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BEFORE THE HEARING EXAMINER

CITY OF SEATTLE

In The Matter of the Appeal of:)
THE BALLARD COALITION
Of the adequacy of the Final) Hearing Examiner
Environmental Impact Statement,) File X-17-004
Prepared by the Seattle)
Department of Transportation)
for the Burke Gilman Trail)
Missing Link Project)

VERBATIM TRANSCRIPTION OF AUDIO RECORDING OF

PROCEEDINGS

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DECEMBER 1, 2017

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Heard before Ryan Vancil, Deputy Hearing Examiner for the City of Seattle, 700 Fifth Avenue, Suite 4000, Seattle, WA 98104

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2 3	000	2 3	000	
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25		25	(* Denotes phonetic spelling)	
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1	A P P E A R A N C E S	1	EXHIBIT IND	EX
2	(Continued)	2	oOo	
3 4	oOo	3	COALITION'S	ID ADMITTED
5	FOR CASCADE BICYCLE CLUB:	4	A-5	- 1402
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10	INTERVENOR:	11 12	R-31 1 R-32	283 - - 1294
11	MATTHEW COHEN	13		- 1294 291 1399
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1 2 3 4			Page 1282
3	DECEMBER 1, 2017	1	Q. I'm going to pause. I'm sorry.
	MORNING SESSION	2	A. Yeah, no problem.
4	000	3	MR. KISIELIUS: Could we please mark
т	THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.	4	this?
5	We're back on the record. We are still with the	5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yes. And this
6	city with city witness, Schultheiss, and it's	б	will be R-30.
7	still your witness, Mr. Kisielius.	7	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-30 MARKED FOR
8	MR. KISIELIUS: Thank you. And	8	IDENTIFICATION)
9	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Are there any	9	MR. KISIELIUS: Thank you.
10	procedural items we need to address first?	10	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
11	MR. KISIELIUS: Just a scheduling	11	Q. Just for the record, you're now referring
12	snafu from the city's standpoint. One of our	12	to R-30.
13	witnesses that we intended to call today is sick and	13	A. Correct.
14	unavailable, so we've talked to the counsel for the	14	Q. Didn't mean to interrupt.
15	Coalition. They're amenable to letting him testify	15	A. This is a safety study that compared
16	on Tuesday.	16	different bike facilities in a couple cities, and
17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Uh-huh.	17	they found evidence that basically all bike
18	MR. KISIELIUS: And we expect, at	18	facilities were safer than existing conditions of
19	least from the direct, that that would be a very	19	shared lanes.
20	short amount is.	20	Q. Okay.
21	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Great. Thank		MR. KISIELIUS: I'd ask to have that
22	for letting me know. It seems like we've still got	22	entered.
23	time to hopefully, nothing more like that	23	MR. SCHNEIDER: No objection.
24	happens, and we'll be pushing Tuesday off the chart.	24	MR. COHEN: No objection.
25	Anything else? All right.	25	THE HEARING EXAMINER: R-30 is
	Page 1281		Page 1283
1	MR. KISIELIUS: Good morning,	1	admitted.
2	Mr. Schultheiss.	2	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-30 ADMITTED)
3	THE WITNESS: Good morning.	3	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And just a		Q. And finally I'd ask you to turn to R
5	reminder, you're still under oath, Mr. Schultheiss,	5	excuse me. Tab 32 in the city's binder.
6	so we don't have to do that again.	6	MR. KISIELIUS: Which I'd ask to be
7	THE WITNESS: Yes. Absolutely.	7	marked as R-31.
8	BILL SCHULTHEISS (Resumed),	8	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm sorry.
9	called as a witness herein having been first duly.	9	That was your tab 32?
10	sworn, was examined and testified as follows:	10	MR. KISIELIUS: Correct.
11	DIRECT EXAMINATION (Resumed)	11	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. And
12	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	12	it's R-31?
13	Q. We were wrapping up your discussion	13	MR. KISIELIUS: Yes. Yes.
14	yesterday of various studies. I just want to ask	14 15	THE HEARING EXAMINER: 32 is 31.
15 16	you about two more very briefly. I'm asking I think the city's binder is still in front of you	15 16	Actually, you hit the 29 right on the nose.
16 17	think the city's binder is still in front of you.	10	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-31 MARKED FOR
	Can you turn to tab 31, please?	18	IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS:
17 18	A. Okay.	10	
18	Q. I'm going to I'd like to ask you	20	Q. So, again, given the subject matter here being bicycle safety, can you tell us what this
18 19	the subject matter of this it's obviously you've	<u>ک</u> U	being bicycle safety, can you ten us what uns
18 19 20	the subject matter of this, it's obviously you've	21	
18 19 20 21	talked a lot about bicycle safety.	21 22	study addresses?
18 19 20 21 22	talked a lot about bicycle safety. Can you tell us what aspect of bicycle	22	study addresses? A. This study was a unique study that was
18 19 20 21	talked a lot about bicycle safety.		study addresses?

3 (Pages 1280 to 1283)

	Page 1284		Page 1286
1	increase of awareness. That has been contested by	1	activity's occurring.
2	that sort of strand of bicyclists as opposed to	2	Q. Okay. That's actually a good segway.
3	being separated from traffic for many years, despite	3	I want to ask you about Ms. Hirschey's
4	the fact that numerous studies have shown this	4	suggestion that two way the contraflow paths are
5	effect.	5	always more dangerous than other alternative
6	And one of the criticisms has been that	6	designs. Do you agree with that?
7	there's too many confounding factors to prove that	7	A. No. The weight of the evidence doesn't
8	point. And what's interesting about this study is	8	support the assertion that a two-way side path is
9	the first one where there were no confounding	9	more dangerous than all alternatives. It's it's
10	factors.	10	too broad of a statement.
11	Q. What does that mean, confounding factor?	11	Q. Well, what do you mean by that?
12	A. So, basically, they said, well, you've	12	A. It's not safe for them in the existing
13	added bike lanes and maybe, yeah, it shows it's	13	conditions of shared lanes.
14	safer, but more people live in the city. Maybe they	14	Q. Okay.
15	took an education class. You can't prove any of	15	A. I mean, her statements and the statements
16	these things. And it's just a tactic that they've	16	that have been kind of said all week by the various
17	used for years to dismiss every study that shows	17	witnesses are very definitive. It's more dangerous
18	bike facilities are safer.	18	than all other choices, and that's not supported by
19	So this study, which was good about it,	19	the evidence.
20	powerful of it, is the only thing that changed in	20	Q. Okay. So let's talk about this specific
21	the City of Seville, Spain in one year is they added	21	instance.
22	a 36-mile network of of bike lanes. They're	22	Can you assess whether those types of
23	primarily two way, separated bike lanes throughout	23	facilities would be safer in this specific context?
24	the city.	24	A. I believe in this context it would be
25	And what they found is that increased	25	substantially safer than the existing condition of
	Page 1285		Page 1287
1	bicycle traffic from one percent to five percent,	1	operating the shared lane.
2	and you had an immediate improvement in safety for	2	Q. Well, what factors do you take into
3	bicyclists. And those gains have held for seven	3	consideration?
4	years following this study.	4	A. Truck volume, traffic volume, just the
5	Q. Let me ask you, because you mentioned	5	weight of the evidence for the past 40 years has
6	that on this study, and there's been a couple	6	shown a consistent trend that bicyclists operating
7	others.	7	in mixed traffic have a higher risk of crash.
8	To the extent that any of the studies	8	Q. And if you were to separate and go and
9	addressed a specific kind of set aside bicycle	9	eliminate the contraflow such that you're putting
10	facility, how do those studies apply to the project	10	traffic on opposite sides of the street, what would
11	that we're talking about here, that's a multi-use	11	you need to think about to assess the risk of those
12	path?	12	movements?
13	A. Well, this this is a separated	13	A. I want to make sure I understand your
14	facility for bikes being separate from traffic. The	14	question.
15	Seville, Spain network was primarily two-way	15	If we were to separate the contraflow to
16	facilities on one side of the street, then the one	16	make it one way on each side of the street?
17	side of one-way streets, and one side of two-way	17	Q. Yes. Yeah.
18	streets.	18	A. So, if we made a pair of one way bike
19	In my discussions with people that have	19	paths or cycle tracks, that would eliminate the
20	visited Seville said that most of those cycle tracks	20	contraflow challenge, which, you know, the research
21	were on two-way streets with traffic operations	21	has shown and I've said that it has shown, there's
22	similar to the shoulder in Ballard.	22	elevated risk of the contraflow movement for bicycle
23	Q. So is it relevant to the question of the	23	crash for that movement, but the reality is there
23	-		
23 24 25	risk of contraflow movements? A. Yes. It's implicit in that that same	24 25	it's a trade off decision of well, what does that entail?

4 (Pages 1284 to 1287)

1			
1	Page 1288		Page 1290
-	So, if I go one way on both sides, maybe	1	preferred alternative.
2	I've reduced the risk that elevated risk of two	2	How do those compare in your estimation,
3	way on one side, but have I introduced other risk	3	in your opinion?
4	factors that could outweigh that. So, in the	4	A. So, the the proposed proposal in
5	context of this choice, you have to look at, well,	5	the ERS of the two-way side path on the south side
6	how many driveways are on the other side of the	6	of Shilshole, that southern alignment and along
7	street, how many road intersections on the other	7	Market Street. I've been kind of saying Shilshole,
8	side of the street. So on the south side of	8	but obviously it goes to other streets.
9	Shilshole, there's only one signal light street	9	So the difference is in the existing
10	crossing. Signals have an elevated risk for all	10	conditions today that bicyclists is exposed to
11	users of crashes, and five uncontrolled crossings of	11	conflict continuously throughout their entire
12	streets, so six total street crossings, 37	12	journey along the street as well as extra conflicts
13	driveways. Again, these facts are based on what was		at some of the intersections with other streets.
14	reported in the EIS.	14	So, on the south side when it becomes a
15	On the north side of the street, we have	15	separation of the path, those conflicts have been
16	nine uncontrolled street crossings, five signals.	16	constrained and limited to the driveways, so that's
17	So compared to the south side, the north side has	17	a substantial reduction of conflicts to the existing
18	eight additional street intersections bicycles would	18	conditions.
19	have to cross. And it also has 17 additional	18 19	Q. Okay. There have been some statements
20	driveways among it's along it. So now we've	20	that there about the lack of research that shows
20		20 21	the risk of contraflow that the risk of
21	adopted, as I stated yesterday, intersections with	21	
	streets where 80 percent of intersection crashes		contraflow movements can be mitigated.
23	occur with bikes, and we've added eight of them.	23	Are you familiar with that?
24	The other thing is, not factored into	24	A. I think the statements are that there's
25	this decision is what is the volume of traffic	25	no I mean, it's been asserted that there's not a
	Page 1289		Page 1291
1	turning across your path. It's it's higher in	1	single study that shows you can do anything to
2	many instances on this on the north side because	2	mitigate the contraflow crash.
3	of the streets have more traffic than most of the	3	Q. Do you agree with that?
4	driveways do on the south side.	4	A. I don't agree with that.
5	Q. Let's go back to you said earlier about	5	Q. Okay. Why?
6	the acknowledging that there's a higher risk with	6	A. Because there is research that is and
7	contraflow movement. I guess I want you to focus	7	I've provided it
8	in. What higher risk than what?	8	Q. Let's turn to tab 30 in your book.
9	A. Well, the Boulder study's a good example.	9	THE ASSISTANT: To which tab?
	I mean, it was a good study. And so, as I	10	MR. KISIELIUS: 30, 3-0. And I'd ask
10	· , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
10 11	referenced vesterday, there were 80 crashes on side	11	for that to be marked.
11	referenced yesterday, there were 80 crashes on side paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so	11 12	for that to be marked.
11 12	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so		for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32.
11 12 13	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at	12 13	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank
11 12 13 14	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the	12 13 14	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you.
11 12 13 14 15	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show	12 13	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FO
11 12 13 14 15 16	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The	12 13 14 15 16	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION)
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be it	12 13 14 15 16 17	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be if you were in the street. And all of the evidence	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS: Q. Is this the study you were referring to?
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be if you were in the street. And all of the evidence supports clearly that all types of bike facilities	12 13 14 15 16 7 17 18 19	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FO IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS: Q. Is this the study you were referring to? A. Yeah, so, you know, it was asserted that
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be if you were in the street. And all of the evidence supports clearly that all types of bike facilities are safer than operating in the street.	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS: Q. Is this the study you were referring to? A. Yeah, so, you know, it was asserted that there's not one single study that proves you can
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be if you were in the street. And all of the evidence supports clearly that all types of bike facilities are safer than operating in the street. Q. So I want you to in the context of	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS: Q. Is this the study you were referring to? A. Yeah, so, you know, it was asserted that there's not one single study that proves you can mitigate the crash, and it's not true factually,
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be if you were in the street. And all of the evidence supports clearly that all types of bike facilities are safer than operating in the street. Q. So I want you to in the context of Shilshole here, I want you to consider the extent to	12 13 14 15 16 7 17 18 19 20 21 22	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS: Q. Is this the study you were referring to? A. Yeah, so, you know, it was asserted that there's not one single study that proves you can mitigate the crash, and it's not true factually, because this study that I provided shows that
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be if you were in the street. And all of the evidence supports clearly that all types of bike facilities are safer than operating in the street. Q. So I want you to in the context of Shilshole here, I want you to consider the extent to which a cyclist is exposed to conflicts under	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS: Q. Is this the study you were referring to? A. Yeah, so, you know, it was asserted that there's not one single study that proves you can mitigate the crash, and it's not true factually, because this study that I provided shows that there's this study, plus it references other
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	paths, 54 were in the contraflow direction, so two-thirds. So that's kind of has been spoken at two to three more times crashes occurring in the contraflow direction. And a lot of studies show that. But, again, it's compared to what. The baseline needs to be compared to what would it be if you were in the street. And all of the evidence supports clearly that all types of bike facilities are safer than operating in the street. Q. So I want you to in the context of Shilshole here, I want you to consider the extent to	12 13 14 15 16 7 17 18 19 20 21 22	for that to be marked. THE ASSISTANT: R-32. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION) BY MR. KISIELIUS: Q. Is this the study you were referring to? A. Yeah, so, you know, it was asserted that there's not one single study that proves you can mitigate the crash, and it's not true factually, because this study that I provided shows that

5 (Pages 1288 to 1291)

	Page 1292		Page 1294
1	crash. You know, you can't eliminate crashes.	1	MR. KISIELIUS: I'd ask for R-31 to
2	You're dealing with human beings and things happen	2	be admitted.
3	But you can reduce the risk of the crash through	3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: 32.
4	some countermeasures and this identifies two	4	MR. KISIELIUS: 32, excuse me.
5	specific countermeasures within the research that we	5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Any objection
6	found to be effective. One being offsetting the	6	(No audible response.) R-32 is admitted.
7	path of travel for bicyclists away from the travel	7	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-32 ADMITTED)
8	lane, so you can improve the reaction time of	8	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
9	drivers turning and reacting to the bicyclists in	9	Q. Mr. Schultheiss, I'm going to ask you now
10	their path. The other is actually raising up the	10	to talk a little bit about the conflict diagrams
11	crossing from street level so that you're slowing	11	that Ms. Hirschey discussed. So I think you still
12	down the driver, which increases the propensity to	12	have in front of you A-3, for the record, and I
13	yield. And so they show crash reductions with both	13	think that's in our tabs. Their internal reference
14	of those strategies.	14	was 311.16. It's going to be towards, I think, the
15	Q. Okay. I want to ask you about another	15	end of that. I'll give you a specific page number
16	statement in Ms. Hirschey's memo. "The industry	16	in just a second.
17	design guidelines consistently indicate that bicycle	17	A. I found it.
18	pedestrian vehicles facilities should be implemented	18	Q. Okay. I need to find it.
19	on streets with fewer conflicts as a safety	19	A. Attachment two at the very back? You're
20	consideration."	20	referring to this drawing?
21	Do you agree with that statement?	21	Q. I am. And if you just give me a minute
22	A. I do agree. That's in the NACTO Guide.	22	because I need to find my copy. My computer's
23	Q. Okay. And is does that should that	23	acting up.
24	be interpreted as something that is preclusive of	24	(Pause in proceedings.)
25	using two-way facilities?	25	MR. KISIELIUS: There we go. I think
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1	A. No. And the reason that guidance is in	1	it was chewing on your thumb drive, Josh. All
2	there is to call your attention to the fact that an	2	dressed for the delay.
3	ideal facility would have zero conflicts. You know,	3	(Pause in proceedings.)
4	it would be a path through the woods, you know.	4	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
5	That's where we'd all like to be, but that's not	5	Q. All right. I'm here now.
6	possible in the real world. You know, and, again,	6	Okay. Let's talk about just the general
7	as I'm saying, you know, we can look at statistics	7	approach to using this conflict points. And
8	and say, well the safest facility in Seattle is I-5	8	actually that looks to be kind of truncated there in
9	for cyclists. There's no crashes on the interstate.	9	your version.
10	Well, no one rides there. So, the reality is	10	A. It's it's fine.
11	there's going to be points of conflict between	11	MR. SCHNEIDER: That's obviously a
12	people traveling in different roads. The question	12	printing error.
13	is what can we do to address them and minimize the	13	MR. KISIELIUS: That's okay. I
14	risk if a conflict occurs. And so, the NACTO Guide	14	understand.
15	really does a good job of explaining that you need	15	Is it at all possible to get that up
16	to be aware of the elevated risk of the contraflow	16	on the screen, Josh? The one he's looking at is
17	movement. It provides a list of considerations you	17	shrunken.
18	need to think about as you're doing a design to	18	MR. BROWER: I'm sorry, I can't use
19	manage them. But it doesn't specify a specific	19	my I'm actually using my computer today.
20	number and say, if you have X numbers of driveways,		MR. KISIELIUS: Okay.
21	don't build it, because it recognizes the fact	21	MR. BROWER: Well, we can you can
22	and, again, I helped write it based on research	22	he's welcome to look at this version.
23	that there's things that you can do to mitigate	23	MR. KISIELIUS: That would be great.
24	these challenges and it's safer than the existing	24	MR. BROWER: Okay. (Simultaneous
25	conditions typically of shared streets.	25	speaking.)

6 (Pages 1292 to 1295)

	Page 1296		Page 1298
1	MR. KISIELIUS: I was going to say,	1	showing bicyclists?
2	the examiner's	2	A. Well, on the path, but it's not going to
3	MR. BROWER: version as well.	3	show the existing conditions for bicyclists in the
4	THE WITNESS: I mean, if you show it	4	road, which, you know, I think if we're making a
5	to me, I'm fine. Just I recognize it. That's	5	comparison, which this project is supposed to do is
6	fine.	6	existing conditions or proposed conditions which
7	MR. BROWER: Maybe the hearing	7	would fully evaluate the existing conditions. And
8	this is what it should look like. We'll provide	8	so the existing conditions doesn't show any detail
9	MR. BROWER: I apologize, that	9	about where bicyclists are operating. But I would
10	MR. KISIELIUS: Oh, all right. So do	10	just say that, you know, she referenced a
11	we are we going to substitute	11	Massachusetts DOT bike line guide, which I helped
12	MR. BROWER: Yeah, we'll	12	author, in a way that would show conflicts and that
13	MR. KISIELIUS: the page?	13	document is the reality is if a bicyclist is
14	MR. BROWER: Yep.	14	operating in the street as shown, there's no
15	MR. KISIELIUS: All right.	15	guarantee that they don't you know, we're as wide
16	A. I'm comfortable. I understand the	16	as a person sitting here, two feet wide, the car is
17	drawing.	17	six and eight feet wide. They take up the full
18	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	18	width of the lane, and that's why you can have these
19	Q. Okay. So is can you is this	19	simplistic conflict drivers where they hit each
20	approach these specifically called out conflict	20	other because they take up the space.
21	points, is that consistent with industry practice?	21	In reality, a bicyclist isn't necessarily
22	A. This is consistent with industry practice	22	operating like a car. They're not in the middle of
23	for evaluating conflict points for vehicles on the	23	the lane. They could be beside the car, on the
24	roadway.	24	right, which is very nice common practice of how
25	Q. Okay. Can you talk, though, about is	25	bicyclists ride. And when they turn, they're not
23		25	
	Page 1297	_	Page 1299
1	there anything missing from this analysis, in your	1	going to necessarily turn in the exact same manner
2	estimation?	2	as a vehicle does.
3	A. Well, this this analysis is specific	3	So the conflicts are infinite. This
4	to a bike and pedestrian traffic, so the issues at	4	doesn't show parking.
5	hand in this case seem to be focused on	5	Q. And when you say I'm just going to
6	bicycle/pedestrian safety.	6	pause to you again, when you say "conflicts are
7	So when we look at the drawing, the car's	7	infinite," you're talking about conflicts where?
8	hitting each other in the intersection. Each circle	8	A. Conflict in the street between a car and
9	represents a type of potential crash. Each of those	9	a bicyclist can potentially occur anywhere. So
10	straight lines, you know, the solid dark line in	10	that's not communicated in this drawing. There's
11	what's communicated as being the road, which	11	really no way to communicate that.
12	connects those circles with the cars and them is the	12	So, unless this is a DOT project design
13	path of travel as you driving along the road, so	13	guideline, when she talked were mitigating risk for
14	there's a path going straight, you know, eastbound,	14	cyclist, we talked about a core principal of
15	westbound, and turning. And everywhere you draw th		minimizing exposure to motorized traffic, and so we
16	line turning across the path of another vehicle,	16	should have diagrams that show in color the entire
17	that's a potential conflict point.	17	space of the road as a conflict area, and she
18	And so that's why I believe Ms. Hirschey	18	doesn't include that in here analysis. She
19	as a drawing on there that note of the type of crash	19	references it, but she didn't show a diagram of
20	that can occur, a car side swiping, a car rear	20	that.
21	ending, an angle type crash, so that's depicted	21	And so if we just take it at face value
	accurately in the drawing.	22	and we say, well, if we'll just accept it at face value and there's bikes there the same as a car,
22	I no thing that's not showing is where a	23	value and there's blkes there the same as a car
23	The thing that's not showing is where a		
	bicyclist in this street. It's not shown Q. Let let me pause there. Because it's	24 25	which we know is not true, there's 32 conflict potentials at an intersection, which is industry

7 (Pages 1296 to 1299)

	Page 1300		Page 1302
1	practice for cars hitting cars. We go from 32	1	A. Yes.
2	conflicts at an intersection to many fewer at a	2	Q. And is that the case even though the
3	driveway.	3	specific design treatments were not identified at
4	Q. Okay. I want to ask you about your	4	specific locations?
5	familiarity with the concept of a design vehicle.	5	A. Yes. Because the the specific design
6	A. Yes, I'm familiar with that.	6	treatments that are at issue here really is the
5 7	Q. We've heard testimony over the last	7	design treatments at the driveways, you know,
8	couple days, Mr. Phillips in particular testified	8	whether they're raised or not. And it was called
9	about the distinction between a designing for and	9	out clearly that they would all be raised unless
10	accommodating.	10	there was unique issues like with Lowboy trailers,
11	Are you familiar with that testimony?	11	which has been identified at the marina.
12	A. Yes.	12	And so they're going to be able to
13		13	
	Q. And do you agree with his explanation?	$13 \\ 14$	resolve them at almost all of the driveways where
14	A. I did. It was accurate.		Lowboys are not required. And so that now resolves
15	Q. So, can in terms of selecting the	15	and addresses one of the known safety issue of the
16	design vehicle, I think we heard Mr. Phillips	16	contraflow movement.
17	testify about Seattle standard.	17	Q. Let me ask you more generally because,
18	Are you aware of any other standards that	18	you know, you said you reviewed the transportation
19	address design vehicles and selection of them?	19	impact analysis.
20	A. We understood New York has guidance, the	20	Do you agree with the methodologies used
21	NACTO Design Guide has guidance that speaks to	21	in the analysis in those sections?
22	choosing design vehicles that have, you know, very	22	A. Of the EIS?
23	frequent occurrence. Again, in the interest of	23	Q. Yes.
24	balancing that that balance of safety versus	24	A. Yes.
25	complete access, as we've been testifying all week,	25	Q. And do you agree with the conclusions in
	Page 1301		Page 1303
1	and the other experts have testified and the	1	the EIS regarding transportation and safety?
2	witnesses for the design have testified, that's	2	A. Yes.
3	something that we all work with collectively to make	3	Q. Okay. And have you heard anything in the
4	sure that we're creating a safe an infrastructure as	4	Coalition's expert testimony or read anything in
5	possible to manage conflicts. And it doesn't mean	5	their documentation that causes you to question the
6	designing the largest possible driveways and street	б	analysis or conclusions in the EIS?
7	intersections for the largest possible vehicle	7	A. No.
8	because it may occur once a year.	8	MR. KISIELIUS: Thank you. I don't
9	So that's the difference between making	9	have any further questions.
10	that distinction between accommodating, which was	10	THE WITNESS: Okay.
11	shown in the auto turn, on how they can manage the	11	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Brower
12	driveways versus choosing an appropriate design	12	MR. BROWER: Thank you.
13	vehicle that is routinely designed for so that it	13	CROSS-EXAMINATION
14	turns within its lane, stays within its lane. If	14	BY MR. BROWER:
15	it's without encroaching on other travel lanes.	15	Q. Good morning, Mr. Schultheiss.
16	Q. Okay. Let me ask you a question about	16	A. Good morning.
17	the you testified that you had looked at the	17	Q. You've never worked on a SEPA EIS, have
18	design that was the basis of the EIS. Do you feel	18	you?
19	like there was adequate design to be able to assess	19	A. I have not.
20	1 0	20	
20 21	the transportation safety issues of this potential	20 21	
21 22	project?	21 22	based on your participation in preparing one EA or
	A. Yes.		EIS; isn't that correct?
23	Q. Do you believe there was adequate detail	23	A. Correct. I think as I recall, I worked
24	to assess potential conflicts between motorized an	24 25	on one, and it's turned out. I looked back. I
25	nonmotor sides transportation?	25	worked on two.

