Hill / Pike-Pine	RT (98 L)	46	6
dam Bejan Parast	ln	1	
Nex Brennan	In .		
Chris Maite	Near		
Hannah Smith	In		
ennifer Price	Near		
Catharine Kurfurst	In		
(rystal Correa	In		
Natalie Curtis	ln .		
Patrick Burns	In		
Sam Flsher	In		
First Hill		10	0
David Evans	I n		
Dean McBee	tn		
Sue Shaw	In		
Yemane Gebremicael	lin		
Lake City		4	6
Debadutta Dash	Near		
Derek Scheips	ln.		
Jenette Sifuentes	Near		
Mary Monroe	ln		
Shelly Cohen	ln		
Northgate	AVERTAGE STATE OF THE STATE OF	2	7
Beatrice Peaslee	In		
Isaac Mooers	ln In		
Jennifer Cells Russell	Near		
() () () () () () () () () ()	Near		
Luis Ortega Sean Paull	Near		
5221 3		6	3
University District	ln .		
Clarissa Jarem	ln.	7.5	
Drew Pollom	ln	9	
Katherine Sims	Near		
Laura Bernstein	Near		1
Vanessa Laughlin		5	9
West Seattle Junction	In		1
Greg Knoke	Outside		
Karthik Jaganathan	Near		1
Lisa Rough	In		-
Melissa Balley	ln.		-
Ryan Reese	1	NA	NA
Outside Area / At-Large	Outside	(d	

odnim Dansty Lithin Villages	In NorrOlltage pl	in uv	Ning UY
	46		
2th Ave		7	2
rie Gyncild	in In		
lendrik de Kock			A
lichael Lanthler	Near		
lathan Thomas	ln .		
imone Hamilton	ln .		9
3rd and Union-Jackson		19	,
Denechia Powell	In		
laregu Kidane	ln .		
aurie Torres	In		-
Rokea Jones	ln		
itave Sneed	Near		
Admiral		1	8
Dindy Jennings	Near		
Diane Rose Vincent	Near		
on Jurich	In		
Kara Luckey	Near	1	
Matt Hutchins	Near	0	
		7	6
Aurora-Licton Springs	In	1	
David Osaki	În .		
osh Castle	in.		
Ryan DiRalmo	Near		
Shanna Alvarez	Near	-	
Tiffany Chan	ivear	2	191
Bitter Lake Village			
Kathleen Lange	Near		-
Meghan Eagen-Torkko	In		
Peter Wehrli	Near		
Tarika Powell	Near		
Wendy Cho Ripp	Near	1	-
ChrisTiana ObeySummer	ln		
Eastlake	44.4.	6	2
Amalia Walton	Near		
Kate Dunphy	ln		
Linda Alexander	In		1
Maureen Cartano	Near		
Sarah Armstrong	In		
Fremont		5	18
Alisse Cassell	Near	Ñ	
23022	In		
Barbara Guzman	In	A fi	
Jingyang Chen	In		
Peter Hornyack	Near		
Toby Thaler	1	6	8
North Rainter	Near	7	
Andrea Akita	in		-
Jin Lee	in		
Lynn Sereda	Near Near		
Rob Harrison			1
Lisa McElroy Sweeten	In .	7	8
Uptown	1	,	
Chase Cralg	ln		
Jessica Jones	ln .		
Peter Amos	ln .		
Rick Hooper	Near		
Sasha Habash	Near		

ower Density Urban Villages	In/Near/Outside of Urban Village	# Applied in UV	# Applied Near UV
State of the state	44		
Freenwood-Phinney Ridge		3	30
ingus Davis	·ln		
iristopher Clemmons	Near		
1ary Holscher	Near		ļ
laom! Mittet	ln		+ -
handra Benito	Near	190-100 per 200	15
ladison-Miller	W. 254.545	6	13
David Cutler	Near		
Idan Goldenberg	In		
Ceri Williams	Near		
Mallory Kronlund	ln .		ļ.,
Michael Murray	ln		THE PARTY
Morgan Junction		2	9
Charles Loeffler	ln		
Cindi Barker	Near		
Dawn Gearhart	Near		
Ginnie Hance	ln .		
enny Wainstein	Near		
Ravenna	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	0	E LE
Della Mulholland	Near		
et all to the second se	Near		
Maryl Kohl	Near		
Mike Caughey	Near		
Roy Hwang	Near		
Shannon Goodwin		- 6	5
South Park	Near		
Jaqueline Garcia	In		
Katie Escudero	Near		
Mares Asfaha	ln ln		
Nancy Zugschwerdt	ln		
Sue Kershaw	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	0	13
Upper Queen Anns	Near		
Caleb Heeringa	Near		
Helen Whitlock	Near		
Maureen Caruso	Near		-1
Roger Downey	Near		-
Steve Butler	(AGE)	27.	29
Wallingford	Near		
Abel Pacheco	In		
Erin Kelly	in in		
Jamie Marle Stroble		-	
Jeffrey Linn	ln Noor		
Mahim Lakhani	Near	5	10
Westwood-Highland Park			
Aeryn Gray	ln .	-1	
Fred Matthews	ln Noon		
Gladis Clemente	Near	-	
Gunner Scott	Near		
Kim Barnes	ln	NA	NA
Outside Area / At-Large	541	NA	1300
Monica Perez (South Park)	ln .	9	
Anna Bonnett (Sand Point)	Outside		
Carson Diesz Hartmann (Magnolla)	Outside	-	_
Patricia Clemente (South Park)	Outside		