8 (Pages 1300 to 1303)

	Page 1304		Page 1306
1	Q. So the statement that you just made that	1	through 25, I asked you a question, "Since 2000
2	this EIS is sufficient to disclose the impacts under	2	2015 or 2016, have you been back out to the study
3	SEPA is not based on any experience with Washington	3	area that's included in the IS?"
4	State's SEPA statute because you've never worked on	4	MR. KISIELIUS: I'm going to object
5	any SEPA EIS, have you?	5	to here because I think the question asked you
6	A. My statement was in	6	are implying that you had asked question whether he
7	Q. No. No?	7	had been back since 2005.
8	A response to	8	MR. BROWER: Oh, I'm sorry.
9	Q. You've never worked on a SEPA EIS, have	9	A. There's something in that.
10	you?	10	BY MR. BROWER:
11	A. I'm sorry, you asked a long question.	11	Q. Maybe I I misspoke.
12	Q. I know, but I'm going to shorten it. Let	12	Have you been back since 2015 so
13	me so you're you're judging the sufficiency of	13	you've spent one hour since 2015 or 2016; is that
14	a Washington State SEPA EIS, but you've never used	14	correct?
15	Washington state's SEPA, have you?	15	A. Yeah. You you'd you'd said since
16	A. I wasn't judging the SEPA requirements.	16	2005 or '6.
17	I was judging whether the facility would be safer	17	Q. On my question to you.
18	than the existing conditions.	18	A. The first time. I've been here multiple
19	Q. I think you just said that you think the	19	times since 2005. But since last year, I've been
20	disclosure was adequate under SEPA, didn't you?	20	in the last two years, 2015 and '16, I've been out
21	A. I did not.	20	there twice. I was out there for one hour as I I
22	Q. Okay. And, Mr. Schultheiss, you're a	22	talked to you in the deposition with Mr. *Donho
23	partner in your firm, aren't you?	23	Cheng when we drove the corridors.
24	A. Yes.	24	Q. And that's that was the one hour you
25	Q. And that means you share in the profits?	25	spent related to this
		20	
	Page 1305	_	Page 1307
1	A. Yes.	1	A. It's
2	Q. So you're actually profiting from the	2	Q project?
3	work that Tool Design is doing for SDOT on the	3	A like a couple days prior to the
4	design of this *Missing Link right now, aren't you?	4	deposition.
5	A. Yes, I am.	5	Q. It was a Tuesday, you said.
6	Q. And as of do you remember I took your	6	A. I possibly.
7	deposition on November 9th?	7	Q. And so you drove it for one hour with
8	A. Yes.	8	*Donho Cheng?
9	Q. And I believe you told me that as of	9	A. Correct.
10	November 9th, you had spent all of one hour driving	10	Q. And he's a friend of yours, isn't he?
11	around the project area since about 2005 or 2006;	11	A. He's a colleague of mine, yes.
12	isn't that correct?	12	Q. And you didn't while you were driving,
13	A. That's not what I said.	13	you didn't get out of the car and walk at all, did
14	Q. Okay. Let's go look at it.	14	you?
15	A. Is there a place I can look?	15	A. No.
16	Q. I'm getting yes. I had it yesterday.	16	Q. And you didn't get out of the car and
17	MR. BROWER: Would you please open	17	talk to any businesses, did you?
18	this? There's a seal on the other side. You can	18	A. Did not do that.
19	break it.	19	Q. And you didn't get out of the car and
20	A. Okay.	20	talk to any bicyclist or pedestrians along the way.
21	BY MR. BROWER:	21	A. I did not do that.
22	Q. If you'd please turn to page 28. Are you	22	Q. I believe then you and I were talking
23	there?	23	during your deposition, I asked you about the
24	A. Okay. I've got it open.	24	methodology that you generally use when you're being
25	Q. So if you'll see on page 28, lines 24	25	asked to design a trail, and I think you said that

9 (Pages 1304 to 1307)

	Page 1308		Page 1310
1	you often go out yourself or with your staff and	1	back, I think I said, two to three times every year
2	you'll walk the route; is that correct?	2	basically for the last 10 years.
3	A. That's correct.	3	Q. So every time you've been here, you've
4	MR. COHEN: Hold on a second. I want	4	been a professional consultant being paid by SDOT to
5	to object. I think the witness was trying to answer	5	work on an SDOT project.
6	Mr. Brower's question as to how many times he'd beer		A. That is my job.
7	out there, and I believe he did not have a chance to	7	Q. Yet you sit here today as a neutral
8	finish that answer.	8	expert.
9	MR. BROWER: He answered the question	9	A. I am an expert providing my honest
10	I asked him, Mr. Cohen.	10	opinion.
11	MR. COHEN: No, I don't think he did,	11	Q. Okay. As a neutral expert.
12	actually.	12	A. Yes.
13	MR. BROWER: You're welcome to ask	13	Q. Okay. But up until your testimony today,
14	him a different question when	14	your entire involvement has been working for SDOT
15	MR. COHEN: I think did you did	15	A. That's what I do.
	-	15 16	
16	you finish your answer?		Q. Okay. And on the Vision Zero plan, the
17	THE WITNESS: No, but	17	people you were talking about, I think you said that
18	THE HEARING EXAMINER: We'll let him	18	you on that one, you were looking at the most
19	finish then if there was an additional	19	dangerous intersections in Seattle; is that correct?
20	A. And so I was out there, as I	20	A. We were looking at intersections that had
21	acknowledged, with Donho for the one hour, and I	21	exhibited high risk elevated risk
22	didn't talk to anybody. We just drove the	22	Q. Okay.
23	corridors. And then I was out there the year prior	23	A that qualified, and I may have even
24	for the Visions Zero work when I went and assessed,	24	misstated and said most dangerous, but that showed
25	and we talked about that.	25	elevated risk of crashes for people walking and
	Page 1309		Page 1311
1	BY MR. BROWER:	1	bicycling.
2	Q. Yeah.	2	Q. Sure. But you weren't here in 2015 or
3	A. Market and Leary. Market and Shilshole	3	
			2016 to work on the Missing Link EIS.
4	24, and so those are part of the project area. So I	4	2016 to work on the Missing Link EIS. A. The focus of that was Vision Zero
4 5	24, and so those are part of the project area. So I was out there for a number of hours at that time		A. The focus of that was Vision Zero
5	was out there for a number of hours at that time	4 5 6	A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project.
5 6	was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors.	5 6	A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project.Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing
5 6 7	was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by	5 6 7	A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project.Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link.
5 6 7 8	was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time.	5 6 7 8	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing
5 6 7 8 9	was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors.We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time.Q. And that was and I I think the	5 6 7 8 9	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link.
5 6 7 8 9 10	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe
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5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes.
5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were here in 2005 as part of the bike plan. 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail. Q. Right. And you also told me that your
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were here in 2005 as part of the bike plan. A. Right. 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail. Q. Right. And you also told me that your firm is unique in that you like to actually stop and
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were here in 2005 as part of the bike plan. A. Right. Q. And you also came back and worked on the 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail. Q. Right. And you also told me that your firm is unique in that you like to actually stop and talk to people along the trail; is that correct?
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were here in 2005 as part of the bike plan. A. Right. Q. And you also came back and worked on the Westlake cycle track, didn't you? 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail. Q. Right. And you also told me that your firm is unique in that you like to actually stop and talk to people along the trail; is that correct? A. That's correct.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were here in 2005 as part of the bike plan. A. Right. Q. And you also came back and worked on the Westlake cycle track, didn't you? A. Correct. 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail. Q. Right. And you also told me that your firm is unique in that you like to actually stop and talk to people along the trail; is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that would would that include both
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were here in 2005 as part of the bike plan. A. Right. Q. And you also came back and worked on the Westlake cycle track, didn't you? A. Correct. Q. And then you came back and you worked on 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail. Q. Right. And you also told me that your firm is unique in that you like to actually stop and talk to people along the trail; is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that would would that include both property owners and business owners as well as
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 was out there for a number of hours at that time observing traffic behaviors, bicyclist behaviors. We did talk to some pedestrians that were passing by at that time. Q. And that was and I I think the confusion was that I wrote down in my notes 2005 and 2006 when you and I did talk about, during your deposition, the work you did for Vision Zero in 2015 and 2016 A. Right. Q correct? A. In '05, I was part of the bike plan. Q. That's why I got confused. So you were here in 2005 as part of the bike plan. A. Right. Q. And you also came back and worked on the Westlake cycle track, didn't you? A. Correct. 	5 6 7 8 9 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 A. The focus of that was Vision Zero project. Q. So no, it wasn't related to *Missing Link. A. So it was not specific to the Missing Link. Q. So, again, going back to the questions that I was asking you, the methodology you use whe you're asked to design a trail is you go out and you walk the trail. A. Correct. Q. And you take maps and you take notes. A. That's when I'm working on the design of a trail. Q. Right. And you also told me that your firm is unique in that you like to actually stop and talk to people along the trail; is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that would would that include both

10 (Pages 1308 to 1311)

	Page 1312		Page 1314
1	A. We do that when we can, yes.	1	A. Mr. Wilson's a planner, and Ms. Carry's
2	Q. But you didn't do any of that here, did	2	an advocate.
3	you, related to Missing Link?	3	Q. Okay. And what about Mr. Forrester?
4	A. For this project, my role was not to	4	A. He is an industrial engineer.
5	design the trail but to assess the work of the EIS	5	Q. But would I think you characterized
6	and the reports of the experts.	6	him as a bicycle advocate as well, didn't you?
7	Q. So your answer is no, you didn't do any	7	A. Mr. Forrester is a creator and advocate,
8	of that work.	8	and he asserts himself as an expert witness in bike
9	A. That's correct.	9	safety.
10	Q. Do you remember Mr. Bishop's testimony	10	Q. So but you don't agree with the
11	where he said that he didn't think the Chicagoland	11	advocacy positions of those groups.
12	study was based on science? Do you remember him	12	A. I didn't agree with the way that I
13	saying that?	13	didn't have a problem with people saying, hey, bikes
14	A. I think I recall he may have said that.	14	belong in the road, they can advocate it all they
15	Q. And did he just say that the Chicagoland	15	want. I have a problem when they misstate research
16	study and framework was just a tool for	16	to achieve their you know, their preferred
17	comparatively assessing risk between one mode versu	s 17	objective.
18	another or one route versus another?	18	Q. So, getting back to the question I was
19	A. He may have said that.	19	asking you.
20	Q. Do you know of any study that is based on	20	Do you know of any methodology that's
21	science that does what the Chicagoland study does?	21	being developed to assess the risk of a side path
22	A. There's no study that evaluates site path	22	that you believe is based on science?
23	safety risk.	23	A. There isn't one.
24	Q. That's based on science. There's no	24	Q. And didn't I ask you during your
25	methodology, right? Excuse me, let me back up.	25	deposition that, since you're *Ashton, why haven't
	Page 1313		Page 1315
1	So, the Chicagoland is just a	1	you guys developed one of these?
2	methodology.	2	A. Yeah, you did ask that.
3	A. It's a methodology.	3	Q. And you said you just haven't done it.
4	Q. So do you I mean, you don't like it	4	A. It's not that we just haven't done it.
5	because you don't think it's based on science.	5	It's that the scope of our work to develop a
6	A. Well, I talked to the people that	б	methodology like that for Ashton, that's not really
7	developed it and I understand that the reason they	7	what we're asked to do. We're asked to rely on
8	developed that had a purpose which had less to do	8	research projects that others have developed that
9	with making a real actual choice between a side path	9	are peer reviewed to meet if we're going to put a
10	or bike lane or the street and that they were trying	10	methodology at step 1 through step 10, that has to
11	to achieve an objective of kind of forcing the	11	be based on some peer reviewed research, and that
12	agency's hands to go bike lanes instead of side	12	doesn't exist.
13	paths.	13	Q. And you heard that Ms. Hirschey had her
14	Q. And I think you said that they're a	14	study peer reviewed, didn't you?
15	bicycle advocacy group, right?	15	A. She had her study peer reviewed by
16	A. They Chicagoland Bicycle Federation at	16	Mr. Bishop and Mr. *Kuznisky.
17	the time was an advocacy organization.	17	Q. No. She actually had it peer reviewed by
18	Q. And I think you also took issue with	18	an independent third-party who is paid to review it.
19	Orlando Commute study because you believe it's base		Did you hear that?
20	on some work done by a man named John Forrester; is		A. Then I guess I misunderstood who the
21	that correct?	21	third party was.
22	A. No. Influenced by him. The leadership	22	Q. Okay. So, you've walked us through a lot
23	of that organization, Nick Wilson and Carrie	23	of literature, but I don't see your name on any of
24	Caffery, are adhering to his philosophy.	24	these studies.
25	Q. And, again, are they bicycle advocates?	25	Have you published any studies or

	Page 1316		Page 1318
1	literature?	1	Q. I think you were actually posting Twitter
2	A. Of I published any literature?	2	starting the course that you've been here during
3	Q. Are you in any published studies?	3	this trial, haven't you?
4	A. I have referenced in numerous guidelines	4	A. Yeah, and I've talked about how the
5	and but research, then I guess maybe you can	5	transit system works pretty nicely here.
6	clarify that.	6	Q. Is this your Twitter feed?
7	Q. Research papers like the ones you've been	7	MR. KISIELIUS: Mr. Examiner, I'm
8	walking us through an critiquing. You don't have	8	going to object at this point. I'm not sure what
9	any research papers, do you?	9	the witness's Twitter feed has to do with anything
10	A. Correct, I don't.	10	related to this case, and also I'd I don't even
11	Q. Would you consider yourself to be a	11	know where this is going.
12	bicycle advocate?	12	MR. BROWER: It's going to impeach
13	A. No.	13	this witness's credibility based on statements that
14	Q. Do you believe that we're talking	14	he's made during his testimony because he is very
15	about the inherent you've spent a lot of time	15	prolific in what he puts on the internet, and he's a
16	talking about the safety of people operating on	16	very opinionated bicycle advocate.
17	bicycle facilities.	17	MR. KISIELIUS: You've asked the
18	Have you ever thought about are there	18	question about whether he considers himself a
19	two parts of that, both the driver and the person	19	bicycle advocate. He said no. I'm not quite sure
20	operating the nonmotorized vehicle?	20	that
21	A. Yes.	21	MR. BROWER: And I think this Twitter
22	Q. Okay. And does the relative safety	22	feed proves otherwise.
23	depend on both of them being able to do what they're	23	MR. KISIELIUS: I don't think a
24	supposed to do, operate their vehicle safely?	24	witness's Twitter feed is relevant to the issues in
25	A. Yes.	25	this case.
	Page 1317		Page 1319
1	Q. Do you believe human beings can operate a	1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: The fact that
2	car safely?	2	it's on Twitter doesn't make it not relevant, as we
3	A. I think the historical record shows it's	3	all know culturally.
4	a problem.	4	MR. BROWER: I had to swallow hard on
5	Q. But wouldn't the safety of this facility	5	that one.
6	where there's 44 driveways in 1.5 miles depend in	6	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Of course it'
7	part on the human beings operating their vehicles	7	been used quite a bit, so I the fact that it's
8	safely?	8	Twitter, I guess, is there something more that
9	A. Yeah, and that's that's the key aspect	9	for the basis.
10	of our whole transportation network for anyone doing		MR. KISIELIUS: No. I I no.
11	anything.	11	MR. COHEN: So my request is if we're
12	Q. But you don't believe human beings can	12	going to use it, could you blow it up a little so
13	operate cars safely, do you?	13	that we can all read it, including the witness?
14	A. Well, I think the reality, if you look at	14	Awesome.
15	the crash history of fatalities and injuries in this	15	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm sorry
16	country, we design a roadway system primarily for	16	MR. BROWER: Thank you.
17	driving and its roads that look like Shilshole that	17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Am I
18	have no definition, no curves, people can park	18	overruling or
19	wherever they want, and that, you know and we go	19	MR. KISIELIUS: I'll withdraw.
20	and design streets intentionally to manage	20	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Than
21 22	conflicts, slow down speeds, and get a safer	21 22	YOU.
22 23	outcome. That's that's quite proven.	22 23	BY MR. BROWER:
23 24	Q. Mr. Schultheiss, you're quite a prolific participant on Twitter, aren't you?	23 24	Q. Mr. Schultheiss, did you read your Twitter post from November 22nd, which is here on
24 25	A. Yes.	24 25	the screen?
20	11. 100.	20	

12 (Pages 1316 to 1319)

	Page 1320		Page 1322
1	A. "I think it's fair to say nobody's safe.	1	vehicles at the expense of the safety of people
2	This is why millions are killed and tens of millions	2	waking, biking, taking transit. It's had an
3	injured annually. Humans have proven to be	3	extraneous harm to livability and quality of life of
4	incapable of operating cars safely."	4	the public and that we, as a profession this is
5	Q. Thank you.	5	one of My Visions, the webinar was about yesterday,
6	I think you started talking a lot about	6	and I even
7	cycle tracks, one-way cycle facilities on Shilshole,	7	Q. I'm actually going to stop you there. I
8	didn't you, during your testimony, and we actually	8	don't I didn't ask you about your visions, your
9	have some studies that talk about cycle tracks?	9	webinar yesterday. I just asked you a simple
10	A. I think you asked you talked about	10	question about whether you have a fundamental belief
11	maybe a different choice of one way versus two-way.	11	that you can't necessarily change human behavior.
12	Q. Certainly, and the relative safety and	12	A. To finish my answer to that sorry it's
13	danger of putting a one-way facility on	13	taking so long our profession has to focus on
14	A. Right.	14	designing streets that change people's behaviors by
15	Q either side	15	slowing them down as they turn off streets by using,
16	A. Right.	16	like, raised crosswalks, for example, truck aprons,
17	Q of Shilshole.	17	so that we can actually require drivers, because to
18	A. Right.	18	do the right thing, to behave properly in an urban
19	Q. Did you look at the relative safety of	19	environment.
20	doing that on the other alternative routes?	20	Q. Aren't there two (undiscernible) in that
21	A. Did I look at the relative safety of	21	equation, the driver and the bicycle operator?
22	other alternative routes.	22	A. Yes.
23	Q. Having a one-way cycle facility on either	23	Q. So you need both of them to operate
24	side of the road on the other alternative routes.	24	safely.
25	A. I was asked to review the EIS and the	25	A. Yes.
	Page 1321		Page 1323
1	choices presented in the EIS.	1	-
2	Q. The EIS didn't look at one-way cycle	2	Q. Do you believe bicyclists obey warning signs and stop signs?
3	facilities on other routes, did it?	3	A. They do when applied in accordance with
4	A. The EIS did not look at those.	4	NATCD standards.
т 5	Q. Do you think it should have?	т 5	Q. Mr. Schultheiss, this is a video that
6	A. The purpose of the EIS project is pretty	6	you posted on your Twitter, blow it up a little bit
7	clear that it was to develop a shared-use path.	7	so everybody can read it.
8	Q. What if the objective was framed	8	A. You had a late night.
9	differently?	9	Q. Your post says, "Life in the bike lane.
10	A. Then it would have a different set of	10	Surely make you lose your mind, life in the fast
11	choices.	11	lane hash tag bike DC."
12	Q. And isn't it your opinion that you have a	12	Is this you writing?
		13	
12			A That's me biovoling ves
13 14	fundamental belief that you can't necessarily change		A. That's me bicycling, yes.
14	human behavior?	14	Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video?
14 15	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change	14 15	Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video?A. You should play it. I think if you hover
14 15 16	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change human behavior, and when I speak about it in that	14 15 16	Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video?A. You should play it. I think if you hover on it, it will play.
14 15 16 17	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change human behavior, and when I speak about it in that way, and similar to my Twitter feed, that human	14 15 16 17	Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video?A. You should play it. I think if you hover on it, it will play.Q. Yeah. Let me figure out what just
14 15 16 17 18	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change human behavior, and when I speak about it in that way, and similar to my Twitter feed, that human beings make mistakes. You can't educate and force	14 15 16 17 18	Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video?A. You should play it. I think if you hover on it, it will play.Q. Yeah. Let me figure out what just happened there. Here we go.
14 15 16 17 18 19	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change human behavior, and when I speak about it in that way, and similar to my Twitter feed, that human beings make mistakes. You can't educate and force your way to safety, that you need to be as	14 15 16 17 18 19	 Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video? A. You should play it. I think if you hover on it, it will play. Q. Yeah. Let me figure out what just happened there. Here we go. MR. COHEN: You blew up your screen
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change human behavior, and when I speak about it in that way, and similar to my Twitter feed, that human beings make mistakes. You can't educate and force your way to safety, that you need to be as engineers, we need to accept more responsibility. And I think that if we really look at all my Twitter feed, you'll see that I'm a very strong advocate for	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video? A. You should play it. I think if you hover on it, it will play. Q. Yeah. Let me figure out what just happened there. Here we go. MR. COHEN: You blew up your screen so it's probably above it. MR. BROWER: Yeah. THE WITNESS: It's kind of getting
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change human behavior, and when I speak about it in that way, and similar to my Twitter feed, that human beings make mistakes. You can't educate and force your way to safety, that you need to be as engineers, we need to accept more responsibility. And I think that if we really look at all my Twitter feed, you'll see that I'm a very strong advocate for safety and that we have not, as a profession, done a	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video? A. You should play it. I think if you hover on it, it will play. Q. Yeah. Let me figure out what just happened there. Here we go. MR. COHEN: You blew up your screen so it's probably above it. MR. BROWER: Yeah. THE WITNESS: It's kind of getting weird. If you just hit play.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	human behavior? A. I think it's very difficult to change human behavior, and when I speak about it in that way, and similar to my Twitter feed, that human beings make mistakes. You can't educate and force your way to safety, that you need to be as engineers, we need to accept more responsibility. And I think that if we really look at all my Twitter feed, you'll see that I'm a very strong advocate for	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 Q. Okay. So, I'd like to play this video? A. You should play it. I think if you hover on it, it will play. Q. Yeah. Let me figure out what just happened there. Here we go. MR. COHEN: You blew up your screen so it's probably above it. MR. BROWER: Yeah. THE WITNESS: It's kind of getting

13 (Pages 1320 to 1323)

	Page 1324		Page 1326
1	A. So this is me. Do you want me to	1	driveways. It could be helpful at intersections.
2	describe it since it was me?	2	Q. So you think we should raise the bike
3	Q. Nope, I don't. Actually, if you could	3	trail at the driveways?
4	just let me ask the questions, that would be great.	4	A. I do believe that because that's shown in
5	So this is you riding, correct?	5	research to improve safety.
б	A. That is correct.	6	Q. And did you hear Mr. Phillips's testimony
7	Q. You have a GoPro on your helmet?	7	regarding CSR?
8	A. Yes.	8	A. I was not here for all of his testimony.
9	Q. You are wearing a helmet?	9	I had to leave.
10	A. Yes.	10	Q. And do you understand that Mr. Phillips
11	Q. So you you didn't stop for this or	11	said specifically that the city will not elevate the
12	anything, it's just this is just you riding, so	12	driveway at the CRR because of the Lowboy issue?
13	if you stopped, it would be show you stopping?	13	A. I think, as I've stated in my testimony,
14	A. This is why I think it would be good for	14	that a Lowboy trailer makes it impossible to do a
15	me to explain it.	15	raised crossing.
16	Q. Well, look.	16	Q. So, at that driveway specifically, you
17	A. The video was taken at high speed.	17	wouldn't be able to apply that safety
18	Q. So	18	A. I think at that one driveway, that is
19	A. This is not realtime.	19	true, you would not be able to have a raised
20	Q. Okay.	20	crossing.
21	A. I covered about a mile in that video.	21	Q. So, I think did you describe Shilshole
22	Q. Okay. But, if you stopped, it would show	22	as a very chaotic environment?
23	you stopping, wouldn't it?	23	A. I did.
24	A. You'd hardly be able to tell, and I did	24	Q. And I think I also said that the
25	stop multiple times. This is at very high it's a	25	literature, and it was from Seville, Spain, showed a
	Page 1325		Page 1327
1	mile in eight seconds. Do you think I went that	1	pretty dramatic increase year over year of trail
2	fast?	2	usage after they completed their trail network; is
3	Q. So, did you stop at that stop sign?	3	that correct.
4	Let's go back to this. So here we have some people	4	A. That's correct.
5	coming up at a crosswalk.	5	Q. So, if the city builds a in fact,
б	A. Uh-huh.	б	research holds true, if the city builds a trail on
7	Q. And you appear to just go straight	7	Shilshole, shouldn't you expect to see a year over
8	through that?	8	year increase in usage along Shilshole?
9	A. Because we're watching video played at	9	A. You should for sure, yes.
10	extremely high speed.	10	Q. Well
11	Q. Okay. But did you stop at that stop	11	A. That's what was stated in the EIS.
12	sign?	12	Q. And so we'll be inviting vulnerable trail
13	A. Yes. I slowed down, stopped, and	13	users into what you characterize as a very chaotic
14	proceeded.	14	environment.
15	Q. It's not really what your video shows, is	15	A. That's not the correct framing because
16	it?	16	we're not inviting any (undiscernible), and this
17	A. This video is playing at very high speed,	17	space, as it exists today, which is the chaotic
18	as I mentioned. I've covered about one mile	18	environment
19	distance, and it's being played in about eight	19	Q. So
20	seconds.	20	A we need the change the environment to
21	Q. Okay. So one of the things you've	21	make it safer and predictable.
22	advocated for is raising the bike trail at	22	Q. By having a two-way side path on one side
23	intersections. And I believe you also said that	23	of the road. And parking restrictions and curb and
24	would be a good idea at driveways?	24	a narrowed street and raised driveways. It's not
25	A. I said it, you know, specifically to the	25	absent of any improvements. It's a different

14 (Pages 1324 to 1327)

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2 Q. What about the 44 industrial driveways, are they going to go away? 2 MR. BROWER: Certainly, neither do I. And do you know which page? 3 And to you know which page? 3 And do you know which page? 4 A. They will remain. 4 5 MR. KISUELUS: I can find it. 5 Q. So all of that industrial traffic and the 6 5 MR. KISUELUS: I can find it. 6 Thex will remain. 4 MR. SROWER: Just on make sure - you're going 7 withdraw the question? 7 A. That same traffic will continue to be 8 6 MR. BROWER: Like, I'd want to make 9 sure I- 7 8 there. 8 sure I- 7 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Or consid 7 11 A. Exactly. The traffic on the road and 12 11 MR. BROWER: - understand the 12 parameters of his nondisclosure, see if we can ask 13 12 there will be crossing in there instead of 15 16 THE HEARING EXAMINER: So let's ju withdraw the last question, and you're going to 14 14 there in less than 1.4 miles? 19 MR. BROWER: Perfect, 10 THE HEARING EXAMINER: So let's ju withdraw the last question, and you're going to 12 start a new line of questioning 14 MR. BROWER: Perfect, 12 MR. BROWER: Hacon 12 subject; is that - 14	<u> </u>	environment.	1	kind of
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25 deposition. I don't want to put the witness in that 25 Commute Orlando and but you went further and	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 Q. And and I think you also told me that that area used to be industrial but has been rezoned and is in the process of being redeveloped into more of a mixtuous commercial and office park; isn't that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And then the other industrial area you mentioned was in *Daonis Brooklyn? MR. KISIELIUS: At this point, I'm going to object only because what became clear through the deposition is that his involvement in that is subject to a nondisclosure agreement. So he's got an obligation of confidentiality that he cannot breach through the course of his testimony. 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 A. That I worked on that project. Q. Got it. MR. BROWER: Then I will withdraw the question because I don't think we can talk about it without putting it into the record. MR. KISIELIUS: I'm just saying, it's on page 43 if you want to MR. BROWER: Thank you. MR. KISIELIUS: Uh-huh. A. Sorry. In the deposition, I list you know, it's the first project I've had with that, so You had asked me, and I just answered the question. MR. KISIELIUS: Lines 9 through 15 (inaudible). BY MR. BROWER: Q. So yesterday you criticized

15 (Pages 1328 to 1331)

	Page 1332		Page 1334
1	you don't think it was appropriate for her to rely	1	A. Yes.
2	on Commute Orlando because you believe that it's	2	Q. Thank you.
3	biased based on the work of John Forrester; is that	3	Would you go back to the City's documents
4	correct?	4	please, R-32?
5	A. No. I said they're an unreliable primary	5	A. Okay. Let's confirm the title.
б	source because they're an advocacy organization.	6	MR. KISIELIUS: Just just for the
7	Q. But you spent a lot of time talking about	7	witness's clarification, he might be looking at the
8	Mr. Forrester.	8	tab numbers which are
9	A. It all ties back to him fundamentally.	9	MR. BROWER: Oh.
10	Q. But Ms. Hirschey didn't rely on this.	10	MR. KISIELIUS: confusing and
11	She didn't cite to Mr. Forrester in her bio	11	similar to the
12	bibliography, did she?	12	MR. BROWER: Thank you. I apologize.
13	A. I don't believe she did, no.	13	It's going to be Tab 30 but what's been admitted
14	Q. We're going to look at Volume I of the	14	into evidence as R-32.
15	appellant's notebook.	15	MR. KISIELIUS: Thank you.
16	THE HEARING EXAMINER: This says II.	16	A. I was on the wrong page, so
17	What exhibit?	17	Q. Thank you for it is hard with all the
18	MR. BROWER: A-81.	18	numbers and the tabs.
19	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. *Passinin.		A. Motor Motor Vehicle Crashes at
20	is it is that	20	Unsignalized Intersections. Is this the title
21	MR. BROWER: Yes.	21	Q. No.
22	THE HEARING EXAMINER: what we're	22	A roughly?
23	looking at?	23	Q. Road Factors and Bicycle Motor Vehicle
24	MR. KISIELIUS: Mr. Brower, I'm	24	Crashes at Unsignalized
25	sorry. What what exhibit number are you on?	25	A. Okay. We're on the same one.
	Page 1333		
			Page 1335
1	Ū.	1	Page 1335 O. Wonderful.
1 2	MR. BROWER: A-81.	1 2	Q. Wonderful.
2	MR. BROWER: A-81. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.	2	Q. Wonderful. A. Okay.
2 3	MR. BROWER: A-81. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. BROWER: Is may I have this	2 3	Q. Wonderful.A. Okay.Q. Would you turn to page 2 of that
2 3 4	MR. BROWER: A-81. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. BROWER: Is may I have this marked, please?	2 3 4	Q. Wonderful.A. Okay.Q. Would you turn to page 2 of that document, which is marked on the bottom right-hand
2 3 4 5	MR. BROWER: A-81. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. BROWER: Is may I have this marked, please? THE ASSISTANT: Yes. This will be	2 3	Q. Wonderful.A. Okay.Q. Would you turn to page 2 of that document, which is marked on the bottom right-hand corner as COS 000588?
2 3 4	MR. BROWER: A-81. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. BROWER: Is may I have this marked, please? THE ASSISTANT: Yes. This will be Appellant's A21.	2 3 4 5	 Q. Wonderful. A. Okay. Q. Would you turn to page 2 of that document, which is marked on the bottom right-hand corner as COS 000588? A. Okay.
2 3 4 5 6	MR. BROWER: A-81. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. BROWER: Is may I have this marked, please? THE ASSISTANT: Yes. This will be	2 3 4 5 6	 Q. Wonderful. A. Okay. Q. Would you turn to page 2 of that document, which is marked on the bottom right-hand corner as COS 000588? A. Okay. Q. Do you see the left-hand column entitled
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16 (Pages 1332 to 1335)

1	Page 1336		Page 1338
	the roadside excuse me the side road, have	1	know, very fast.
2	difficulties in detecting cyclists from the right."	2	Q. Okay. So I think you hear Mr. Phillips's
3	Do you see that?	3	testimony that one of the main design treatments
4	A. I see that.	4	that the city plans to use to in an attempt to
5	Q. So isn't that exactly the situation we	5	make this trail safe is colored trail markings?
6	have here, where the bicyclist is the priority	6	A. Yes.
7	vehicle and a driver is coming out of a driveway and	7	Q. And they're going to be green?
8	crossing the path and is going to have difficulty	8	A. Green.
9	seeing that cyclist?	9	Q. Are they sometimes do other places use
10	A. It's exactly the same situation.	10	different colors?
11	Q. Okay. And the last sentence says:	11	A. There's yeah, I mean, in the United
12	"Drivers develop a scanning strategy which	12	States, it's standardizing to green, and sometimes
13	concentrates on more frequent and major dangers but	13	shared use paths have just normal crosswalks, the
14	ignores and may even mask visual information on less		white markings.
15	frequent dangers."	15	Q. In London, I think they painted all their
16	Do you see that?	16	paths blue, didn't they?
17	A. I see that.	17	A. I don't know what London does. I know
18	Q. And how much time did you spend reading	18	
19	EIS?	10 19	Portland tried it once, blue, in the early '90s or something like that, first time in the United
20	A. It's hard to estimate, I mean	20	States. The Dutch use red exclusively. Yeah.
20	Q. Did you read the entire document?	20	Q. Do you think that colored trail markings
22	A. No.	22	are an effective means to make a trail safe?
23	Q. Not from cover to cover?	23	A. The research on it in the United States
24	A. No.	24	
25	Q. Do you I think you told me you scanned	25	is showing, thus far, the green is proving to increase awareness. A lot of studies are showing
		2.5	ĭ
1	Page 1337	1	Page 1339
1	section one and maybe looked at the transportation	1	that the green is a significant improvement in
2	section?	2	increasing awareness of drivers of the crossing, of
3	A. I read chapter one.	3	bicyclists of the crossing.
4	Q. Okay.	4	Q. Okay.
5	A. Read the transportation section and	5	A. The studies are not as conclusive on
6	scanned the remaining remaining chapters.	6	crash reduction as being associated with that, but I
	Q. Does the EIS have any discussion about		
7		7	think our understanding of traffic safety is, you
8	the factors we just talked about that specifically	8	think our understanding of traffic safety is, you know, a key part, as we've been discussing this
8 9	the factors we just talked about that specifically talk about the risk of side paths?	8 9	think our understanding of traffic safety is, you know, a key part, as we've been discussing this the last half hour is as this discusses here,
8 9 10	the factors we just talked about that specificallytalk about the risk of side paths?A. It talks about the risk of the driveway	8 9 10	think our understanding of traffic safety is, you know, a key part, as we've been discussing this the last half hour is as this discusses here, this issue of scanning and the (indiscernible)
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 the factors we just talked about that specifically talk about the risk of side paths? A. It talks about the risk of the driveway crossings. Q. In very general terms though, right? A. It says that there's elevated you know, there's risk at the driveways and intersections. Q. Do you know where in the EIS it says that? Could you point it out if I asked you to? A. I would have to go page through it, and my memory of the EIS page to page is not as good as the research. Q. So it's not in a section that jumps right out at you that says, you know, Risk of Side Paths 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 think our understanding of traffic safety is, you know, a key part, as we've been discussing this the last half hour is as this discusses here, this issue of scanning and the (indiscernible) increased awareness is a key factor in improving behavior. Q. So those visual markings actually help people with that scanning. A. Yeah. They have to recognize, you know, in the road environment something's different. And then I think in a situation like this case we have driveways where it's generally the same people that work there, they're going to become they're going to know it's a trail. And the more that these markings are standardized, the more the general public understands what they are.

17 (Pages 1336 to 1339)

	Page 1340		Page 1342
1		1	other researchers."
1 2	Are you there? A. I'm on 593.	1 2	Are you on I'm on Exhibit R-32.
3	Q. So you see the lower right-hand corner	3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Uh-huh. Oh. I
4	there's a new paragraph that starts "Like other	4	see it. Thanks. Second full paragraph, right?
5	researchers"?	5	Okay. Thank you.
6	A. Yes, I see it.	6	BY MR. BROWER:
7	Q. And they go on to say, "We found that	7	Q. So I think what you've been saying is
8	raised bicycle crossings and other speed-reducing	8	that the research in the United States is showing
9	measures are effective in reducing the number of	9	this. So and this study was not done in the
10	bicycle crashes at priority intersections while	10	United States, was it?
11	red-colored pavement and other markings seem to	11	A. No. The first three studies were
12	deteriorate the safety of cyclists. In general,	12	European studies. *Garder, *Herstitch, *Schnul.
13	these road features seem to increase cyclists' speed	13	Correct.
14	and reduce their visual scanning while drivers	14	Q. So would you now disagree with this
15	decrease their speed and improve their visual	15	study?
16	scanning."	16	A. No.
17	So isn't this that statement saying	17	Q. So do you agree
18	exactly the opposite of what you just said?	18	A. I guess what I'm sorry. That was
19	A. It's not saying the opposite of what I	19	Q. That was a yes or no question.
20	said.	20	A. Okay.
21	What what are you characterizing as	21	Q. So, do you agree, yes or no, that colored
22	the opposite of what I said?	22	pavement and other markings seem to deteriorate the
23	Q. I think you just said that trail markings	23	safety of cyclists? Yes or no.
24	actually will help the bicyclists behave more safely		A. It's it can't be answered that way.
25	is right	25	The research is showing
	Page 1341		Page 1343
1	A. No.	1	
1 2	Q and that's why we mark them?	1 2	Q. That's fine. A it improves.
3	A. I said it would help all users and that	3	Q. Mr. Schultheiss, I think you said you
4	research in the United States in the last 10 years	4	also that you've helped author the AASHTO Bicycle
- 5	is showing consistent findings that the use of green	5	Guideline?
6	is - is	6	A. Yes.
7	Q. But, Mr. Schultheiss, wait a minute. I	7	Q. So, would you, in that same binder turn
8	realize that you're trying to answer, but I'm I'm	8	to tab 17?
9	that's not the question I asked you, and this is	9	
10	cross, so I need you to only answer the questions I	10	A. Okay. This is the Design of *Sharities Pass.
11	asked you.	11	Q. And you helped author this?
12	So let me let me try and rephrase my	12	A. Yes.
13	question and be more	13	Q. And this has been marked and admitted as
14	A. Okay, sure.	14	Exhibit R-17, I believe.
15	THE HEARING EXAMINER: As you're	15	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I think it's
16	doing that, Mr. Brower, could you I did not see	16	R-13.
17	the line that you were quoting from.	17	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 13.
18	MR. BROWER: Certainly, Mr. Examiner.	18	MR. BROWER: R-13. Okay. Thank you.
19	It's on page 593. It is the second full paragraph,	19	BY MR. BROWER:
20	and it starts "Like other researchers."	20	Q. Would you, Mr. Schultheiss, turn to page
21	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Which column		5-8 in the original numbering? And in the bates
22	MR. BROWER: The right-hand column.	22	numbering, it's COS000250.
23	THE HEARING EXAMINER: The right-hand		Do you see that page?
24	column. Second paragraph?	24	A. 5-8, yes.
25	MR. BROWER: Yes. It starts "Like	25	Q. And this is the Section 5.2.2 that talks
20			

18 (Pages 1340 to 1343)

1about shared use paths adjacent to roadways1consideration to mitigate the - basically the operational issues, the contrallow movement.2A. Correct.Q. So would you read number 14, please, out load?A. Traffic control devices, such as signs and markings, have not been shown effective at changing road or path user behavior at side path intersections or in reducing crashes and conflicts."9A. Correct.9Q. So in intersections on that control reducing crashes at intersections or in reducing crashes and conflicts."11facilities and attention to reducing crashes at ipontions." Yes?9Q. So in intersections on that control.13A. Yes.11ago, doesn't if?14Q. Do you know that if's actually legal in existent intersections.15Q. And would you read number 13 as well outload?16washinging State to ride your bike on the freeway systems so people can ride on 15.9?17A. Tis legal in parts. Yesh, it has to be designated. I've seen that section of 1.90.12only ask that because you made a ourdoad?10A. Tis legal in parts.13designated. I've seen that section of 1.90.1814designated. I've seen that section of 1.90.1815You solu kow, I don't think we rode - you know, I don't think we rode - you know, I don't think so.2123A. Ne a lot in vermont.2324Q. I didn't think so.2425You sepan ta lot of time talking yesterday2526And this section talks about crashes at junctions.734		Page 1344		Page 1346
2 otherwise known as side paths? 2 operational issues, the contradiow movement. 3 A. Correct. 3 Q. So would you read number 14, please, 4 Q. And halfway down that page, the last full 5 and markings, have not been shown effective at 6 highways for short sections or for longer sections and markings, have not been shown effective at 7 where there are few street and/or driveway 7 changing road or path user behavior at side path 10 Q "given appropriate separation between 10 driveways as well based on your testimony a minute 11 facilities and attention to reducing crashes at 11 ago, doesn'ti? 12 junctions." Yes? 12 A. Tris in the context of this location. 13 A. Yes, 13 It's - it could be read to apply to driveways and 14 go doesn'ti? Q. And would you read number 13 as well outlout? 15 Washington State to ride out 57 A. Tris line context of this location. 13 15 washington State or ride out 57 A. Tris in the context of this location. 14 14 outloud? A. Tris line context of this location. 15 20<	1	about shared use paths adjacent to roadways	1	consideration to mitigate the basically the
3 A. Correct. 3 Q. So would you read number 14, please, 4 Q. And halfway down that page, the last full aut load? 5 highways for short sections or for longer sections aut load? 6 highways for short sections or for longer sections aut load? 7 A. Correct. 9 O. So in intersections in that context means 10 Q "given appropriate separation between 10 driveways as well based on your testimony a minute 11 facilities and attention to reducing crashes at 11 as context of this location. 13 A. Yes. 12 A. It's in the context of this location. 14 O. Do you know that it's actually legal in 13 It's it could be read to apply to driveways and 16 washington State to ride your bike on the freeway 13 It's it could be read to apply to driveways and 16 outbout? A. Ts's a statement that clearly indicates 20 20 comment about 1-5 would be safest place to ride. 14 A. Ses. 20 21 A. Is's a statement that clearly indicates 20 20 20 21 A. Is'dridit hinks.o. 21 That's	2		2	
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5 paragraph starts with "Paths can function along 5 A. "Traffic control devices, such as signs 6 highways for short sections or for longer sections 6 7 where there are few street and/or driveway 7 8 crossings" - 8 9 A. Correct. 9 Q. So in intersections in that context means 10 Q "given appropriate separation between 10 driveways as well based on your testimony a minute 11 facilities and attention to reducing crashes at 11 ago, doesn'i? 2 A. It's in the context of this location. 13 A. Yes. 13 It's	4	Q. And halfway down that page, the last full	4	
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19 (Pages 1344 to 1347)

	Page 1348		Page 1350
1	A. The better choice is a facility that	1	markings in the United States, raised crossings, can
2	separates bikes from traffic. So the preferred	2	improve the safety of people when they're in the
3	alternative in this case is better than existing	3	separated facility at these locations where they
4	conditions.	4	interact with motorized traffic.
5	Q. Sorry I got tangled on my question there.	5	Q. Okay. And I want to direct you now a
6	I want to ask you a couple follow-up	6	couple pages later to 593 on the Bates stamp number
7	questions to some of the studies that Mr. Brower	7	same Exhibit. It's the last second-to-last page
8	asked you about.	8	I believe.
9	So I'm going to start with what is in	9	Mr. Brower had directed you to that
10	your binder, tab 30, but it's been marked as Exhibit	10	paragraph that in the second column that begins,
11	R-32. And I believe Mr. Brower directed you to the	11	"Like other researchers."
12	second page, which is marked as page 588 in the Bate	12	A. Yes.
13	stamps.	13	Q. So he asked you about the paint markings.
14	A. So this is the road and bike Road	14	I want to first ask you about the earlier part of
15	Factors and Bicycle Motor Vehicle Crashes study?	15	that sentence.
16	Q. That's correct, yeah. And he was	16	Does this support your testimony earlier
17	directing you to that first column Type 1 Crashes	17	about the efficacy of other design measures?
18	and Road Factors.	18	A. Yeah, I mean, it's showing very
19	A. Okay.	19	conclusively that when you raise treatments that
20	Q. And he was talking about the priority	20	drivers slow down, raised crosswalks, speed humps.
21	intersection designation.	21	In this case, it's a raised crosswalk at the point
22	A. Yes.	22	where the bicyclist is crossing the path and the
23	Q. And asking about sort of the likelihood	23	motor vehicle, that it it slows drivers down,
24	or the the types of risks with that, and he asked	24	increases yielding and decreasing crashes.
25	whether this was the situation we're dealing with	25	Q. Okay. And then he asked you about the
	Page 1349		Page 1351
1	now.	1	latter part of that paragraph dealing specifically
2	A. Correct.	2	with pavement markings, with coloring of paint. And
3	Q. And I think your answer was yes.	3	I think he asked you a yes or no question, and you
4	A. Yes, it is the same.	4	said "That can't be answered that way."
5	Q. So can you tell us, is that that risk,	5	I'd like to ask you how can that be
6	that issue present now under existing conditions?	6	answered?
7	A. Is the risk of crashes in this case	7	A. Yeah. And so that the context of these
8	present now?	8	studies is, the way it's explained here, the Bill
9	Q. Yes. Where the driveway enters the	9	Hunter study's an American study, and he says that
10	roadway.	10	bicyclists stop scanning. But his his research
11	A. Yeah. This these studies of type one	11	has been historically problematic because he relies
12	are turning the drivers from driveways to streets,	12	on this video technology, which is quite limited,
13	crossing bicyclists paths.	13	where he's looking for a bike to turn their head
14	Q. Okay. And so given this risk that you've	14	backwards to prove they're scanning. And a lot of
15	identified, why is it that you still hold that the	15	us have criticized his methods in this country
16	preferred alternative is a safer option than the	16	because some bicyclists operate with mirrors. You
17	existing conditions?	17	can scan with their eyes a little bit, and it's hard
18	A. Because these the way that the	18	to tell the head movement. It's a very bad measure
19	evidence of all the studies together is showing that	19	of proving whether bicyclists are scanning for a
20	on the existing roadway system, as I've testified,	20	risk.
21	is elevated risk. We see that nationwide. We see	21	And so his studies that speak to scanning
22	that locally. That creating designs that separate	22	are generally we don't he's a good researcher,
23	bicyclists from traffic improve safety by reducing	23	but on this aspect, we this aspect is is not a
24	their exposure to traffic and that there is evidence that shows that the use of green-colored pavement	24 25	good way to approach research. And when it comes to color, there's
25			

20 (Pages 1348 to 1351)

1 there's been studies that have shown mixed results. 1 as you understand it having reviewed all of these, 2 So, you know, there's - there's a case that what as you understand it having reviewed all of these, 3 we're seering in European studies that were brought 3 4 up is there - there's on study that shows that if 5 5 green - with colored crossings, that they 6 6 metsing consing the intersection with the 6 7 metrosing of the street but actually marking 7 10 And what we're talking about throughout 10 11 MR KISTELIUS: And I have no further 12 at every crossing of the street but actually marking 12 13 the one crossing. 11 MR. KISTELIUS: Mait were acouple. 14 And so that lines up pretry well with his 15 research study - this is lensen, if you'l like to 15 research study - this is lensen, if you'l like to 15 they's called him as a direct witness. 16 check - that shows that the safety is improved whee 16 his opportunity for cross-examination and he's done. 17 marking color of one crossing. 17 MR. KISTELI		Dago 1252		Baga 1254	
2 So, you know, there's there's a case that what 2 does that support your testimony about your 3 we're seeing in European studies that were brought in the support your testimony about your 4 up is there there's one study that shows that if you mark four legs of the intersection with the 6 green with colored crossings, that they 6 MR. KISTELUS: And I have no further 7 neccessarily don't improve safety. 7 MR. KISTELUS: And I have no further 9 And what we're talking about throughout 10 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Cohen't 12 at every crossing of the street but actually marking 12 me. This is not one of those witnesses where 13 the one crossing. 11 MR. KISTELUS: This was pust ours. This - 14 hand so that lines of you'd like to 15 they'se called him as a direct witness. This - 15 research study this is Jensen, if you'd like to 16 16 they'se called him as a giret witness on their 16 check that shows that the safety is inproved when 19 MR. KISTELUS: This was just ours. 17 matring olor of one crossing. 17 THE HEARING EXAMINER: On, is was just ours.		Page 1352		Page 1354	
3 we're seeing in European studies that were brought 3 comparison Entween existing conditions and the 4 up is there – there's one study that shows that if preferred alternative? 5 you mark four legs of the intersection with the meressafty don't improve safety. But 6 green – with colored crossings, that they meressafty don't improve safety. But 10 And what were talking about throughout 10 11 this corridor is not marking the crossings colored 11 12 at every crossing of the driveway. 12 13 the one crossing of the driveway. 13 14 and so that lines up prety well with his 15 15 research study – this is lensen, if you'd like to 16 16 check – that shows that the safety is improven to the 18 18 And then in the United States we're 18 21 your binder, the Exhibit that's been marked R-13. 14 23 soudies ar showing that it is proven that 23 24 You'll have tog back in your binder, the Exhibit that's been marked A R-13. 14 25 A. Okay. And thi					
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21 (Pages 1352 to 1355)

	Page 1356		Page 1358
1	MR. KISIELIUS: Yes.	1	Q. Right.
2	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Is the witness	2	A if there some of these studies. I
3	excused?	3	haven't submitted one myself.
4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I had one	4	Q. That's probably where it would have come
5	question.	5	in as far as I can tell.
6	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Oh, I'm sorry.	6	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay, thank
7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm trying to	7	you.
8	keep him there.	8	MR. COHEN: I just have a question
9	(Chatter and laughter)	9	for the kind of the documents.
10	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: *Christmas	10	Is the Jensen study that
11	continues.	11	Mr. Schultheiss referenced in your documents? And
12	THE WITNESS: It's why I'm here.	12	if it's not, can we get a full name of it?
13	EXAMINATION	13	THE WITNESS: Well, it's referenced
14	BY THE HEARING EXAMINER:	14	in the document that's in here. It's one of the lit
15	Q. You had mentioned that there is evidence	15	review documents, and I actually I just know that
16	that green paving crossings and I don't want to	16	study.
17	misstate here I guess I should ask a clarifying	17	MR. COHEN: Okay. Thank you. Okay.
18	question first.	18	Clear from my question. Thank you.
19	What what service does the green paint	19	THE HEARING EXAMINER:
20	do? What does it increase safety for bicyclists?	20	Mr. Schultheiss, thank you for your testimony.
21	Increase safety for everybody? None of the above?	21	THE WITNESS: Sure, thank you.
22	What how	22	MS. FERGUSON: And the city calls
23	A. Yeah. The intention of the green paint	23	Morgan Shook.
24	is to increase safety and the studies in the U.S.	24	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Please state
25	show mixed many studies showed it decreases	25	your name for the record and spell your last name.
	Page 1357		Page 1359
1	Page 1357 conflicts, but many don't. And the challenge with	1	Page 1359 THE WITNESS: My name is Morgan
1 2	conflicts, but many don't. And the challenge with drawing and so that but they all show that	1 2	THE WITNESS: My name is Morgan Shook. Shook is S-h-o-o-k.
	conflicts, but many don't. And the challenge with drawing and so that but they all show that it's effective at increasing awareness.		THE WITNESS: My name is Morgan Shook. Shook is S-h-o-o-k. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Do you swea
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2 3	conflicts, but many don't. And the challenge with drawing and so that but they all show that it's effective at increasing awareness.Q. Okay. And so my question is, are any of those studies in what we've had introduced here	2 3 4 5	THE WITNESS: My name is Morgan Shook. Shook is S-h-o-o-k. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Do you swea and affirm the testimony you're providing in this morning's hearing is the truth?
2 3 4 5 6	conflicts, but many don't. And the challenge with drawing and so that but they all show that it's effective at increasing awareness.Q. Okay. And so my question is, are any of those studies in what we've had introduced here today as far as evidence?	2 3 4 5 6	THE WITNESS: My name is Morgan Shook. Shook is S-h-o-o-k. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Do you swea and affirm the testimony you're providing in this morning's hearing is the truth? THE WITNESS: I do.
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	Page 1360		Page 1362
1	A. My primary responsibilities related to	1	projects and environmental review and
2	project work are the design of analyses, the	2	Q. And can you tell me about what capacity
3	direction of specialized economic resources in the	3	you were involved?
4	firm, so PHD, economists, transportation economists	4	A. You know, our capacity, both myself and
5	in the execution of their work and reviewing and	5	as a firm, is fairly specialized. We get involved
6	making sure that it meets our quality and	6	with very sort of unique questions related to
7	thresholds.	7	economics or finance. An example of which would b
8	Q. And can you briefly describe your	8	examination of impact of property values of a
9	educational and professional background?	9	trail I'm sorry, not trail. Obviously a trial
10	A. Yes. So I received my degree in biology.	10	but of a regional jail facility or two regional
11	I worked for four years in biotechnology doing	11	jail facilities in this case, the impacts of
12	technology development.	12	affordability of an upzone to users in the area, the
13	I then worked for three years at the	13	impacts to local commerce of the siting of a resort,
14	University of Chicago where I lead three large	14	or the types or kinds of unique questions that we
15	community health interventions looking at the impact	15	are called upon to address.
16	and health disparities that exist in diabetes and	16	Q. And what was your role with this project?
17	cardiovascular care. So we really questions	17	A. So, both the city and ESA asked us to
18	about medical-cost effectiveness.	18	participate in the project to look at the impacts to
19	I then found my passion in cities and	19	local businesses from the siting of different
20	went back to graduate school in regional planning	20	alternative trail alignments and segments within the
21	where I got my degree from Portland State with a	21	Ballard study area.
22	specialization in regional economic development.	22	Q. And what were you asked to produce?
23	I also have a certificate in commercial	23	A. We were asked to produce an economics
24	real estate development from the University of	23 24	consideration analysis of trying to understand how a
24	Washington extension where I'm also an instructor in	24 25	very unique facility like this may impact the local
	Page 1361	23	Page 1363
			2
1	data analysis and market analysis.	1	commercial patterns of existing businesses.
2	Q. And I'm going to hand you we have your	2	Q. And are you aware of whether economics is
3	resume.	3	an element of the environment required to be
4	And is this a copy of your resume?	4	considered under SEPA?
5	A. It is.	5	A. My understanding is economics is not a
6	Q. And does it accurately characterize the	6	required element required to be analyzed under SEPA
7	background you just described?	7	Q. And how did your work on this project
8	A. It accurately characterizes that. It's	8	compare to work you've done on other projects?
9	missing some references and some specific projects,	9	A. I would say it's similar and different.
10	but generally accurate.	10	Similar in the sense that it's
11	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mark that	11	controversial, it's difficult. And different in the
12	A-22.	12	aspects that every question is unique requiring us
13	THE ASSISTANT: R	13	to draw upon economic theory, our analytic tools to
14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Oh, sorry.	14	try to get the best sort of answer that we can to
15	R-33.	15	decisionmakers so they can move forward.
16	THE ASSISTANT: Thank you.	16	Q. And let's talk a little bit about the
17	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 MARKED FOR		methodology that you used.
18	IDENTIFICATION)	18	Is there a standard approach to analyzing
19	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I at least get	19	economics when you're working on EIS?
20	the numbers down once I get the parties right.	20	A. Yeah, there's not, right, at the broadest
21	BY MS. FERGUSON:	21	level of the economics environment is everything,
22	Q. And can you briefly describe for us your	22	right? It's GDP, it's employment, it's growth in
23	experience related to the preparation of EISs or	23	firms, it's wages paid. And when we're asked to
24	other environmental review?	24	weigh in on these things, we always try to narrow it
25	A. Yes. I participated in approximately 15	25	to the very specific question that is that is

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	Page 1364		Page 1366
1	asked for us. And given the uniqueness of the	1	we were, what we knew the impacts would be could
2	question, and I can't think of any of them where I	2	be and how that might exist for different users.
3	would say, yes, there is an agreed-upon both	3	So the data we try to use as part of that
4	academic and professional, much less SEPA approach	4	analysis with stuff that was readily available that
5	to doing these types of analysis.	5	we could use to exploit, and so most of that is
6	Q. So how did you decide on a methodology	6	administrative data collected by employment
7	for this project?	7	governmental employment agencies. It's information
8	A. So we took into consideration the past	8	that is collected by the King County Assessors for
9	history of the project. Obviously it's been	9	property tax calculations that has information about
10	controversial and, you know, just following it	10	building and property characteristics. And then we
11	casually. You know, people said there's going to be	11	use some data that we buy through third-party
12	tremendous impacts, there's going to be no impacts.	12	vendors related to commercial real estate
13	And so we try to design a way that took what we know	13	performance.
14	about what transportation facilities do in terms of	14	So those were all sort of, given our
15	impacting land use and businesses and users, try to	15	approach, the types of information that we would
16	exploit a natural experiment we had here. We have	16	likely need to do this analysis.
17	examples we have a regional multi-use trail	17	Q. And did you consider independently
18	throughout the county, so we had some experience	18	gathering additional data?
19	about that, so we could do some analysis on it.	19	A. We did. And so when we thought about
20	And then we try to understand that that's	20	sort of how we might dive deeply into sort of
21	not even going to capture all of it. We need to	21	specific businesses, we thought about kind of
22	kind of talk about it qualitatively because it's	22	information would we need, right? We would need
23	complicated, right? And, you know, what you	23	information about their markets, you know, how they
24	know, particularly you're trying to isolate the	24	derive revenue, what level of revenue do they
25	specific effect of a trail relative to everything	25	derive, what does it cost to produce those types of
	Page 1365		Page 1367
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1		1	-
1	that's happening both at the *macrol *convey and	1 2	things, what's their production function to produce
2	that's happening both at the *macrol *convey and within all these businesses.	2	things, what's their production function to produce those goods and services. And we need to do that at
2 3	that's happening both at the *macrol *convey and within all these businesses.Q. And what type of data did you determine	2 3	things, what's their production function to produce those goods and services. And we need to do that at scale for every single business. And so part of it
2 3 4	that's happening both at the *macrol *convey and within all these businesses.Q. And what type of data did you determine was available to help you with your analysis?	2 3 4	things, what's their production function to produce those goods and services. And we need to do that at scale for every single business. And so part of it is to say, like, could we are there rough
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24 (Pages 1364 to 1367)

	Page 1368		Page 1370
1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: So we'll	1	and that means here, that we have experience with i
2	interrupt him at some point? Okay.	2	as opposed to something that would be done in a
3	MS. FERGUSON: If we could break at	3	laboratory. But we have experience in King County
4	10:30, I can aim for 10:30.	4	about how different types of land uses are impacted
5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Let's	5	excess by their proximity to the multi-use trail
6	do that. I I would loathe to interrupt the flow	6	and could we learn something from that.
7	of a witness, and sometime around 10 or 10:30 we	7	Q. And so was it intended to show a change
8	need to take a break. So if that works, I you	8	in property value as a result of the project?
9	don't have to finish by then, but let's let's	9	A. Yeah.
10	just go with the break at 10:30.	10	Q. Okay.
11	MS. FERGUSON: Okay.	11	A. Yea, exactly, so but to what degree
12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thanks.	12	would proximity, adjacency of the trail impact the
13	THE WITNESS: Thanks.	13	value of servicing that land as measured in its
14	BY MS. FERGUSON:	14	in its property value.
15	Q. And so let's go back to make sure that	15	Q. Okay. And did you hear Mr. Cohen's
16	I've heard correctly.	16	testimony?
17	I think you mentioned that you decided to	17	A. I did.
18	do both what you've described as a hedonic model.	18	Q. Okay. And do you I believe let me
19	And then how would you describe sort of	19	know if you heard something different. I believe
20	this other approach?	20	that he was critiquing the report on the basis that
21	A. Yeah, sorry. So so specifically	20	it should have considered different or additional
22	taking that framework, there are kind of three	22	variables for the hedonic model?
23	pieces of analysis right there. There is the	23	A. Yes, that is one of the critiques he had.
24	hedonic analysis. There's the impacts that accrue	24	Q. And do you agree with that critique?
25	through (indiscernible), and then we look at impacts	25	A. I do not agree with that critique. In
	Dogo 17601		$D_{2} \sim 1271$
1	Page 1369	1	Page 1371
1	to different classes of uses within the study area.	1	Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is
2	to different classes of uses within the study area. And we value different things. We value sort of the	2	Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is for us so that we understand?
2 3	to different classes of uses within the study area. And we value different things. We value sort of the change in accessibility as measured in delay. We	2 3	Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is for us so that we understand?A. Yes. So the way the model works, right,
2 3 4	to different classes of uses within the study area. And we value different things. We value sort of the change in accessibility as measured in delay. We measure changes in access in in parking	2 3 4	Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is for us so that we understand?A. Yes. So the way the model works, right, we have historical records of transactions of
2 3 4 5	to different classes of uses within the study area. And we value different things. We value sort of the change in accessibility as measured in delay. We measure changes in access in in parking accessibility as as documented in the parking	2 3 4 5	Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is for us so that we understand?A. Yes. So the way the model works, right, we have historical records of transactions of properties, what people actually paid for that land,
2 3 4 5 6	to different classes of uses within the study area. And we value different things. We value sort of the change in accessibility as measured in delay. We measure changes in access in in parking accessibility as as documented in the parking discipline part. And then we had a qualitative	2 3 4 5 6	Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is for us so that we understand?A. Yes. So the way the model works, right, we have historical records of transactions of properties, what people actually paid for that land, and we have information, as collected through the
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 to different classes of uses within the study area. And we value different things. We value sort of the change in accessibility as measured in delay. We measure changes in access in in parking accessibility as as documented in the parking discipline part. And then we had a qualitative discussion of impacts by different uses. Q. Okay. So let's talk about the hedonic Model. A. Uh-huh. Q. Can you just, in lay terms, describe what that means? A. Uh-huh. Yeah, so, hedonics is a decade decades-old sort of approach by in the economic industry and profession that are really trying to say there is a good. It's worth something. What are its component pieces. How do all those component pieces contribute to the value of that good. And it's been most used in property value impacts because we know things like, how big 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is for us so that we understand? A. Yes. So the way the model works, right, we have historical records of transactions of properties, what people actually paid for that land, and we have information, as collected through the assessor, about the characteristics. So the characteristics of each (indiscernible) become our variables, so we wanted to know Q. Can you give us examples? A. Example. So variables are kind of, in our modeling, are two. You want to treat the variables differently. You want to treat them as sort of the random things, that you want to care about their impact, right? Distance to trail would be a type of variable. How big the house is, what kind of industrial use, as measured by the assessor. We want to know those kinds of things. Those are our variables.
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 to different classes of uses within the study area. And we value different things. We value sort of the change in accessibility as measured in delay. We measure changes in access in in parking accessibility as as documented in the parking discipline part. And then we had a qualitative discussion of impacts by different uses. Q. Okay. So let's talk about the hedonic Model. A. Uh-huh. Q. Can you just, in lay terms, describe what that means? A. Uh-huh. Yeah, so, hedonics is a decade decades-old sort of approach by in the economic industry and profession that are really trying to say there is a good. It's worth something. What are its component pieces. How do all those component pieces contribute to the value of that good. And it's been most used in property value impacts because we know things like, how big your house is, how many bedrooms, whether you have water views, how accessible are you to downtown. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. Can I have you explain what a variable is for us so that we understand? A. Yes. So the way the model works, right, we have historical records of transactions of properties, what people actually paid for that land, and we have information, as collected through the assessor, about the characteristics. So the characteristics of each (indiscernible) become our variables, so we wanted to know Q. Can you give us examples? A. Example. So variables are kind of, in our modeling, are two. You want to treat the variables differently. You want to treat the variables differently. You want to treat then as sort of the random things, that you want to care about their impact, right? Distance to trail would be a type of variable. How big the house is, what kind of industrial use, as measured by the assessor. We want to know those kinds of things. Those are our variables. We also Q. (Indiscernible.)

25 (Pages 1368 to 1371)

	Page 1372		Page 1374
1	so we want to make sure we treat that correctly as	1	Does the fitness show whether or not the
2	well.	2	model accurately represents the results?
3	Q. Okay. So then back to my question about	3	A. Yes.
4	the critique and thinking that you did not need to	4	Q. (Inaudible.)
5	consider additional or different variables.	5	(Simultaneous speakers.)
6	Can you explain why?	6	A. Yeah, we're using the best model
7	A. Yes. So, all of our models for the	7	available given our approach.
8	different types of land uses use appropriate and	8	Q. Okay. And did you test to see if the
9	available variables that the data set allows us to	9	model you used for this report was the best fit?
10	exploit. They are also in line with broader	10	A. We did.
11	economic theory regarding hedonic analyses and	11	Q. And was that documented in the report?
12	property values about which type of variables are	12	A. It was documented generally in a
13	most meaningful and should be included both as a	13	discussion about how our approach to doing this.
14	conceptual and as an experimental form.	14	Specific exact results of that fitness test were not
15	Q. And if I recall, Mr. Cohen also provided	15	disclosed in the in the analysis.
16	a critique about the fit of the model.	16	Q. And is it typical for that type of
17	A. Yeah. But	17	testing to be in the actual report?
18	Q. (Inaudible.)	18	A. I'm not aware of any SEPA economic
19	(Simultaneous speakers.)	19	considerations analysis that do hedonic analysis,
20	A. So, actually, before you get to that	20	and I've never seen one disclose that. Even in the
21	question, Mr. Cohen also raised the question that we		academic literature, particularly in hedonic
22	include other variables, and he gave the example of	22	analyses for property values, because this is a
23	water dependency.	23	settled matter in terms of the log-linear
24	I agree that water dependency is an	24	specifications that we use is the standard, the
25	important variable to consider. It's not one that's	25	hedonic analyses used. That type of information is
	Page 1373		Page 1375
1	available to us. If we were to try to construct	1	not included because it's generally accepted that
2	that variable, we would have to go and assess every	2	this is the right way, and our analyses in that
3	property in our industrial data set about its water	3	matter show that to be correct. Our log-linear
4	dependency, which is without out of our resources	4	specification in terms of the treatment of the
5	that we had out of realm of the resources we had,	5	prices introduces the least amount of error.
6	as well as sort of what I think SEPA requires for us	б	Q. And you mentioned another term that I
7	to do in terms of basic research.	7	just want to make sure that we understand.
8	Q. Okay.	8	log-linear specification.
9	A. So in lieu of that, we included the best	9	How do you
10	proxy that the data set allowed us to have, which	10	A. That that is Mr. Cohen's comment about
11	was amount of water water frontage.	11	sort of model fitness, how do you treat the
12	Q. Okay. So then back to fit.	12	underlying data, because data aren't always normally
13	A. Fit.	13	distributed, right? There's not a bell curve to
14	Q. Can you describe what fit means?	14	everything. Some things are skewed left or right,
15	A. Yes. So, in the economic modeling world,	15	and you need different treatments to properly do
16	they and particularly for regression analyses,	16	this from a statistically-modeling prospective. And
17	there are different types of forms you could do	17	we've done those tests, and we feel confident that
18	in terms of how you treat the variables and in terms	18	we are accurately adhering to both the broader
19	in doing transformations.	19	economic profession as well as our analysis.
20	And so fitness is really saying, does our	20	Q. Okay. And is this type of hedonic model
21	model introduce the least amount of error just	21	a common tool, it sounds like, in your industry?
22	because of the way we're doing it. So that's what	22	A. It is.
23	fitness means in this in that regard.	23	Q. And do you think that you followed
24	Q. So, just to make sure that I'm	24	standard practices in your industry in doing this
25	understanding right.	25	analysis?

26 (Pages 1372 to 1375)

	Page 1376		Page 1378
1	A. We did.	1	A. I do not.
2	Q. And you talked briefly about the water-	2	Q. Can you remind us what those general
3	dependent uses.	3	changes were?
4	How did this model take into account the	4	A. In our draft of the final Considerations
5	general of what we've been referring to as the	5	Economics Report, we had a table that took the delay
6	maritime industrial nature of the area?	6	identified in the Transportation Discipline Report
7	A. Yes. We did that directly in the	7	and then we, as standard practice, multiplied that
8	selection of the variable of water frontage is our	8	delay by the number of vehicles experience it to get
9	best attempt, given the available data that we have,	9	to some total amount of delay as measured in
10	to approximate the maritime or water dependency	10	in in time.
11	of of businesses within the county and within the	11	The Transportation Economics Discipline
12	area.	12	also says that time is valuable to the people
13	Q. Okay. Now let's talk about other ways	13	we and their methods described by FHWA around
14	the report looked at the factors related to this	14	sort of how you might value that time.
15	project.	15	And so in this case, the underlying data
16	What what other approach did your	16	is a mix of all users, trip types and the time of
17	report take? I think you talked about the other	17	day and in different types of vehicles, and so the
18	aspect being related to delay?	18	proper treatment of that is to give it a societal
19	A. Uh-huh, yeah. So, one of the ways we	19	value of one half that median or average wage rate
20	described that the trail may impact business is in	20	of a region, which at the time in 2014 was
21	the form of the performance of the transportation	21	approximately \$20, and that's what that table shows.
22	environment that can be measured by the amount of	22	Q. Okay. And was that table included in the
23	delay introduced by different alternatives.	23	final report?
24	Q. And why did you decide that was an	24	A. It was not.
25	appropriate measure of the economic factors?	25	Q. Okay. Why was that change made? Why was
2.5		25	
	Page 1377		Page 1379
		-	
1	A. Because in a transportation economics	1	that not included in the final report?
2	world, delay is costly, right, for all of us	2	A. That was not included for two reasons.
2 3	world, delay is costly, right, for all of us intuitively, right? We sit in traffic. We don't	2 3	A. That was not included for two reasons. One, about the level of precision that we were
2 3 4	world, delay is costly, right, for all of us intuitively, right? We sit in traffic. We don't want to bear that cost, and we're always looking for	2 3 4	A. That was not included for two reasons. One, about the level of precision that we were conveying and about the accessibility and
2 3 4 5	world, delay is costly, right, for all of us intuitively, right? We sit in traffic. We don't want to bear that cost, and we're always looking for good substitutes or ways around that cost.	2 3 4 5	A. That was not included for two reasons. One, about the level of precision that we were conveying and about the accessibility and interpretability of that of those of that
2 3 4 5 6	world, delay is costly, right, for all of usintuitively, right? We sit in traffic. We don'twant to bear that cost, and we're always looking forgood substitutes or ways around that cost.Q. And so what did looking at the potential	2 3 4 5 6	A. That was not included for two reasons. One, about the level of precision that we were conveying and about the accessibility and interpretability of that of those of that information.
2 3 4 5 6 7	world, delay is costly, right, for all of usintuitively, right? We sit in traffic. We don'twant to bear that cost, and we're always looking forgood substitutes or ways around that cost.Q. And so what did looking at the potentialtraffic delay tell you from an economics	2 3 4 5 6 7	 A. That was not included for two reasons. One, about the level of precision that we were conveying and about the accessibility and interpretability of that of those of that information. Q. Okay. Can I first ask, when doing this
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	world, delay is costly, right, for all of us intuitively, right? We sit in traffic. We don't want to bear that cost, and we're always looking for good substitutes or ways around that cost.Q. And so what did looking at the potential traffic delay tell you from an economics perspective?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 A. That was not included for two reasons. One, about the level of precision that we were conveying and about the accessibility and interpretability of that of those of that information. Q. Okay. Can I first ask, when doing this analysis, did you say you were aware that the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 world, delay is costly, right, for all of us intuitively, right? We sit in traffic. We don't want to bear that cost, and we're always looking for good substitutes or ways around that cost. Q. And so what did looking at the potential traffic delay tell you from an economics perspective? A. So by looking at the amount of delay, we 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 A. That was not included for two reasons. One, about the level of precision that we were conveying and about the accessibility and interpretability of that of those of that information. Q. Okay. Can I first ask, when doing this analysis, did you say you were aware that the businesses were concerned about the impacts of this
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27 (Pages 1376 to 1379)

	Page 1380		Page 1382
1	(Inaudible discussion.)	1	Shilshole South (indiscernible) sand and gravel on
2	THE WITNESS: Gotcha. Thank you.	2	the southside and says that it estimated a \$32,000
3	Q. If you could turn to page 4-14.	3	impact to the business. That is not what it what
4	A. 4-14. Okay.	4	that number shows. That number shows a total
5	Q. Is that the table we've been talking	5	societal cost of all users at the PMP. So it
6	about?	6	includes vehicles, it includes pedestrians, it
7	A. Table 4-3-3, Expected Cost of Traffic	7	includes cyclists, it inclu it doesn't include
8	Delay for the year 2040 (sic) Shilshole South	8	trip purpose, whether it's a personal trip, whether
9	Alternative.	9	it's a business trip. And so we were worried that
10	Q. And that's what you just described?	10	people would make those inferences and ascribe that
11	A. It is what we just described.	11	value, and that's not what that means.
12	Q. And what is that table generally intended	12	But what we really wanted to make sure
13	to show?	13	that we protected was the core piece here is
14	A. That table generally is intended to show	14	actually identifying the amount of delay.
15	the estimate of delay as produced by the	15	Q. Does it mean that those businesses
16	Transportation Discipline Report multiplied by the	16	there won't be cost to those businesses?
17	number of vehicles by some societal average of that		A. That's not it does not exclude that
18	delay value of that delay, in terms of money.	18	possibility that they may be impacted costwise.
19	Q. Is it intended to show the actual cost to	19	Q. Okay. Do you think the information that
20	those business?	20	Mr. Cohen described as being removed from the
21	A. It does not.	21	initial draft is required for this type of analysis?
22	Q. And were you concerned that a lay person	22	A. I my understanding of SEPA is that
23	might interpret it that way?	23	it's not required
24	MR. SCHNEIDER: Objection. Leading	24	Q. Uh-huh.
25	question.	25	A that level of analysis.
	question.		
	Page 1381		Page 1383
1	Page 1381 O. Why were you concerned about that table?	1	
1 2	Q. Why were you concerned about that table?	1	Q. And in your professional opinion, do you
2	Q. Why were you concerned about that table?A. We were concerned that both a lay person	2	Q. And in your professional opinion, do you think the conclusions in the final report are as or
2 3	Q. Why were you concerned about that table?A. We were concerned that both a lay person and somebody with some high degree of sophisticatio	2 n 3	Q. And in your professional opinion, do you think the conclusions in the final report are as or more accurate in the sense of disclosing the
2 3 4	Q. Why were you concerned about that table?A. We were concerned that both a lay person and somebody with some high degree of sophisticatio may also misinterpret that result. This these	2 n 3 4	Q. And in your professional opinion, do you think the conclusions in the final report are as or more accurate in the sense of disclosing the potential economic impacts from this project?
2 3 4 5	Q. Why were you concerned about that table? A. We were concerned that both a lay person and somebody with some high degree of sophisticatio may also misinterpret that result. This these types of analyses are part of broader part of the	2 n 3 4 5	Q. And in your professional opinion, do you think the conclusions in the final report are as or more accurate in the sense of disclosing the potential economic impacts from this project?A. I agree.
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	Page 1384		Page 1386
1	information to support.	1	society as a whole, you would also look at the
2	Q. Okay. In your experience working on an	2	benefits as opposed to, well, I have a trail next to
3	EIS or working on EISs, is it common for the lead	3	my business. Is my you know, having that trail
4	agency or the project applicant to review your work	4	here, is my business better off? Are my employees
5	and offer feedback?	5	better off? How would I measure those that
6	A. I have not worked on a project where the	6	piece? Am I more productive as a business? You
7	lead applicant or agency had not reviewed my work.	7	would have to take those into consideration at a
8	Q. Okay. And did the city, in its role in	8	complete scale. And my understanding is SEPA doe
9	this project, make you change your professional	9	not require a broader benefit cost analysis.
10	opinion?	10	The third analysis that Mr. Cohen
11	A. No. Our professional opinions remained	11	described was a broader macroeconomic analysis
12	the same in both drafts, our draft and our final.	12	looking at very specific industry, the maritime
13	Q. Okay. Do you recall Mr. Cohen testifying	13	industry as he described. And that also would be a
14	about what you would need to understand in order to	14	very difficult undertaking and not one that I
15	understand the cost and impact to these businesses?	15	believe SEPA requires us to do. But if one were to
16	A. I do recall Mr. Cohen's testimony.	16	entertain such an analysis, you would have to make
17	Q. And do you think that SEPA requires that	17	some very speculative assumptions around the
18	level of analysis regarding impacts to individual	18	performance of the industry going forward.
19	businesses?	19	For example, Mr. Cohen gave the example
20	A. I believe SEPA does not require that	20	of potentially of business going out of business
21	level of analysis to individual businesses.	21	because they didn't have access to a crane. So,
22	Q. All right. And even let's assume it	22	well, then we then have to make some assumption,
23	was.	23	well, what would replace that business at a macro
24	A. Uh-huh.	24	level? Would it be a relatively same business that
25	Q. Is what Mr. Cohen described actually	25	would do things? Would that economic activity be
	Page 1385		Page 1387
1	feasible?	1	absorbed by one of its competitors? Would it be
2	A. Mr. Cohen described in his testimony,	2	replaced by a more productive industrial business
3	three separate analyses.	3	and grow the industry? Or would it actually be a
4	The first analysis he described is	4	negative impact?
5	estimating a financial impact for the purposes of	5	All of those are really hard things to
6	understanding profitability on businesses from the	6	predict, obviously, if anybody does looks at our
7	trail. And he also so I'll take that analysis	7	macro environment, there's it's a very dynamic
8	first.	8	complex situation, and that level of precision is
9	So that analysis would require a lot of	9	just not possible in terms of that kind of analysis.
10	information, much of which I previously described.	10	Q. Were you aware of any EISs that include
11	You would have to know something about their	11	any of those three types of
12	marketplace. You would have to know something about	12	A. I'm not aware of any EISs that have any
13	their production function. What does it cost for	13	of those three analyses.
14	them produce those? If what is their experience	14	Q. And you talked a lot about what I think
15	with the trail today? How might that change with	15	he called business operation costs.
16	the trail going forward in the future? Do they have	16	A. Uh-huh
17	good substitutes to change their operations in a	17	Q. What is that data relevant to showing?
18	less costly way? How does that then impact it?	18	A. Ultimately, assessing business operation
19	So, it will require, as I said before, a	19	cost is really knowing the purpose of understanding
20	lot of information, very detailed information that	20	business viability in terms of profitability. Do my
21	would not likely be feasibly collected as part of a	21	costs somehow rise to some level that it eats into
22	SEPA analysis.	22	my profitability, then I'm not longer a viable
23	The second analysis he described is a	23	enterprise.
24			
25	broader cost benefit analysis where not only would you look at the costs to those businesses and to	24	Q. And was your methodology able to isolate the potential impact of the trail compared to the

29 (Pages 1384 to 1387)

	Page 1388		Page 1390
1	impact of other types of things going on in the	1	A-17, which is in Volume X. And it's going to be
2	neighborhood?	2	tab 350-66.
3	A. No, our analysis does not do that.	3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Which page?
4	Q. And did you in what way did you try to	4	MS. FERGUSON: Four six.
5	do that?	5	BY MS. FERGUSON:
6	A. I'm not aware that SEPA requires us to	б	Q. Okay. Can you please read the very first
7	distinguish the single incremental effect here	7	paragraph on that page?
8	versus other macroeconomic changes within the	8	A. On four six?
9	within the area, and it would be a very difficult	9	Q. Uh-huh.
10	analysis to do, but you would have to undertake a	10	A. Okay.
11	similar one, as I described in that first piece, of	11	Q. It starts with "For commercial property."
12	understanding exactly what a business is doing,	12	A. Yeah. So, "How multi-use trails
13	what how is it what are all the different	13	negatively affect property value. The operation of
14	competitive pressures, like, encroachment, as	14	the BGT Missing Link may pose several different
15	Mr. Cohen suggested, or complaints from neighbors.	15	types of impacts to commercial properties."
16	You'd have to estimate the impact on their	16	Q. And I'm going to actually just have you
17	profitability of those pieces and compare that to	17	skip forward, because I don't want to make you
18	what a trail would introduce.	18	A. Sure.
19	Q. Does the hedonic model try to distinguish	19	Q read the whole paragraph.
20	between what is the	20	There's a line that starts with, "For
21	A. Hedonic model is our best attempt and our	21	commercial properties."
22	profession's best tool to try to isolate the	22	A. In the first paragraph?
23	incremental impact of a trail on different types of	23	Q. Yes.
24	land uses as measured, but it's not a complete tool.	24	A. Okay. "For commercial properties with
25	It doesn't tell us everything, which is why we have	25	frequent shipping activity located adjacent to the
	Page 1389		Page 1391
1	different types of approaches and analysis in our	1	trail, the traffic on the (undiscernible) may
2	Economic Considerations Report.	2	disrupt delivery patterns. To some extent, these
3	Q. Okay. Speaking of that, does the	3	effects may be mitigated by businesses adjusting
4	report's methodology account for proximity to the	4	their delivery schedules to times of day with less
5	trail?	5	frequent pedestrian or bicycle traffic. These
6	A. It does. It accounts for proximity and	б	changes in delivery activity may harm businesses'
7	adjacency to the trail in the hedonic analysis. We	7	profitability and somewhat disrupt traffic patterns
8	have an explicit variable in all all of our	8	in the vicinity."
9	models that measure distance to the existing multi-	9	Q. And what do you think that discloses?
10	use trail. And then it's also included as part of	10	A. It discloses that there may be harm to
11	our discussion of impacts to different land uses as	11	these business from being adjacent to the trail.
12	part of our impact analysis.	12	Q. And did you review the Transportation
13	Q. Okay. Did you hear Mr. Cohen talk about	13	Discipline Report in performing your analysis?
14	whether or not we considered adjacency to the trail?	14	A. We did.
15	A. I don't recall that specifically.	15	Q. And how did that inform your analysis?
16	Q. Okay. Was do you think that that was	16	A. We relied on information in the
17	disclosed, that we considered adjacency to the	17	Discipline Report to assess the value of travel time
18	trail?	18	delay.
19	A. Yes.	19	Q. And did you also review the Parking
20	Q. I'm going to have you turn	20	Discipline Report?
21	A. It's at the core of our analysis around	21	A. We did.
22	what does being close to the trail mean.	22	Q. And how did that inform your analysis?
23	Q. Okay. And then can I also just have you	23	A. Relied on the parking analysis to make
24	turn to page 46 of a new exhibit, which, of course,	24	assessments around how parking did changes in
25	is in a different book. It's Appellant's Exhibit	25	parking would be affected or how business would

30 (Pages 1388 to 1391)

1	Page 1392		Page 1394
	be affected by changes in parking availability.	1	Q. So, I think you may have said this
2	Q. And in your role, is it common to rely on	2	before, but I just want to make sure.
3	the expertise of other experts in other areas?	3	In your opinion, do you think that the
4	A. It is common.	4	report analyzes and discloses the economic factors
5	Q. And do you agree with the conclusions in	5	relevant to this project?
6	that report generally?	6	A. I do.
7	A. I have no professional experience to say	7	Q. Okay. And do you think those factors
8	to assess that they would be incorrect.	8	take into account the particular context of this
9	Q. And was economics or was the Economics	9	project in an area where maritime industrial
10	Considerations Report updated for the final EIS?	10	activity is being placed?
11	A. It was not.	11	A. Specific, yes, I do. We treat that both
12	Q. Why not?	12	in our analytic approach and in our discussion.
13	A. We were not asked to update it for the	13	Q. Okay. And do you believe that it is
14	final EIS.	14	likely that this project would result in the closure
15	Q. And are you aware that the final EIS	15	or relocation of any of the businesses along the
16	included a new preferred alternative?	16	proposed route?
17	A. I am aware.	17	A. It's impossible for us to say with any
18	Q. And are you aware that it combined or	18	degree of precision or certainty whether any
19	what's your understanding of what the preferred	19	individual business would be would result in
20	alternative is?	20	closure.
21	A. My understanding of the preferred	21	Q. Okay. So
22	alternative, that it takes one of the aligned	22	A. And and in my understanding of SEPA is
23	portion portions of one of the alignments in some	23	we don't we're not required to make those types
24	other segments to construct a new alternative.	24	of precise judgments where the data don't allow us
25	Q. And can you explain how you think the	25	to.
	Page 1393		Page 1395
1	original Economics Consideration Report evaluated	1	Q. Okay. So you think that or is the
2	economic factors related to that (indiscernible)	2	possibility of that harm disclosed in the report?
3	A. And so broadly, right, we tried to	3	A. Yes. The possibility of that harm is
4	identify how different types of businesses may be	4	disclosed.
5	impacted due to their adjacency to the trail. We	5	Q. Okay. And how do you think that your
6	talked about alternatives, and we discussed it in	б	report helps decisionmakers and allows them to
7	some of the segments.	7	
,	The learnings and findings of these		compare the potential impact of the various
8	The learnings and findings of those	8	alternatives?
8 9	impacts would be portable to the discussion and	9	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind
8 9 10	impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative.	9 10	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it
8 9 10 11	impacts would be portable to the discussion andevaluation of a preferred alternative.Q. And in your opinion, did the Final	9 10 11	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that
8 9 10 11 12	impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative.Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft	9 10 11 12	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment.
8 9 10 11 12 13	impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative.Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of	9 10 11 12 13	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative. Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of the available or all of the alternatives 	9 10 11 12 13 14	 alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how businesses may both positively and negatively be
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative. Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of the available or all of the alternatives including the preferred alternative? 	9 10 11 12 13 14 15	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how businesses may both positively and negatively be impacted. And it treats, with some differential,
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative. Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of the available or all of the alternatives including the preferred alternative? A. It would be my opinion, yes. 	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how businesses may both positively and negatively be impacted. And it treats, with some differential, the nature of those businesses separating out
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative. Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of the available or all of the alternatives including the preferred alternative? A. It would be my opinion, yes. MS. FERGUSON: Okay. It's 10:30. I 	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how businesses may both positively and negatively be impacted. And it treats, with some differential, the nature of those businesses separating out residential from commercial and resident
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative. Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of the available or all of the alternatives including the preferred alternative? A. It would be my opinion, yes. MS. FERGUSON: Okay. It's 10:30. I have just a few questions. THE HEARING EXAMINER: You've got a couple minutes. MS. FERGUSON: Okay. 	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how businesses may both positively and negatively be impacted. And it treats, with some differential, the nature of those businesses separating out residential from commercial and resident industrial uses. Q. And has anything you've heard in this hearing so far or any of the evidence you've seen, changed any of your opinions?
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative. Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of the available or all of the alternatives including the preferred alternative? A. It would be my opinion, yes. MS. FERGUSON: Okay. It's 10:30. I have just a few questions. THE HEARING EXAMINER: You've got a couple minutes. MS. FERGUSON: Okay. THE HEARING EXAMINER: We'll just go 	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how businesses may both positively and negatively be impacted. And it treats, with some differential, the nature of those businesses separating out residential from commercial and resident industrial uses. Q. And has anything you've heard in this hearing so far or any of the evidence you've seen, changed any of your opinions? A. No.
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 impacts would be portable to the discussion and evaluation of a preferred alternative. Q. And in your opinion, did the Final Economics Report that was published with the draft EIS, analyze the economic factors related to all of the available or all of the alternatives including the preferred alternative? A. It would be my opinion, yes. MS. FERGUSON: Okay. It's 10:30. I have just a few questions. THE HEARING EXAMINER: You've got a couple minutes. MS. FERGUSON: Okay. THE HEARING EXAMINER: We'll just go 	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 alternatives? A. Yeah. And so, I think it does it in kind of, you know two two three ways. One, it gives them a way to think about this issue that provides some clarity and consistency of treatment. It provides a set of means and mechanisms about how businesses may both positively and negatively be impacted. And it treats, with some differential, the nature of those businesses separating out residential from commercial and resident industrial uses. Q. And has anything you've heard in this hearing so far or any of the evidence you've seen, changed any of your opinions? A. No.

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	Page 1396		Page 1398
1	seconds over. That's pretty good.	1	action being contemplated and compare it to other
2	MS. FERGUSON: That's really good.	2	factors that are occurring within the environment,
3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: We'll stop	3	which our report did and some considerations in
4	there and come back at a quarter to.	4	Chapter 5 of our final Environmental Considerations
5	Thank you.	5	Report.
6	(Recess taken.)	6	Q. Okay. Thank you.
7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you		MR. COHEN: No other questions,
8	MR. COHEN: So but it's one	8	Judge.
9	what is it? It's in	9	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you.
10	MS. FERGUSON: A-5.	10	MS. FERGUSON: Just as a procedural
11	MR. COHEN: We're talking A-5. No	11	matter, before we get started, actually, two things.
12	problem.	12	One, we'd like to have an exhibit marked. The
13	MR. BROWER: And the other things on	13	parties have agreed that the full draft EIS should
14	the the video have already been admitted, the	14	be admitted as an exhibit. So it's in the
15	movies, the animations.	15	Appellant's notebook Volume 6. It's Tab A-336.1
16	MR. COHEN: They have?	16	through
17	MS. FERGUSON: Yeah. The AutoTURN	17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm sorry.
18	animations?	18	Could you say that number again?
19	MR. COHEN: Okay.	19	MS. FERGUSON: A-336 I'm sorry,
20	MR. COHEN. Okay. MR. BROWER: So that's	20	A-336.1 through A-337. And that is the full draft
20 21		20	-
	MR. COHEN: Well, we didn't look at	22	Environmental Impact Statement that we've been
22 23	things that were	22	referring to throughout. And I guess that would be R
	(Pause in proceedings.)		
24	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you	24 25	THE HEARING EXAMINER: That would be
25	I'll adjust for my other container. I lost my	25	R-34.
	Page 1397		Page 1399
1	pitcher to a witness yesterday.	1	MS. FERGUSON: R-34.
2	Mr. Cohen?	2	THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.
3	MR. COHEN: I have a couple of	3	Just a moment. Let me see if I've got Volume 6.
4	questions, Your Honor.	4	MR. SCHNEIDER: Mr. Examiner, you
5	CROSS-EXAMINATION	5	don't have it.
6	BY MR. COHEN:	6	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. All
7	Q. Mr. Shook, I want to ask you about a	7	right. R-34 admitted.
8	couple of things that I think I heard you say and	8	MR. KISIELIUS: Thank you.
9	make sure that my understanding is accurate. First,	9	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.
10	I think you testified that SEPA did not require that	10	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-34 ADMITTED.)
11	an economic analysis consider the impact individual	11	THE HEARING EXAMINER: We also didn't
12	properties?	12	have R-33, the resume?
13	A. I don't remember saying that, but if I	13	MS. FERGUSON: I'd like to admit that
14	did, let me clarify that I don't believe SEPA	14	also.
1 5			
15	requires us to look at the impacts to specific	15	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. R-33 is
16	businesses and their profitability.	16	admitted.
16 17	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement	16 17	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.)
16	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement that SEPA does not require that an analysis look at	16 17 18	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you said
16 17 18 19	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement that SEPA does not require that an analysis look at the impact of the particular project under review as	16 17 18 19	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you said there was another item in there?
16 17 18	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement that SEPA does not require that an analysis look at the impact of the particular project under review as opposed to that project plus all of the other macro	16 17 18 19 20	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you said
16 17 18 19	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement that SEPA does not require that an analysis look at the impact of the particular project under review as opposed to that project plus all of the other macro changes occurring in the neighborhood. Did I get	16 17 18 19 20 21	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you said there was another item in there?
16 17 18 19 20	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement that SEPA does not require that an analysis look at the impact of the particular project under review as opposed to that project plus all of the other macro	16 17 18 19 20	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you said there was another item in there? MR. SCHNEIDER: The videos?
16 17 18 19 20 21	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement that SEPA does not require that an analysis look at the impact of the particular project under review as opposed to that project plus all of the other macro changes occurring in the neighborhood. Did I get	16 17 18 19 20 21	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you said there was another item in there? MR. SCHNEIDER: The videos? THE HEARING EXAMINER: Uh-huh
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	businesses and their profitability. Q. Okay. And there was another statement that SEPA does not require that an analysis look at the impact of the particular project under review as opposed to that project plus all of the other macro changes occurring in the neighborhood. Did I get that right?	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	admitted. (RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-33 ADMITTED.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you said there was another item in there? MR. SCHNEIDER: The videos? THE HEARING EXAMINER: Uh-huh (affirmative response).

32 (Pages 1396 to 1399)

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1	Page 1400		Page 1402
	MR. BROWER: which is the edited	1	MR. COHEN: It's bulky.
2	video that was our Mr. Scott Anderson's testimony.	2	MR. BROWER: I've tried to email it
	It also includes the four video animations that were	3	three times. Excuse me, but it's 114 megabytes, so,
	part of Mr. Kuznicky's testimony, which have already	4	yes, I will do that.
	been admitted.	5	MR. COHEN: Thank you so much.
6	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm sorry. I	6	MR. BROWER: Of course.
	was distracted and marking things.	7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.
8	MR. SCHNEIDER: Okay. Certainly.	8	A-5 is admitted then.
9	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I was	9	MR. BROWER: Thank you.
	anticipating there was a single video and you were	10	(APPELLANT'S EXHIBIT A-5 ADMITTED.)
	listing several that are in there?	11	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Is there
12	MR. BROWER: Certainly, and it has	12	anything else, Ms. Ferguson?
	the four video animations that were a part of	13	MS. FERGUSON: No.
	Mr. Kuznicky's testimony. And presumed to augment,	14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.
	(indiscernible) has reviewed Exhibit A-5, and I'll	15	CROSS-EXAMINATION
		16	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
	let them speak for themselves.		
17	MS. FERGUSON: Yeah. It may be	17	Q. So, Mr. Shook, you made a number of
	admitted.	18	comments about what SEPA does and does not require
19	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. So we	19	with regard to economic analysis. What are those
	have A-5 in here and the four video animations. And	20	statements based on?
	was there something else?	21	A. It's based on my understanding of working
22	MR. BROWER: No. That's all that's	22	with environmental review and doing some specialized
	on that drive.	23	training for Department of Ecology around
24	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Were the video		environmental impact studies.
25	animations given any exhibit number?	25	Q. And does the City of Seattle treat
	Page 1401		Page 1403
1	MR. KISIELIUS: They were and I	1	economic issues differently than the state SEPA
2	apologize. I	2	rules?
3	MS. FERGUSON: A-7, A-8, A-9, A-10.	3	A. My understanding is there's some slight
4	MR. COHEN: So for clarity, there are	4	difference, yes.
5	five videos on that flash drive?	5	Q. I'm sorry?
б	MR. BROWER: Yes.	6	A. My understanding is there's some slight
7	MR. COHEN: And are we assigning and	7	difference.
8	separate number to the one that Mr that supports	8	Q. And, in fact
9	Mr. Anderson's testimony?	9	A. I'm not familiar with the exacts.
10	MR. BROWER: A-5.	10	Q. Okay. And when you set out to do that
11	MR. COHEN: Oh, okay. And the others	11	Environmental Considerations Report, what was your
12	are were previously admitted?	12	goal? What was your understanding of the purpose of
13	MR. BROWER: Yes.	13	your preparing this report?
14	MR. COHEN: exhibits?	14	A. Our goal and purpose was to try to
15	MS. FERGUSON: Yeah.	15	understand how businesses within the area might be
16	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yeah.	16	impacted by the differential alignments contemplated
17	MR. BROWER: So the only one we're	17	in the EIS.
18	moving to admit right now is A-5. The rest have	18	Q. So at the conclusion of Ms. Ferguson's
I - ~	already been admitted. I was just physically	19	questions, she directed your attention to a sentence
19	delivering them in a way that the Examiner can have	20	from the final version of your report. Is that
	-		
19 20	them in the record.	21	sentence that you read the conclusion the
19 20	MR. COHEN: Okay. And Counsel, could	21 22	sentence that you read the conclusion the takeaway that the businesses should is that what
19 20 21 22			
19 20 21 22 23	MR. COHEN: Okay. And Counsel, could	22	takeaway that the businesses should is that what

33 (Pages 1400 to 1403)

1	Page 1404		Page 1406
1	reference the portion of the exhibit you're talking	1	businesses?
2	about?	2	Q. I'm
3	MR. SCHNEIDER: I am scrambling	3	A. As a class of business?
4	desperately to find it.	4	Q. My analysis assumes that as you go
5	MR. COHEN: Thank you so much.	5	through your report you talk about the impacts on
6	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	6	industrial businesses and commercial properties and
7	Q. You were asked to read from page 4-6 of	7	so forth.
8	the final report which is A-17. Can you turn to	8	A. Yeah.
9	that page again? I'm sorry. Still open?	9	Q. So now I'm asking you just to narrow the
10	A. 4-6 of A-17? Yes. I have it.	10	focus of our conversation to the impacts on the
11	Q. And you read from the first paragraph on	11	industrial businesses along Shilshole.
12	that page?	12	A. I don't think I understand what the
13	A. Uh-huh (affirmative response).	13	difference is.
14	Q. And, again, my question is is that the	14	Q. Well, do you disagree that your report
15	takeaway for the businesses along Shilshole from	15	distinguishes between different kinds of businesses,
16	your report?	16	those that are industrial and those that are not?
17	A. No. I think we break it up by different	17	A. Do I disagree that my report our
18	types of businesses business use, and we discuss	18	report distinguishes between different classes of
19	the impacts to the businesses throughout the	19	land use and businesses that occupy those land uses.
20	Environmental Considerations Report.	20	Q. Right. And now, again, I'm asking you to
21	Q. Okay. So if I let's assume that I'm	21	tell me as the hypothetical owner of an industrial
22	the owner of a maritime industrial business along	22	business what I'm supposed to learn from your report
23	Shilshole. What is your report tell me that I	23	about the potential impacts of this trail.
24	didn't know before you prepared the report just in	24	A. Isn't that the entire report? I don't
25	terms of conclusions? You can direct me to specific	25	Q. I'm asking you for the
	Page 1405		Page 1407
1	language.	1	A. So there are sections that talk about how
2	A. Well, I don't know what people knew	2	to think about this, like how would a trail impact
3	before or after. So it's so I would have to say	3	your business. There is a characterization of the
4	then everything we disclose here is potentially new	4	environment that exists within there. There is a
5	information for them.	5	discussion of different land uses and how those
6	Q. Okay. Well, then let me put it a	б	businesses may will be positively and negatively
7	different way. Direct me to the portions of your	7	impacted. And we discussed those things by
8	final report that inform the owner of an industrial	8	alternative alignment.
9	maritime business on Shilshole of the effect of this	9	Q. Okay. So for comparison, Mr. Shook,
10	project on that business. Now I'm asking you to	10	let's go back to your draft report which is Exhibit
11	turn to your report and tell us where is the	11	A-15.
12	hypothetical owner go to understand the impacts.	12	A. Which (indiscernible) are we looking at?
13	A. Various places.	13	Q. And that's in it's you also were
14	Q. Let's go through them.	14	using it.
15	A. Okay. Let's start with the Executive	15	MR. KISIELIUS: Volume 9.
	Summary where we discuss both facility and how it may impact different businesses.	16	THE WITNESS: Oh, sorry. So A-15.
16	may impact different businesses	17	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
17	•	10	
17 18	Q. Okay. So this	18	Q. And in terms of one of the pages that
17 18 19	Q. Okay. So this A. All right.	19	Ms. Ferguson asked you about.
17 18 19 20	 Q. Okay. So this A. All right. Q. Turn to if you could identify specific 	19 20	Ms. Ferguson asked you about. MS. FERGUSON: It's under Tab
17 18 19 20 21	 Q. Okay. So this A. All right. Q. Turn to if you could identify specific pages and paragraphs for us, please? And again, I'm 	19 20 21	Ms. Ferguson asked you about. MS. FERGUSON: It's under Tab A-350.64.
17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. Okay. So this A. All right. Q. Turn to if you could identify specific pages and paragraphs for us, please? And again, I'm focusing now on maritime industrial businesses on 	19 20 21 22	Ms. Ferguson asked you about. MS. FERGUSON: It's under Tab A-350.64. THE WITNESS: Okay. So I'm looking
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 Q. Okay. So this A. All right. Q. Turn to if you could identify specific pages and paragraphs for us, please? And again, I'm focusing now on maritime industrial businesses on Shilshole. 	19 20 21 22 23	Ms. Ferguson asked you about. MS. FERGUSON: It's under Tab A-350.64. THE WITNESS: Okay. So I'm looking at page 4-14? Sorry. 4-14?
17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. Okay. So this A. All right. Q. Turn to if you could identify specific pages and paragraphs for us, please? And again, I'm focusing now on maritime industrial businesses on 	19 20 21 22	Ms. Ferguson asked you about. MS. FERGUSON: It's under Tab A-350.64. THE WITNESS: Okay. So I'm looking

34 (Pages 1404 to 1407)

	Page 1408		Page 1410
1	4-14 that you described at some length in response	1	Q. And is that the delay that you took from
2	to Ms. Ferguson's question. This is a table that	2	the Transportation Discipline Report?
3	provides information about costs of delay for the	3	A. The underlying information comes from the
4	Shilshole South alternative. Correct?	4	Transportation Discipline Report.
5	A. A. Correct.	5	Q. Okay. And that's a total delay over a
6	Q. And again, there is no discussion of the	6	length of street that includes Northwest 46th Street
7	preferred alternative because you didn't update the	7	and Shilshole?
8	report for the final EIS. Correct? Yeah. You need	8	A. I don't know. I don't have the alignment
9	to say out loud.	9	in front of me. I would assume that that's
10	A. Well, well, this is a draft document.	10	Q. Okay. So or is
11	We talking about the final document?	11	A. I'm sorry. Those are intersections.
12	Q. No. I'm stepping away from that at the	12	Q. Okay. So that's the delay at one
13	moment just to confirm that when we're talking about	13	specific intersection, right?
14	preliminary and final, we're talking about the	14	A. Correct.
15	document that ended up in the draft EIS. There was	15	Q. Correct? So what does that tell me as a
16	no updated document for the final EIS.	16	business along Shilshole about the economic impact
17	A. Correct.	17	on my business?
18	Q. Okay. So this if I'm a business owner	18	A. It tells you the amount of delay that
19	who owns one of the driveways that you discuss in	19	will be incurred along the alternative from all
20	this report, I learn something, don't I?	20	users.
21	A. In this one?	21	Q. It tells me the amount of delay at one
22	Q. Yes. In the draft page 4-14?	22	intersection from all users? It tells me nothing
23	A. In the draft? Yeah.	23	about the impact on my business, does it?
24	Q. Okay. And if I turn to the final report,	24	A. One's business would experience delay
25	what do I learn that would be comparable to what's	25	like all other users, and that is categorized in
	Page 1409		Page 1411
1	on this page?	1	that table.
1 2	A. You learn the amount of delay.	1 2	that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are
	A. You learn the amount of delay.Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline	2 3	that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks?
2 3 4	A. You learn the amount of delay.Q. But the delay's in the Parking DisciplineReport, isn't it?	2 3 4	that table.Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks?A. That's exactly why we took it out because
2 3 4 5	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is 	2 3 4 5	that table.Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks?A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that
2 3 4 5 6	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic 	2 3 4 5 6	that table.Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks?A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion.
2 3 4 5 6 7	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report 	2 3 4 5 6 7	that table.Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks?A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion.Q. But you did it by business in the draft
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	that table.Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks?A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion.Q. But you did it by business in the draft report.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? 	2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? A. It is included on our discussion on page 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of transportation economics and how we value time and
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? A. It is included on our discussion on page 4-7, How Trails Negatively Affect Property Value and 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of transportation economics and how we value time and what the underlying assumptions mean relative to the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? A. It is included on our discussion on page 4-7, How Trails Negatively Affect Property Value and the amount of delay is shown on page 4-9 in Table 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of transportation economics and how we value time and what the underlying assumptions mean relative to the calculation of those monetary impacts.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? A. It is included on our discussion on page 4-7, How Trails Negatively Affect Property Value and the amount of delay is shown on page 4-9 in Table 4-1 as examples. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of transportation economics and how we value time and what the underlying assumptions mean relative to the calculation of those monetary impacts. Q. Well, Mr. Shook, you've repeatedly
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? A. It is included on our discussion on page 4-7, How Trails Negatively Affect Property Value and the amount of delay is shown on page 4-9 in Table 4-1 as examples. Q. So in looking at Table 4-9 or Table 4-1 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of transportation economics and how we value time and what the underlying assumptions mean relative to the calculation of those monetary impacts. Q. Well, Mr. Shook, you've repeatedly explained that to us. Why didn't you just put the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? A. It is included on our discussion on page 4-7, How Trails Negatively Affect Property Value and the amount of delay is shown on page 4-9 in Table 4-1 as examples. Q. So in looking at Table 4-9 or Table 4-1 on page 4-9, I see a total increase in delay of 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of transportation economics and how we value time and what the underlying assumptions mean relative to the calculation of those monetary impacts. Q. Well, Mr. Shook, you've repeatedly explained that to us. Why didn't you just put the explanation in the report and leave the data and the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 A. You learn the amount of delay. Q. But the delay's in the Parking Discipline Report, isn't it? A. Correct. And that is Q. And you're looking at the Economic Discipline Report A. Yeah. Q. Correct? So where's the economic information that's comparable to what's on this Table 4-14? A. The economic information is the interpretation of the delay relative to the businesses and how it may impact their costs to operate. Q. Okay. And so, where's that information in the final? A. It is included on our discussion on page 4-7, How Trails Negatively Affect Property Value and the amount of delay is shown on page 4-9 in Table 4-1 as examples. Q. So in looking at Table 4-9 or Table 4-1 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 that table. Q. Okay. So how much of those 7,237 are attributable to my business's trucks? A. That's exactly why we took it out because we didn't have the underlying data to make that assertion. Q. But you did it by business in the draft report. A. No. It's not by business. Q. I'm sorry? A. It's just it was simply identifying driveways. Q. Right. Well A. And as I explained the reason we took it out, because people aren't even people who are sophisticated in understanding economics even might not understand the discipline of transportation economics and how we value time and what the underlying assumptions mean relative to the calculation of those monetary impacts. Q. Well, Mr. Shook, you've repeatedly explained that to us. Why didn't you just put the

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1explanation that you've been providing to us?1working, and the it's showing r2A. Because I think it requires a high degree2same way. So I just can't hear it3of sophistication, as I said, to interpret3Apologize for the interruption, M4correctly, and we did not want people to4you'll please proceed.5misunderstand what we thought is the core impact,5MR. SCHNEIDER: The	
2A. Because I think it requires a high degree2same way. So I just can't hear it3of sophistication, as I said, to interpret3Apologize for the interruption, M4correctly, and we did not want people to4you'll please proceed.	
3of sophistication, as I said, to interpret3Apologize for the interruption, N4correctly, and we did not want people to4you'll please proceed.	
4 correctly, and we did not want people to 4 you'll please proceed.	
	,
	ank you.
6 which is the value of delay that is experienced with 6 BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	
7 along the alternatives that is documented in the 7 Q. So, Mr. Shook, I honestly	don't remember
8 Transportation Discipline Report. 8 exactly where we were, but	
9 Q. So you're you took it out not because 9 A. I don't either.	
10 Mr. Mazzola told you to, but because you thought 10 Q. So my questions have bee	en about how I, as
11 that chart 11 a hypothetical owner of property	
12 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Please stop. 12 I'm to understand from reading y	
13 MR. SCHNEIDER: was 13 why don't we focus in a little bit.	
14 MS. FERGUSON: Pat 14 walk you through the headings at	
15 THE HEARING EXAMINER: What are 15 what, I assume, is the pertinent so	-
16 stop. 16 correct me if I'm wrong. So if w	
17 Did we lose recording? 17 4 of your report, that's called "Po	<u>^</u>
18 THE ASSISTANT: It stopped at 10:53. 18 on page 4-1, and I'm just going to	
19 It looks like it's recording here. See, the clock 19 here, but I want you to flip with 1	
20 is running here. (Indiscernible). So it's probably 20 Impacts" of Chapter 4, is that the	relevant Chapter?
21 recording. 21 A. Yes.	
22 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Can you listen 22 Q. Okay. And then	
23 to the recording? 23 A. Well, let me see	
24 THE ASSISTANT: I'm going to start a 24 Q. We're in the	
25 new 25 A. Yeah. Yeah. Okay.	
Page 1413	Page 1415
1 THE HEARING EXAMINER: So it's 1 Q. We're in the final report.	
2 essential that we find out whether it was recording 2 A. Want to turn to the right of	one. Yes.
3 because they are going to have to 3 Q. Okay. So "Potential impa	
4 THE ASSISTANT: We have the back up. 4 correct?	1 /
5 THE HEARING EXAMINER: so we'll 5 A. Uh-huh (affirmative respo	onse).
6 have to find out whether it's been recording or not. 6 Q. You go down the page "C	Operational
7 So take your time and find out. And you'll you 7 Impacts" section 4-22, correct?	•
8 can just play it. Sometime. 8 A. Yes.	
9 THE ASSISTANT: It's going. 9 Q. And then, if we turn over	to and then
10 (indiscernible). 10 you what you do is you dress t	he impacts by
11 THE HEARING EXAMINER: So we're sure 11 under land use,	
12 that we've recorded? We need to be 100 percent 12 A. Uh-huh (affirmative respo	onse).
13 certain we've recorded after we just 13 Q which is the heading or	n the next page.
14 (indiscernible). The only way to do that is to 14 Then you address the impacts by	property type.
15 THE ASSISTANT: Let me just record 15 Correct? It's single family prope	
16 this as a separate 16 family, commercial, mixed use?	
17 THE HEARING EXAMINER: That's fine. 17 A. Uh-huh (affirmative respo	onse).
18 It may have recorded. So I we need to just 18 Q. And then, finally we get t	
19(Recess taken.)19and Warehouse Properties" at the	e bottom of the page
20 THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right. 20 4-6?	
21 We'll get back. I'm so it has recorded, but the 21 A. Uh-huh (affirmative respo	onse).
22 only thing I can't confirm absolutely is actually 22 Q. And so, and there's appro	
23 listening to it, because I can't get the speaker to 23 page before we get to institutiona	
24 work, but it shows it's recording. I've looked back 24 A. Uh-huh (affirmative respo	
25 on the rest of the record where we know it was 25 Q. And so, this is this the	take away

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	Page 1416		Page 1418
1	that I as an industrial business in terms of the	1	industrial properties near trails?
2	impacts of this trail on my business? Is this where	2	A. Uh-huh (affirmative response).
3	I turn to learn them?	3	Q. And then, is the analysis run on the
4	A. There we have discussion in the Analysis	4	properties that adjoin the trail or on industrial
5	and Hedonic Section as part of the very specific	5	that are within a mile of the trail?
6	analysis.	6	A. The sample size is within a mile. And
7	Q. And we'll turn to that in a moment.	7	then, our variable is a proximity variable where you
8	A. And that's in the Appendix. You have	8	measure how close the property is to that trail in
9	discussion on all of the alternatives related to	9	feet.
10	some to elements that may be interest to	10	Q. And so, looking at industrial properties
11	industrial properties. And you have some discussion	11	within a mile of a trail with a variable, you
12	in Chapter 5 as well.	12	conclude what?
13	Q. In what?	13	A. Our analysis shows that there's no
14	A. Chapter 5 as well.	14	statistical significance of the association of a
15	Q. Okay. Well, why don't we discuss this	15	multi-use trail to properties values.
16	A. Sure.	15 16	Q. Okay. And the other trails that you
17	Q and I also want to ask you about the	10	used, do you know anything about the nature of the
18	hedonic. And then, if there's anything else that I	18	industrial properties, or the frequency of the trail
19	as a property owner would want to know you direct me		crossings, or any of that information?
20	to it. Okay? So turning to page 4-6, "Industrial	20	A. No.
21	and warehouse properties," your first paragraph is	20 21	Q. Those were
22	discussing your hedonic analysis?	22	A. That's not it is not information that
23	A. Uh-huh (affirmative response).	22	is contained within the data set for us to run the
23 24	Q. Actually, so why don't we just turn to	23 24	
24 25	what you referred to, Table C-4 appendix C., which	24 25	analysis.
20		20	Q. Okay. So the hedonic analysis basically Page 1419
1	Page 1417	1	-
1	is on page C-7? Correct? So what do we learn on	1	doesn't tell me anything then? There's no
2	page C-7 about how you did the industrial the	2	statistical significance?
3	hedonic analysis for the industrial properties?	3	A. So you said it doesn't tell you anything?
4	A. We learned that of the item of	4	It tells you results of this analysis that the
5	interest into proximity to the trail, that there's	5	economics profession agrees is the right way to look
6	no statistical significance of the proximity	6	at property value impacts, by regressing against the
7	adjacent to the trail to industrial properties.	7	variables that you're interested in. It tells you
8	Q. Well, before we get to that, I want you	8	that.
9	to explain how you did this analysis. What are the	9	Q. Well, but let's
10	industrial properties that you are looking, and how	10	A. The finding that you bring up is the
11	did you look at them? So can you just walk us	11	finding that there's no statistical significance
12	through this in lay person's terms?	12	no statistically significant association between
13	A. Yeah. So the sample size specifically?	13	proximity to the value of that of those
14	Q. Yes.	14	properties.
15	A. Yeah. So our analysis used the King	15	Q. Or properties within a mile of the trail?
16	County assessor's data, so it's all properties	16	A. Yes.
17	within King County. We looked at properties that	17	Q. Okay.
18	were close, I'm sorry, were within a mile of a	18	A. That's our sample size.
19	multi-use trail. So the existing Burke-Gilman	19	Q. So again, there's no specific analysis
20	Trail, I believe, I think part of the Duwamish River	20	about the or no comparison of specific properties
21	Trail, and I can't remember the other ones. But	21	in specific conditions. The statistical analysis is
22	there was a head sort of multi-use pedestrian bike	22	of properties within a mile of the trail?
23	allowances on them as our sample size, and that's	23	A. I don't understand what you mean? The
24	roughly 539 industrial properties.	24	first part? No?
25	Q. Okay. But so you identified	25	Q. The first part is you didn't go and look

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	Page 1420		Page 1422
1	at the properties and see how they were or were not	1	would all agree; they're numbers. It's
2	affected by the proximity of the trail. Correct?	2	quantitative. What else in
3	A. What do you mean by what data would	3	A. I don't know if those would be the actual
4	you think we would collect about that? Sorry, I'm	4	conditions I would to describe an economic analysis
5	just trying to understand what kind of information	5	Q. Well, I I'm just, you know, a lay
6	you think I should have been looking at?	6	person who doesn't know much about the dismal
7	Q. Well, you don't have you didn't make	7	science. So in terms of other quantified
8	any distinguishing analysis based on whether it's a	8	information, what else is in your final report that
9	manufacturing plant, or a warehouse, or whether it's	9	I, as a business owner, can look to to see
10	within whether there is an industrial driveway	10	quantified information?
11	with hundreds of trucks, or passenger driveway with	11	A. We quantified delay, and we quantified
12	passenger cars. You didn't make any analysis that	12	parking.
13	is in any way properties specific.	13	Q. Well, you didn't quantify those. You
14	A. That's not correct.	14	took those from the Transportation Discipline
15	Q. Okay. Then correct me how I'm wrong.	15	Report. Right?
16	A. You can look at the list of variables	16	A. Are they not in the report?
17	here when you collect how big the size is, how	17	Q. I'm asking you what you did to increase
18	the number of buildings that are associated, the	18	the information available to the readers of this
19	relative quality of those buildings, whether or not	19	document?
20	those uses are classified as heavy industrial, flex	20	A. The load of transportation impacts. We
21	industrial, or storage, or other uses, how intensely	21	were trying to reframe that in the economic context
22	they use it, how old the property is, whether or not	22	that here is important for both decision makers, for
23	it was waterfront frontage.	23	folks who are concerned about the project, and for
24	We also want to care about the relative	24	business owners to say this is how you want to think
25	amenity value, like, is it close to the trail? Is	25	about the impacts.
	Page 1421		Page 1423
1	there proximities? Is it close to Puget Sound? Is	1	Q. Okay. And so
2	it to a lake? What's it's rough accessibility to	2	A. Yeah. And here's the relevant
3	major roadways? How close it is to major	3	information from other experts that, as best we can,
4	populations and markets to downtown Seattle or	4	under what I understand was required under SEPA, and
5	downtown Bellevue? And we want a control for the	5	disclose it in our economic considerations for the
6	fixed effects of fluctuations within the broader	6	analysis.
7	economy.	7	Q. Mr. Shook, you've identified your hedonic
8	Q. Okay. So there are	8	model. You've identified two pieces of information
9	A. And that is the variables that are	9	you took from the Transportation Discipline Report.
10	available to us that are appropriate to use and	10	My question is what other quantified information did
11	contained in the King County data set.	11	you as an economist contribute to this report?
12	Q. So the variables that you used are the	12	MS. FERGUSON: I'm going to object.
13	ones that are on pages of C-7 and C-8? Correct?	13	Asked and answered.
14	A. Those are the ones in the final log.	14	MR. SCHNEIDER: No. It hasn't been
15	Yes.	15	answered.
16	Q. Okay. So in terms of the nature of the	16	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
17	business, you distinguish between heavy industrial	17	Q. What other information did you
18	and flex industrial and storage?	18	contribute?
19	A. Uh-huh (affirmative response).	19	MS. FERGUSON: Let's let the Examiner
20	Q. And then, everything else is in other	20	rule.
21	use?	21	THE HEARING EXAMINER: The difficulty
22 23	A. Yes. That's correct.	22 23	I'm having is whether it's been asked and answered is just the gentlemen have moved into a bit of a
23 24	Q. Okay. A. Yeah.	23 24	conversational tone with statements being made by
	A. Yeah. Q. So that's an economic analysis I think we	24 25	Mr. Schneider, as opposed to questions, and the
25			

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	Page 1424		Page 1426
1	witness asking questions. So I'll allow the	1	THE WITNESS: So if I understand the
2	question as a form of summary or a bit of	2	question, where else is there a quantitative
3	conversation.	3	analysis? Section
4	THE WITNESS: Yeah. The other	4	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
5	economic information is contained in the existing	5	Q. That informs me, as a business owner, of
6	analysis that shows trends around employment, land	6	the impact on my business. And if this is
7	use, assess valuation, changes in commercial real	7	background quantification, fine.
8	estate prices, and vacancy. Those are all examples	8	So let's go through. You're give us a
9	of other quantitative information that document what		description of what's on page 3-5.
10	we understand to be the conditions in the area.	10	A. 3-5 is the calculation of land by type.
11	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	11	Q. Okay.
12	Q. Okay. So point to a specific place where	12	A. 3-6 is the assessment evaluation by type.
13	that quantification that you just referred to is	13	3-7 is a list of most valuable 10 most valuable
14	found.	14	parcel or sorry, 10 most valuable parcels in
15	A. Beginning on page 3-3, Section 3.2.	15	10-15. Section 3.3 shows the rental price for
16	Document the amount of land to	16	different classes of commercial real estate off
17	Q. Hang on.	17	industrial, multi-family, office and retail. And
18	THE HEARING EXAMINER: You're in	18	3-9 has a description of the rates. 3-4 has a
19	A-17? Is that right? The final report, A-17?	19	description of the employment conditions within the
20	THE WITNESS: A-17. Yes.	20	area.
21	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	21	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Sorry. If you
22	Q. Yes. It's 3-3?	22	could just when
23	A. Uh-huh. So we give people a sense of	23	THE WITNESS: Oh, for 3-10.
24	sort of the rough distribution on page 3.5 of how	24	THE HEARING EXAMINER: you're
25	land is allocated by different use, as reported by.	25	yeah, stick to consistently referring. If we're
	Page 1425		Page 1427
1	And then, we have on 3.4 we have amount of value a	s 1	going to be doing page numbers, don't go to
2	assessed by the King County assessor.	2	sections.
3	Q. Okay. So I'm not in the same place you	3	THE WITNESS: 3-10 has a description
4	are. Where?	4	of the employment conditions and trends through
5	A. Page 3.6 in Section 3.211.	5	time, as well as a relative sorry. And then on
6	Q. Okay. Use the if you would, the page	6	3-11 has a description of their composition through
7	numbers that are on the left	7	
	numbers that are on the fert		time. We document the commercial retail aspects of
8	A Oh the A-350?		time. We document the commercial retail aspects of different industries on page 3-12. Lestimate
8	A. Oh, the A-350?	8	different industries on page 3-12. I estimate
9	Q. No.	8 9	different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales.
9 10	Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a	8 9 10	different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and
9 10 11	Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the	8 9 10 11	different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions.
9 10 11 12	Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final?	8 9 10 11 12	different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
9 10 11	Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks	8 9 10 11	different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else?
9 10 11 12 13	Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if
9 10 11 12 13 14	Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks	8 9 10 11 12 13	different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else?
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it;
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. Q. Maybe the problem is we're not keeping up 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it; that is the limitation of it. Q. Okay. So what in the pages that you just
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. Q. Maybe the problem is we're not keeping up with you. So 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it; that is the limitation of it. Q. Okay. So what in the pages that you just went through, which I think went approximately from
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. Q. Maybe the problem is we're not keeping up 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it; that is the limitation of it. Q. Okay. So what in the pages that you just
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. Q. Maybe the problem is we're not keeping up with you. So MS. FERGUSON: And can you just 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it; that is the limitation of it. Q. Okay. So what in the pages that you just went through, which I think went approximately from page 3-5 to 3-15, what does that tell me about, as an owner of a industrial business on Shilshole, of
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. Q. Maybe the problem is we're not keeping up with you. So MS. FERGUSON: And can you just confirm the tab number? 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it; that is the limitation of it. Q. Okay. So what in the pages that you just went through, which I think went approximately from page 3-5 to 3-15, what does that tell me about, as
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. Q. Maybe the problem is we're not keeping up with you. So MS. FERGUSON: And can you just confirm the tab number? THE WITNESS: Tab number is A-350-66 or point 66? 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it; that is the limitation of it. Q. Okay. So what in the pages that you just went through, which I think went approximately from page 3-5 to 3-15, what does that tell me about, as an owner of a industrial business on Shilshole, of the potential impacts of the project on my business? A. We didn't do an analysis of impacts to
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 Q. No. MS. FERGUSON: And just so we have a clear record, I think you might be looking at the or are looking at the draft or the final? THE WITNESS: A-17? This looks yeah, this is the final. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So go more slowly A. Okay. Q. Maybe the problem is we're not keeping up with you. So MS. FERGUSON: And can you just confirm the tab number? THE WITNESS: Tab number is A-350-66 	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 different industries on page 3-12. I estimate looking at what's happening in taxable retail sales. And then, we have some description on page 3-14 and 3-15 on the parking conditions. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. Anything else? A. That in terms of by quantitative if you the definition is where did we measure something and said and ascribed a value to it; that is the limitation of it. Q. Okay. So what in the pages that you just went through, which I think went approximately from page 3-5 to 3-15, what does that tell me about, as an owner of a industrial business on Shilshole, of the potential impacts of the project on my business?

39 (Pages 1424 to 1427)

	Page 1428		Page 1430
1	A. We described what happens broadly and how	1	at the time of analysis we would have considered it.
2	those factors may impact specific different types	2	Q. Okay. And then, lets why don't you
3	of land uses and businesses given the composition	3	just read for us the entire summary in your report
4	within the study area.	4	about how multi-use trails negatively affect
5	Q. Okay. So then, let's go back to	5	property value?
6	"Operational Impacts" and the section on industrial	6	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And this is a
7	and warehouse properties, which begins at the bottom	7	page?
8	of page 4-6. Correct?	8	MR. SCHNEIDER: 4 4-7, the last
9	A. Yes.	9	paragraph above Institutional Properties.
10	Q. And we've already discussed the hedonic	10	THE WITNESS: "The results of the
11	analysis. Is there any other quantification of	11	impact of proximity of industrial properties to
12	information in that discussion?	12	multi-use trails in Kent County are shown in Table
13	A. I believe we included what we think is	13	C-4, Appendix 6."
14	the appropriate amount of quantification given what	14	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
15	we know.	15	Q. No. No. We're not on the same place.
16	Q. Mr. Shook, please answer my question.	16	A. Where are we?
17	A. And those I	17	Q. We're again on page 4-7?
18	Q. Mr. Shook, I didn't ask you whether you	18	A. Oh, on the negatively part? Sorry.
19	included the appropriate amount. I asked you	19	Q. Yes.
20	whether you included any?	20	A. Okay. "The operation of the B.G.T
21	A. I was going to finish my answer.	21	Missing Link may impede some industrial users
22	Q. No. You answer my question please. Did	22	located adjacent to the trail due to congestion of
23	you include any quantification? Yes or no?	23	industrial traffic to pedestrian and bicycle use.
24	A. And there's no other quantification	24	Industrial users may be required to adjust delivery
25	Q. There's no quantification?	25	patterns where the trail crosses loading docks or
	Page 1429		Page 1431
1	Page 1429 A of impacts to specific businesses and	1	Page 1431 driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy
1 2		1 2	5
	A of impacts to specific businesses and		driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy
2	A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No.Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already	2 3 4	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more
2 3	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multi- 	2 3 4	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk
2 3 4	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You 	2 3 4	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance
2 3 4 5	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value 	2 3 4 · 5	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ
2 3 4 5 6	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust
2 3 5 6 7 8 9	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's
2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all alternatives, not Shilshole. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the B.G.T. This may result in more scheduled hours of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all alternatives, not Shilshole. Q. It's industrial and warehouse properties. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the B.G.T. This may result in more scheduled hours of operation and higher labor costs to these users.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all alternatives, not Shilshole. Q. It's industrial and warehouse properties. A. Yeah. But you said Shilshole. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the B.G.T. This may result in more scheduled hours of operation and higher labor costs to these users. These additional operating challenges are likely to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all alternatives, not Shilshole. Q. It's industrial and warehouse properties. A. Yeah. But you said Shilshole. Q. Excuse me. In that's an appropriate 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the B.G.T. This may result in more scheduled hours of operation and higher labor costs to these users. These additional operating challenges are likely to increase cost of production for these users and
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all alternatives, not Shilshole. Q. It's industrial and warehouse properties. A. Yeah. But you said Shilshole. Q. Excuse me. In that's an appropriate qualification. Is it based on any information about 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the B.G.T. This may result in more scheduled hours of operation and higher labor costs to these users. These additional operating challenges are likely to increase cost of production for these users and these costs are unlikely to be passed on to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all alternatives, not Shilshole. Q. It's industrial and warehouse properties. A. Yeah. But you said Shilshole. Q. Excuse me. In that's an appropriate qualification. Is it based on any information about how many, what percentage, what number of the 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the B.G.T. This may result in more scheduled hours of operation and higher labor costs to these users. These additional operating challenges are likely to increase cost of production for these users and these costs are unlikely to be passed on to consumers due to competition from producers also in
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 A of impacts to specific businesses and their profitability. No. Q. So let's see what you did say. Once we get past the hedonic analysis, which we've already discussed, what else do you say? You say how multiuse trails positively affect properties value. You say it's going to positively affect properties value because of improved access for employees. And is that based on any understanding of how many of the employees on Shilshole commute by foot or bicycle? A. This is impacts common to all alternatives, not Shilshole. Q. It's industrial and warehouse properties. A. Yeah. But you said Shilshole. Q. Excuse me. In that's an appropriate qualification. Is it based on any information about how many, what percentage, what number of the employees of industrial and warehouse properties in this Ballard study area get to work by foot or by bicycle? 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 driveways. In addition, the operation of heavy machinery and trucks in an environment with more pedestrian bicycle travelers may increase the risk of accident. Increases in risk of automotive accident could trigger I'm sorry could result in hot sorry could result in higher insurance costs or require some waver expenditures to employ traffic flaggers to avoid collisions. Industrial businesses may need to adapt somewhat by adjust delivery schedules to times and days when there's relatively few pedestrians and bicyclists using the B.G.T. This may result in more scheduled hours of operation and higher labor costs to these users. These additional operating challenges are likely to increase cost of production for these users and these costs are unlikely to be passed on to consumers due to competition from producers also in the region." Q. Okay. Is there anything else that I, as the hypothetical owner of an industrial business
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	Page 1432		Page 1434
1	A. Given the amount of information in our	1	A. Yes. That's correct.
2	approach that was the level of precision we could	2	Q. Okay. And the draft report using those
3	get to.	3	dollar values includes the impacts of this proposal
4	Q. So why does it take an economist to write	4	will be significant, doesn't it?
5	that paragraph? Isn't that something that anyone	5	A. I don't believe that's what that says.
6	who owns a business along there already knows?	6	Q. Would you turn to Exhibit A-15, which is
7	A. I don't know what everybody else knows.	7	in the other volume, it's behind Tab A-350.64.
8	Q. Okay. So what do you think you added as	8	A. So it is Tab A-350.64?
9	an economist in terms of value here for the decision	9	Q. Yes.
10	makers about the impacts on industrial businesses?	10	A. Okay.
11	A. Yeah. So I'll restate what I said	11	MS. FERGUSON: I'm sorry, Pat. What
12	previously, that our engagement here was really to	12	page?
13		13	
13 14	describe from an economic perspective how a facility	13 14	MR. SCHNEIDER: Actually, I'm going
15	like this may impose both benefits and costs. Right? That is a value add and not something that	14 15	to change and go to your deposition. Mr. Shook, you have them? It's Mr. Schultheiss.
16	e e	15 16	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
17	I've seen discusses in any previous documents that I	17	
18	reviewed. And that is an important way to think about this issue.	18	Q. I apologize for the delay here. That's a copy of your deposition. Could you open it please?
19	We have further then defined how		
20		19 20	And do you recall your deposition that I took on
20	different things both on the positive side and the	20 21	October 24th? A. I do.
21	negative side by different class of businesses. We	∠⊥ 22	
	are not able, given our analysis, what we did, and		Q. Okay. I'd like you to turn please to
23	what we believe SEPA requires, to precisely estimate	23	page 57. And I direct your attention to lines 20
24	any costs, because we don't know both what the	24	through 25. Why don't I read my question and you
25	benefits are. We don't know what their options may	25	can give the answer?
	Page 1433		Page 1435
1	be with a trail. Maybe there are lower cost	1	A. Sure.
2	substitutes. Maybe there are higher cost	2	Q. My question, "So the draft EIS identifies
3	substitutes? So we can't arrive at a precise	3	significant negative economic impacts and the final
4	estimate of what it would cost. And then, we have a	4	EIS does not. Correct?" Answer
5	discussion around what happens cumulatively.	5	A. Yes. That's correct."
б	There's lots happening within the broader area that	6	Q. Is your testimony different today then?
7	needs to be considered. It's also is part of an	7	A. No.
8	impact of industrial users.	8	Q. And after the draft EIS concluded there
9	Q. And is that your answer to my question	9	were significant negative economic impacts, you
10	about what this paragraph adds in terms of	10	didn't do any additional analysis? Correct?
11	understanding?	11	A. No. We did not.
12	A. You asked me whether or not we needed an	12	Q. And you didn't gather any additional
13	economist to say that; what it adds to the decision-	13	information?
14	making process.	14	A. We did not.
15	Q. Yes. And is that your answer to that	15	MR. SCHNEIDER: Okay. Thank you.
16	question?	16	That's all.
17	A. Yes.	17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Shook, I
18	Q. Okay. You did there was more	18	just have well, first I want to ask where in the
19	quantified information in the draft report, wasn't	19	draft EIS and I know Appellants did this earlier,
20	there?	20	but I may need your help on this as well. Is where
21	A. By quantified, you mean, we simply did	21	in the draft EIS that finding of significance was?
22	some math?	22	MR. SCHNEIDER: It's not in
23	Q. You define it any way you want. There	23	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Or the draft
24	are dollar values assigned to impacts in the draft	24	report. Sorry.
25	report? Correct?	25	MR. SCHNEIDER: The draft report.

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	Page 1436		Page 1438
1	Yes. It the word significant is used a number of	1	yes, you know, say yes. Well, what's the difference
2	times. But the specific packet passage that I	2	between a 5 and a 3? And we're, like, you know, I
3	had in mind when I asked that question	3	don't know, you know. And is 5 even significant,
4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I know we di		you know, or is it what's the absolute threshold
5	the sum in your direct.	5	that you're establishing that? And we're, like, you
6	MR.BROWER: Could I help us orient?	6	know, you know, and we also consider that, you
7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: That's all I'm	7	know, this is likely to be appealed and that we
8	asking, so anybody can answer at this point.	8	should be very precise given the analysis that we
9	MR. BROWER: So it's at A-15, which	9	did and the analysis that we couldn't do to sort of
10	is behind tab A-350.64 in Volume 9. And I'll let	10	really measure and feel comfortable about how we
11	Mr. Schneider give you the page number.	11	were disclosing those impacts.
12	MR. SCHNEIDER: It's on page 415 in	12	And so, for us, you know, we're
13	the second paragraph.	13	economists. We try to think in probabilities.
14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: 415, second	14	Right? You know, and so, it was a significant
15	paragraph? And which line?	15	impact. A 10-percent probability in our mind, a 20,
16	MR. SCHNEIDER: It begins about the	16	50, 70? Do we even have any information to get to
17	middle of the paragraph the conclusion "based upon	17	those kinds of assessments?
18	these results."	18	And so, after reflecting on the
19	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Right. Got	19	feedback we had, you know, we were, like, well, you
20	it.	20	know, to the extent that we could try to talk about
21	MR. SCHNEIDER: Yeah. It's lines 10	21	sort of specific things it'd be great. But we also
22	to 13.	22	needed to make sure that we were trying to, as
23	EXAMINATION	23	accurately as we can and given the analysis that we
24	BY THE HEARING EXAMINER:	24	were able to do, talk about disclosing those
25	Q. And so, my question to you, Mr. Shook, as	25	impacts. And so so through that process we
	Page 1437		Page 1439
1	I understand from your testimony that this did not	1	thought that that section was not really an
2	carry through to your final report?	2	appropriate way well, for the transportation
3	A. Correct.	3	piece on the delay, as well as, the qualitative
4	Q. Why is that?	4	section that's in the draft that says, okay, here's
5	A. It had to do with the amount of	5	some relative ranking. And so, without that kind of
б	precision. So when the city approached us they	б	information because we didn't feel like it was
7	wanted a good faith effort. And I knew, and	7	reliable, we decided to not include that statement
8	everybody knew, that this has been a very	8	as a supportable statement for us.
9	controversial project, so we should spend some time	9	Q. So you had a qualitative analysis up to
10	trying to understand this the best that we could.	10	that point that you came to that conclusion. And
11	And so, they gave us some freedom to kind of say,	11	then, re-examined that. And correct me if I'm wrong
12	"Well, how would you solve this? How would you	12	I want to make sure I understand it.
13	discuss this? What could you find?" And so, if you	13	A. Yeah.
14	think about our report as a series of layers, right?	14	Q. And then you re-examine that because you
15	What do we know generally about it from the	15	felt that the level of qualitative analysis was not
16	literature? What do we know generally from an	16	what you had hoped to or expected?
17	experiment? What do we know about the factors?	17	A. Exactly. I mean, I think we want more
18	Right? And then, that section was really about can	18	quantitative information like what the businesses
19	we apply that to what we know about something about the conditions?		were doing, how profitable they were, what how
20	the conditions?	20	what the exact cost between the base line versus the
21	And it was once we submitted our	21 22	alternative would actually impose on them? To get
	draft we received feedback that how can you be so	22	to some say, like yeah. You know what, you know,
22	provide with these conclusions? Decourse we had a		
23	precise with those conclusions? Because we had a whole section that said you know we think the	23 24	this is going to impose costs of X which seems to even to their profit margin. And maybe that would
	precise with those conclusions? Because we had a whole section that said, you know, we think the trail may relatively on a scale of 1 to 5 and	23 24 25	this is going to impose costs of X which seems to even to their profit margin. And maybe that would be for that specific business. But we didn't have

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	Page 1440		Page 1442
1	that level of information to be talking about	1	Q. Right. I understand how you changed.
2	specific businesses in that regard and make those	2	A. Yeah. Okay.
3	determinations.	3	Q. I'm just still trying to make sure I
4	Q. What was the level of information you	4	understand how you got to this point.
5	felt that you had when you made this statement?	5	A. Oh, got to the point.
6	A. At that time, we were guided by what we	6	Q. And what you were relying on for that.
7	learned in hedonics analysis; our own sort of	7	And you said it really wasn't the property value,
8	economic theory.	8	that wasn't going down. It wasn't the hedonics
9	Q. So this was to make sure it looked and	9	analysis, it was delay.
10	then go	10	A. Yeah.
11	A. There was no other analysis done. It was	11	Q. That was
12	just the same analysis.	12	A. Delay
13	Q. It was in hedonics, which is the property	13	Q. Okay.
14	value.	14	A is primarily the primary one because
15	A. Property value.	15	that's the main way to
16	Q. So the property value would go down?	16	Q. Was there anything else other than delay
17	A. What's that?	17	that got you to that?
18	Q. So you had results that showed property	18	A. I'm trying to think here. Oh, well, and
19	value going down?	19	also potentially increase risk from accidents.
20	A. No.	20	Q. Safety?
21	Q. Okay.	21	A. Uh-huh (affirmative response).
22	A. The results did not show that. It was	22	Q. And so, it was your so you had enough
23	not significant, so we can't say it's it matters.	23	data with delay and safety to say we think it's
24	Q. So what led you to this is what I'm	24	going to be significant. You looked at that and
25	trying to figure out?	25	said maybe not enough, maybe we need more detail on
	Page 1441		Page 1443
1	A. It was just some the same abstraction	1	that to make that affirmative statement?
2	that we have in discussion here around okay, well,	2	A. We would want we have information
3	you know, if it imposes delay, right?	3	enough information there. What we don't have is
4	Q. Okay. So you had	4	information on the existing the specific business
5	A. I don't want to experience that delay,	5	about how they experience that delay and risk.
6	right?	6	That's the missing piece.
7	Q. All right. So it wasn't the hedonics.	7	Q. You didn't have enough information to
8	A. I have a lot of driveways, so maybe more	8	compare existing conditions with what was going to
9	delay. So, like, okay, relatively if you could	9	be implemented with
10	think of a one to one relationship then maybe that's	10	A. Oh, yeah. So well, exactly. What
	the way to think about it. But then, we're thinking	11	how we have the second of the second se
11			
12	well, maybe it's not. Maybe, you know, we don't	12	and how they may respond? We don't have that
12 13	well, maybe it's not. Maybe, you know, we don't know that for any given business to say yeah, that	13	and how they may respond? We don't have that information to say well, is there no impact because
12 13 14	well, maybe it's not. Maybe, you know, we don't know that for any given business to say yeah, that linear relationship or those relationships even	13 14	and how they may respond? We don't have that information to say well, is there no impact because we change your operations, or is, like, there's a
12 13 14 15	well, maybe it's not. Maybe, you know, we don't know that for any given business to say yeah, that linear relationship or those relationships even existed. And so, that's why we backed off pushing	13 14 15	and how they may respond? We don't have that information to say well, is there no impact because we change your operations, or is, like, there's a significant operational impact? And then we need
12 13 14 15 16	well, maybe it's not. Maybe, you know, we don't know that for any given business to say yeah, that linear relationship or those relationships even existed. And so, that's why we backed off pushing on that type of analysis.	13 14 15 16	and how they may respond? We don't have that information to say well, is there no impact because we change your operations, or is, like, there's a significant operational impact? And then we need to, you know, as we said hire flaggers or, you know,
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12 13 14 15 16 17 18	well, maybe it's not. Maybe, you know, we don't know that for any given business to say yeah, that linear relationship or those relationships even existed. And so, that's why we backed off pushing on that type of analysis.Q. So would you say then so it wasn't the hedonics, it was delay that was the delay data	13 14 15 16 17 18	and how they may respond? We don't have that information to say well, is there no impact because we change your operations, or is, like, there's a significant operational impact? And then we need to, you know, as we said hire flaggers or, you know, change our schedule, you know. We don't have that information to make those determinations.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 well, maybe it's not. Maybe, you know, we don't know that for any given business to say yeah, that linear relationship or those relationships even existed. And so, that's why we backed off pushing on that type of analysis. Q. So would you say then so it wasn't the hedonics, it was delay that was the delay data that you had? Or was it other data as well? 	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	and how they may respond? We don't have that information to say well, is there no impact because we change your operations, or is, like, there's a significant operational impact? And then we need to, you know, as we said hire flaggers or, you know, change our schedule, you know. We don't have that information to make those determinations. Q. But you had enough information to note
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43 (Pages 1440 to 1443)

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	17 18 19 20 21	four discipline reports, only three of them are updated for the final EIS. So the final version for MS. FERGUSON: Can we have the	18 19 20 21	A. We were using it interchangeably in the sense that we were talking both about statistically significance and just in a non-SEPA sense just saying it's synonymous with impact.
25 disclosed in FIS 25 O So the difference between SEDA	17 18 19 20 21 22	four discipline reports, only three of them are updated for the final EIS. So the final version for MS. FERGUSON: Can we have the Witness testify?	18 19 20 21 22	A. We were using it interchangeably in the sense that we were talking both about statistically significance and just in a non-SEPA sense just saying it's synonymous with impact.Q. And was that a pervasive?
25 Q. So the difference between SEFA	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	four discipline reports, only three of them are updated for the final EIS. So the final version for MS. FERGUSON: Can we have the Witness testify? THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yeah. Well,	18 19 20 21 22 23	A. We were using it interchangeably in the sense that we were talking both about statistically significance and just in a non-SEPA sense just saying it's synonymous with impact.Q. And was that a pervasive?A. That was a pervasive issue in our draft

44 (Pages 1444 to 1447)

	Page 1448		Page 1450
1	significance and statistical significance was a	1	And that's just for you?
2	concern.	2	MR. KISIELIUS: That's just for me.
3	A. And also, just what we were describing	3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yeah. And
4	it's just an impact.	4	Trask?
5	Q. Okay. Perfect. And we've been talking	5	MR. COHEN: An hour or less. I
6	about various drafts of your report that led to a	6	believe the Appellants listed him as a witness.
7	final. Is that type of iterative process typical or	7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Right. All
8	common in this type of work or is it unusual?	8	right. Given that we will take lunch now and we'll
9	A. It's typical and common from my	9	come back at 1:15 and start with Mazzola and then go
10	experience	10	to Trask, and reserve Cheng for Tuesday, anything
11	Q. Okay.	11	else we need to address before we break?
12	A particularly in an area where there's	12	I think we have all the exhibits
13	not standard approach for varying in questions.	13	admitted?
14	MS. FERGUSON: No further questions.	14	Thank you.
15	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Cohen?	15	MR. COHEN: Thank you.
16	MR. COHEN: None, Your Honor.	16	(Noon recess taken.)
17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. And	17	000
18	this was a direct witness, anything further from	18	
19	you, Mr. Schneider?	19	
20	(Pause.)	20	
21	MR. SCHNEIDER: I have nothing	21	
22	further. Thank you.	22	
23	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.	23	
24	Thank you, Mr. Shook.	24	
25	THE WITNESS: Thank you,	25	
	Page 1449		Page 1451
1	Mr. Examiner.	1	AFTERNOON SESSION
2	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And now, what		
3	do we have for witnesses remaining? I think we've	3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.
4	got three or four, if I recall.	4	Back on the record.
5	MR. KISIELIUS: For the city we have	5	Witness for the city?
6	Mr. Mazzola. Mr. Cheng is the witness who is ill	6	MR. KISIELIUS: Okay. The city would
7	today, so we were hoping to call him on Tuesday.	7	like to call Mark Mazzola.
8	And that will be the remainder of all the city	8	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Please state
9	witnesses.	9	your name and spell your last name for the record.
10	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Oh, okay.	10	MR. MAZZOLA: Sure. Mark Mazzola.
11	MR. COHEN: We have Mr. Trask. He	11	And my last name is spelled M-a-z-z-o-l-a.
12	can appear today if you if everybody wants him to	12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And do you
13	be.	13	swear or affirm that the testimony you're providing
14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: So we have	14	in today's hearing will be the truth?
15	Mazzola and Trask possibly today?	15	MR. MAZZOLA: Yes. I do.
16	MR. COHEN: Uh-huh (affirmative	16	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you.
17	response).	17	MARK MAZZOLA,
18	THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.	18	a witness, having been first duly sworn,
19	Estimated time for Mr. Mazzola or I'm sorry,	19	was examined and testified as follows:
20	Mazzola.	20	DIRECT EXAMINATION
21	MR. KISIELIUS: Mazzola. I would	21	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
22	expect about a half-hour or 40 minutes. And then,	22	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Mazzola. Could you
23	I'm trying to it might be shorter, but I'm trying	23	please state your occupation?
·	to pad it a little bit.	24	A. Sure. I am the environmental manager for
24	to pau it a little bit.	21	A. Sure. I am the environmental manager for

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	Page 1452		Page 1454
1	Q. Okay. And what are your primary	1	non-motorized transportation facilities in the
2	responsibilities at Department of Transportation?	2	course of your job?
3	A. So broadly speaking, my responsibility as	3	A. So as you may know, a fair number of our
4	the environmental manager is to ensure that our	4	Seattle Department of Transportation projects either
5	that we follow all the appropriate environmental	5	fully involve non-motorized transportation projects
6	reviews and regulations in construction and	6	such as sidewalk improvements or bike facility
7	operating our transportation facilities, so that	7	improvements, or a lot of times non-motorized
8	includes environmental reviews such as SEPA, and	8	projects are a component of larger roadway
9	NEPA reviews, obtaining permits, and then want	9	reconstruction projects. So I haven't gone through
10	during construction just ensuring that our	10	the exercise of counting how many bike and ped
11	construction projects comply with those permit	11	projects I've worked on over the years, but it's
12	conditions and any other applicable environmental	12	quite a number that I've either evaluated under the
13	regulations.	13	state excuse me. It's quite a number that I've
14	Q. Okay. Do you have any specific training	14	either evaluated as part of environmental review
15	or education that's relevant to your ability to	15	process or member team members, staff that I
16	carry out those roles and responsibilities?	16	supervise, have evaluated as well.
17	A. Yes. I've got an undergraduate degree in	17	Q. Okay. I want to ask you to briefly
18	Biology from the University of Notre Dame. Excuse	18	describe your prior experiences working on
19	me, and a graduate Degree in Community and regional		environmental review
20	planning from the University of Texas. I've had	20	A. Sure.
21	prior to beginning work at the City of Seattle in	21	Q for SDOT's projects more generally.
22	2007, I had a number of jobs at various levels of	22	So first, have you been involved in preparing EISs
23	government, and then even in the private sector as a	23	other than this one?
24	consultant in various areas of environmental	24	A. I have.
25	regulation, policy making, and planning.	25	Q. Okay. And could you tell us how many?
	Page 1453		Page 1455
1	Q. Okay.	1	A. One for the LA Base Seawall Project and
2	A. And then, if I may continue, just here	2	then another for the Alaskan Way Promenade and
3	since joining the city, just I've been working as	3	Overlook Walk Project, which is commonly referred to
4	an environmental planner since I began or excuse	4	as Waterfront Seattle. Both those projects also
5	me, as a senior environmental analyst when I was	5	involved a supplemental review, a full supplemental
б	first hired before becoming the environmental	6	EIS in the case of the seawall, where we did a
7	manager in 2012. And then, as part of the job just	7	supplemental draft and a supplemental final EIS, and
8	had took some training courses on the State	8	then a supplemental draft EIS for the Waterfront
9	Environmental Policy Act itself as well as related	9	Seattle Project before publishing the final.
10	trainings related to the National Environmental	10	Q. In what capacity were you involved in
11	Policy Act and various environmental disciplines	11	those other EISs?
12	such as cultural resources or biological	12	A. A very similar capacity that I am on the
13	č		
	assessments.	13	Burke-Gilman Trail Missing Link, I was the
14		13 14	Burke-Gilman Trail Missing Link, I was the environmental, the City's environmental lead for
	Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with		•
14		14	environmental, the City's environmental lead for
14 15	Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations?	14 15	environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects.
14 15 16	Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations?A. Yes. I do. And, in fact, I was invited	14 15 16	environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects. Q. Okay. And I asked you specifically about
14 15 16 17	Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations?A. Yes. I do. And, in fact, I was invited to participate on a rule-making committee by the	14 15 16 17	environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects.Q. Okay. And I asked you specifically about EISs. Do you what about environmental review for
14 15 16 17 18	Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations?A. Yes. I do. And, in fact, I was invited to participate on a rule-making committee by the Department of Ecology to help revise some of the	14 15 16 17 18	environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects.Q. Okay. And I asked you specifically about EISs. Do you what about environmental review for projects that don't require an EIS?
14 15 16 17 18 19	Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations?A. Yes. I do. And, in fact, I was invited to participate on a rule-making committee by the Department of Ecology to help revise some of the categorical exemptions related to transportation	14 15 16 17 18 19	environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects.Q. Okay. And I asked you specifically about EISs. Do you what about environmental review for projects that don't require an EIS?A. So, yes, I've for over the past 10
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations? A. Yes. I do. And, in fact, I was invited to participate on a rule-making committee by the Department of Ecology to help revise some of the categorical exemptions related to transportation projects in the State SEPA Code. 	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects. Q. Okay. And I asked you specifically about EISs. Do you what about environmental review for projects that don't require an EIS? A. So, yes, I've for over the past 10 years probably evaluated, again, I didn't go through
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations? A. Yes. I do. And, in fact, I was invited to participate on a rule-making committee by the Department of Ecology to help revise some of the categorical exemptions related to transportation projects in the State SEPA Code. Q. And more generally, do you rely and use 	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects. Q. Okay. And I asked you specifically about EISs. Do you what about environmental review for projects that don't require an EIS? A. So, yes, I've for over the past 10 years probably evaluated, again, I didn't go through the exercise of trying to count, but I would say
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. So do you consider yourself familiar with the city and state SEPA regulations? A. Yes. I do. And, in fact, I was invited to participate on a rule-making committee by the Department of Ecology to help revise some of the categorical exemptions related to transportation projects in the State SEPA Code. Q. And more generally, do you rely and use those regulations as part of your regular job 	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 environmental, the City's environmental lead for those projects. Q. Okay. And I asked you specifically about EISs. Do you what about environmental review for projects that don't require an EIS? A. So, yes, I've for over the past 10 years probably evaluated, again, I didn't go through the exercise of trying to count, but I would say roughly 15 or so projects per capital projects

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	Page 1456		Page 1458
1	control review of their work before it's published.	1	such as transportation and parking, vegetation and
2	And then, we have a number of categorically exempt	2	wildlife and cultural resources, I rely on their
3	projects that get delivered by kind of in-house	3	analysis. And then, I look at it and then help
4	staff as well, or, excuse me, in department crews	4	translate that technical information and analysis
5	that build those that we evaluation as well. So if	5	into more of a plain language narrative so that it,
6	I had to guess, it'd be roughly 150 to 200 projects,	6	again, it's accessible to the general public and our
7	probably over the course of my career at SDOT.	7	decision makers.
8	Q. Okay. Let me ask you briefly about your	8	Q. Okay. I'm going to I didn't have this
9	work with consultants on this specific project.	9	at my fingertips when I was asking you about your
10	There have been some questions raised about comments	10	qualifications, but I'd like to hand a copy to you
11	with the consultants you've hired. So first, how	11	of your resume.
12	did you work with the consultant team that you hired	12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Going to be
13	to help prepare this EIS?	13	marked R-35.
14	A. Sure. We worked very closely with the	14	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-35 MARKED FOR
15	consultant team in terms of drafting the methodology	15	IDENTIFICATION)
16	for the various components of the EIS, looking at	16	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
17	the discipline reports, and then the final, you	17	Q. Now is this an accurate characterization
18	know, documents, the EIS documents themselves, the	18	you all right?
19	draft EIS and final EIS. I relied on their	10 19	Does this accurately represent your
20	expertise as they developed the documents. Then,	20	qualifications, your experiences and your
20	you know, my role was to ensure that their analysis	20	educational background?
22	were, you know, clear, concise, and consistent. In	21	A. Yes. It does.
23	terms of that it could be readily accessible to the	23	MR. KISIELIUS: I'd ask to have R-35
23	general public and our decision makers.	23	admitted.
24	Q. And did you or others at the Department	24 25	
<u> </u>		25	MR. SCHNEIDER: No objection.
	Page 1457		Page 1459
1	typically review the consultant's work?	1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: R-35 is
2	A. Yes. Absolutely.	2	admitted.
3	Q. And did you offer comments or feedback?	3	(RESPONDENT'S EXHIBIT R-35 ADMITTED.)
4	A. I did.	4	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
5	Q. Is that typical?	5	Q. Okay. I'd like to ask you a couple
6	A. Yes. Very typical. So while I'm not an	6	questions about the project objective. Well, first,
7	expert in the various technical disciplines,	7	maybe just to start off with could you please
8	necessarily, that they're developing, I am	8	describe the project objective?
9	conversant in all those areas. And so, my job is to	9	A. Sure. We state the project objection, I
10	make sure that, you know, their analysis makes sense	10	think, very clearly in the EIS, but I'll to
11	in terms of not only is it logical and based on a	11	paraphrase, it's to complete the Burke-Gilman Trail
12	sound methodology, but then, making sure that it	12	with a multi-use facility that's appropriate for all
13	meets the requirements of SEPA and is consistent	13	ages and abilities for a variety of non-motorized
14	with how we've evaluated and disclosed impacts on	14	transportation. We also include in the project
15	other projects.	15	objective the desire to connect the facility, the
16	Q. Okay. So do you did you, as the	16	Missing Link to the existing and planned
17	environmental lead for this project or any others on	17	non-motorized network within the neighborhood and
18	your team from the Department make consultants	18	then also to preserve truck and freight access to
19	change their professional agreements?	19	adjacent businesses.
20	A. No. Certainly not that I'm aware of.	20	Q. How did SDOT arrive at that objective?
21	Q. And do you rely on the consultant's	21	A. So I think it goes back to, you know, the
22	expertise?	22	early 2000s when the city first started in earnest
23	A. I do. And, you know, as I mentioned,	23	to complete the Missing Link of the Burke-Gilman
24	they're they're technical experts and while I am	24	Trail, which, of course, is a regional trail. This
25	conversant in those various areas of discipline,	25	was the last gap and, excuse me, the Missing Link

47 (Pages 1456 to 1459)

	Page 1460		Page 1462
1	through the Ballard neighborhood is the last gap in	1	Q. Okay. That's fine. Can you tell us,
2	that trail. And so, then that the desire then	2	does is any of the corridor on the preferred
3	was to complete the Missing Link with the multi-use	3	alternative identified on this map?
4	trail. And subsequently that's been echoed in	4	A. Yes. It is.
5	various plan and policy documents that the	5	Q. And let me tell me. What are we
6	Department has put out.	6	looking at with this map?
7	Q. Okay. I'm going to ask you about a	7	A. Sure. So what this is Figure 4-2,
8	couple of those plans in just a second, but did the	8	Priority Investment Network, Northwest Sector of the
9	existing portions of the Burke-Gilman Trail inform	9	city. So it looks like a map of priority areas for
10	SDOT?	10	pedestrian travel within the northwest part of the
11	A. Yes. It did in the sense that we wanted	11	city.
12	to maintain the same look and feel as the rest of	12	Q. Okay. And so, I asked you if the
13	the Burke-Gilman Trail, which is a multi-use path.	13	preferred alternative corridor is shown on this map.
14	And so, that's helped inform that piece of the	14	Can you tell us how it's shown and
15	objective. The multi-use path, that's for all ages	15	A. Sure. And so you can see in sort of dark
16	and abilities	16	and bold lines the alignment of actually our
17	Q. Okay.	17	preferred alternative starting where the Ballard
18	A. For a variety of non transportation	18	Locks would be going up to Northwest Market Street,
19	modes.	19	then down Shilshole Avenue, and even and this is
20	Q. So I want to go back to the plans you had	20	where it's a little harder to make out, but there's
21	mentioned. I want to hand you a copy. These are	21	a thicker line along northwest 45th Street in a
22	not included in the binder, but they were listed in	22	slightly lighter shade of grey.
23	the I'm going to at the outset apologize. The	23	Q. So again, I'm going to rely on your
24	staple is in the wrong corner. So it's stapled	24	memory of this. Can you tell me what the
25	backwards. Sorry. And then we have the appendices,	25	designation along Shilshole is in the corresponding
	Page 1461		Page 1463
1	too.	1	key?
2	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mark that as	2	A. So the designation along Shilshole with
3	R-36.	3	the corresponding key is arterial missing sidewalk.
4	MR. KISIELIUS: Okay.	4	Q. Okay. And with
5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Including the	5	MR. KISIELIUS: Unless there's an
б	appendices.	б	objection, I guess what I would I would propose
7	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	7	that the city return on Tuesday with a color copy.
8	Q. So, Mr. Mazzola, could you turn to page	8	His testimony speaks for the evidence. We want to
9	56 of the plan? Or first of all, can you tell me,	9	I just want to have a clear record if that's
10	do you recognize that plan?	10	if there's no objection.
11	A. Yes. So the first document you handed me	11	MR. SCHNEIDER: No objection.
12	was the City of Seattle Pedestrian Master Plan.	12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.
13	Q. Okay. I'm going to ask you to turn to	13	MR. KISIELIUS: I'd ask to have R-36
14	page 56, please, again, and apologies for the	14	admitted.
15	backwards staple. And I'm realizing now it's in	15	MR. SCHNEIDER: No objection.
16	black and white. So unfortunately this is black and	16	THE HEARING EXAMINER: R-36 is
17	white, so you might have to refer to your memory and	17	admitted. Thank you.
18	we can maybe replace	18	I did hear you, Mr. Schneider. I
19	A. Sure.	19	wasn't just
20	Q these with color copies that are	20	(RESPONDENT'S R-36 ADMITTED.)
21	properly stapled. But for the time being, are you	21	BY MR. KISIELIUS:
22	familiar enough to be able to if you're not	22	Q. I'm going to ask you to also now look at
23 24	familiar enough to be able to answer these	23 24	the Bike Master Plan. And I believe that's going to
24	questions, you should just let me		be in the binder to your right. And that is Tab 7.
25	A. I'm familiar enough.	25	And I believe it's R-8.

48 (Pages 1460 to 1463)

	Page 1464		Page 1466
1	A. Yeah. An old I'm sorry. Tab 7?	1	would reduce those critical barriers to bicycling by
2	Q. Tab 7, which for the record is Exhibit	2	closing the gap and increasing safety for all modes
3	R-8. Excuse me, Tab 8.	3	and all ages of non-motorized users as it states
4	A. Okay. And so I had opened	4	here and in the project objective.
5	Q. (Indiscernible) let's pause to make	5	Q. I'm going to switch topics now and talk
6	sure we have a clear record. I believe Tab 8's been	6	about the level of design.
7	admitted as	7	A. Sure.
8	THE HEARING EXAMINER: As R-8.	8	Q. The project as it's reviewed in the EIS.
9	MR. KISIELIUS: R-8. Thank you.	9	Are you familiar with the design that was
10	Okay.	10	reviewed in the EIS?
11	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	11	A. Yes. I am.
12	Q. Do you recognize this?	12	Q. And so as the environmental lead for this
13	A. Yes. I do. It's Chapter 4 of the	13	project, do you believe that that project was
14	bicycle network, from the Bike Master Plan.	14	sufficiently designed to identify and disclose the
15	Q. And can you please turn to there's a	15	impacts?
16	bate stamp sort of numbers COS, and I'm asking you	16	A. I do.
17	to look at 000105.	17	Q. Why?
18	A. Okay.	18	A. It gave us the information that we needed
19	Q. I'd ask you to read there's the first	19	in order to be able to identify and disclose the
20	column. The sentence starting "A small subset."	20	potential adverse impacts. So, for example, that
20	Could you read that sentence and the ensuring	20 21	would mean that we understood the project. Well,
21	sentence?	22	
23	A. Sure. "A small said" excuse me. "A	22	first of all, the nature of the project itself that's kind of always a starting point. So what is
24		23 24	that's kind of always a starting point. So what is
24	small subset of the bicycle network are identified as catalyst projects. Catalyst projects are located	24 25	the projects what is the project going to do? In this case it's a non-motorized multi-use trail
20		20	uns case it s a non-motorized multi-use tran
			$D_{2} \approx 1467$
1	Page 1465	1	Page 1467
1	at choke points in the network that pose significant	1	facility.
2	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical	2	facility. We understood where the proposed location
2 3	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke-	2 3	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail,
2 3 4	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical	2 3 4	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you
2 3 4 5	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical barriers to bicycling by closing network gaps and	2 3 4 5	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you know, been discussing as conflict points whether
2 3 4 5 6	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical barriers to bicycling by closing network gaps and increase safety by availing all ages and abilities	2 3 4 5 6	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you know, been discussing as conflict points whether it's roadway intersections or driveways. We
2 3 4 5 6 7	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical barriers to bicycling by closing network gaps and increase safety by availing all ages and abilities friendly bicycle facilities to the maximum feasible	2 3 4 5 6 7	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you know, been discussing as conflict points whether it's roadway intersections or driveways. We identified what sorts of intersection geometry
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical barriers to bicycling by closing network gaps and increase safety by availing all ages and abilities friendly bicycle facilities to the maximum feasible extent."	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you know, been discussing as conflict points whether it's roadway intersections or driveways. We identified what sorts of intersection geometry changes might be needed including any stop control
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical barriers to bicycling by closing network gaps and increase safety by availing all ages and abilities friendly bicycle facilities to the maximum feasible extent." Q. And so, are these plans that we've just	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you know, been discussing as conflict points whether it's roadway intersections or driveways. We identified what sorts of intersection geometry changes might be needed including any stop control or such as new traffic signals. There they would
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical barriers to bicycling by closing network gaps and increase safety by availing all ages and abilities friendly bicycle facilities to the maximum feasible extent." Q. And so, are these plans that we've just talked about, are these examples of the plans that	2 3 5 6 7 8 9	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you know, been discussing as conflict points whether it's roadway intersections or driveways. We identified what sorts of intersection geometry changes might be needed including any stop control or such as new traffic signals. There they would go. Then lastly, we understood other elements of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	at choke points in the network that pose significant challenges to implementation due to physical constraints. Catalyst projects like the Burke- Gilman Trail Missing Link also reduce critical barriers to bicycling by closing network gaps and increase safety by availing all ages and abilities friendly bicycle facilities to the maximum feasible extent." Q. And so, are these plans that we've just talked about, are these examples of the plans that you were just referring to?	2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11	facility. We understood where the proposed location of the trail would be, the footprint of the trail, if you will. We understood the areas that we, you know, been discussing as conflict points whether it's roadway intersections or driveways. We identified what sorts of intersection geometry changes might be needed including any stop control or such as new traffic signals. There they would go. Then lastly, we understood other elements of the environment that feed into our analysis such as
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	Page 1468		Page 1470
1	nature of the project is, how it's constructed and	1	A. All right.
2	its location, even general location is enough for	2	Q. So were you here with Mr. Nerdrum
3	some elements of the environment to be able to tell	3	testified?
4	be able to disclose what those potential impacts	4	A. I was.
5	could be. Other elements, as I mentioned like	5	Q. Okay. And were you did you hear his
6	traffic and parking rely on existing information	6	testimony about the use of tracks by the railroad in
7	that's out there today.	7	the vicinity of Salmon Bay Sand and Gravel?
8	So when we look at the existing	8	A. You know, I did hear him mention that,
9	conditions and then how we measure that difference	9	but didn't quite catch or wasn't clear on what the
10	of impact between if the project was there versus	10	impacts he was describing would be.
11	our, kind of base line no action condition. So	11	Q. So can you describe your understanding of
12	things like parking counts today or traffic volumes,	12	the location of existing tracks in the proximity of
13	those are all that's all information that's	13	Salmon Bay Sand and Gravel?
14	doesn't depend on a level of design to understand.	14	A. Sure. So my understanding is that there
14		$14 \\ 15$	
	Q. And in your role as environmental lead,		is two rail lines that are immediately in front of
16	do you feel like the design was adequate to assess	16	Salmon Bay Sand and Gravel that would be actually
17	impacts in all of those various instances you	17	the outside of the project footprint. And then, the
18	described?	18	but there may be other elements of or segments
19	A. Yes. I do.	19	of rail, you know, further down the alignment.
20	Q. Okay. And have you heard anything in the	20	Q. Maybe to help with this, I'm going to ask
21	testimony from the last couple of days or in any of	21	you to look at Tab 1 in your binder, which has been
22	the Coalition's reports that they filed that changes	22	admitted as R-10.
23	your assessment of the that specific assessment?	23	A. And this is the preferred alternative
24	A. No. I haven't heard anything over the	24	plan set.
25	course of this hearing that would change my	25	Q. Yeah. And I'll let everybody catch up.
	Page 1469		Page 1471
1	assessment.	1	But we'll be looking at bate stamp number COS-000005
2	Q. I'm going to switch topics again.	2	and the following page. So can you describe to us
3	There's been some testimony from various witnesses	3	you were describing two tracks and a third one.
4	about SDOT's failure to reach out to offer the	4	Can you tell us what, with reference to this
5	owners through the process of the development of the	5	graphic, what you were referring to?
6	EIS. So did SDOT attempt to work with the Coalition	6	A. Sure. So, you know, you'll see two a
7	of members of the Coalition during the design and	7	top aerial view and a bottom then one on the
8	the EIS drafting process?	8	bottom. So on the bottom aerial view the plan set
9	A. We did. So after the publication of the	9	shows the trail and then immediately below the trail
10	draft EIS and after the public comment period, we	10	are two rail lines. And this is within the area of
11	did reach out to members of the Ballard Business	11	Salmon Bay Sand and Gravel. You can see on the far
12	Associates as they were referred to then or	12	left-hand side of the diagram a short segment of
13	Ballard Business Appellants and engaged them in	13	track that doesn't appear to be connected to
14	conversations along with other key stakeholders from	14	anything with and that's in within the trail
15	the area about the preferred alternative. So we	15	footprint. And then, to the south you'll also see a
16	engaged them in discussions while we were did	16	third rail within the vicinity; excuse me, within
17	kind of narrowing excuse me narrowing down the		the trail footprint.
18	various build alternatives to the preferred	18	Q. And did that continue onto the following
19	alternative.	19	page?
	Q. Okay. And did you incorporate	20	A. Yes. And then that continues onto the
20	information you received into the process?	21	following page which is a top aerial diagram there.
		22	
21	A. Yes. We did.	22	O. Okay. So what's your understanding of
21 22	A. Yes. We did.O. I'm going to ask you to focus on some		Q. Okay. so what's your understanding of that third line, the one that you said was within
21	Q. I'm going to ask you to focus on some	22 23 24	that third line, the one that you said was within
21 22 23		23	

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	Page 1472		Page 1474
1	Q. Well, let's start with what the	1	be the southernmost segment of that rail line that's
2	understanding was when you were drafting the EIS?		shown here.
3	A. That that section of rail would be able	3	Q. Okay. And to be clear, the remaining two
4	to be removed, that it was not necessary for	4	lines are outside the trail footprint?
5	business operation.	5	A. That's correct.
6	MR. BROWER: Your Honor, just to be	6	Q. Let's focus on what the EIS says about
7	clear, I think you said there was two. There's a	7	this. Could you I think there's a copy and here
8	little section on the western side, and then there's	8	I'm referring to R-1. I believe there should be a
9	a third section the eastern side. Which one are we	9	copy here. No, it's I think it's that one.
10	talking about? The west or the east?	10	A. Oh, may I use that one?
11	MR. KISIELIUS: I was referring to	11	Q. That's the witness copy.
12	the one to the right of the page.	12	A. Okay. Great.
13	MR. BROWER: To the east?	13	Q. Can you turn to page 736, 7-36. Sorry.
14	MR. KISIELIUS: As we're looking at	14	Okay. Are do you see there's a section that says
15	page 5.	15	"Freight Rail" towards the bottom?
16	MR. BROWER: Got it. Thank you. And	16	A. Yes. And this particular paragraph is
17	I will ask the witness to clarify.	17	under a larger discussion about the preferred
18	THE WITNESS: Sure. I can clarify.	18	alternative on page 7-36.
19	You're right. It's to the right of the page or to	19	Q. And so, does this address removal of
20	the east or south east near the Lockspot excuse	20	tracks?
21	me. Not no, it is the Lockspot Café at 20the	21	A. It does.
22	Avenue Northwest. Or is it at Salmon Bay Clinic?	22	Q. Can you tell us what it says about that?
23	I'm sorry.	23	A. Sure. So if I may read the whole section
24	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	24	under "Freight Rail." So under the preferred
25	Q. You	25	alternative, the BTR tracks would be relocated
	Page 1473		Page 1475
1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Voices in you	r 1	between the Hat and Marine driveway approximately
2	head?	2	600 feet west of 17th Avenue Northwest and just east
3	THE WITNESS: At any rate, yes.	3	of the Ballard Bridge. This could include removing
4	That's right. So apologies if I misspoke. It's at	4	pieces of siding or passing rail, rail line that
5	the 20th Avenue Northwest intersection there.	5	allows trains to pass each other that are no longer
6	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	6	used or"
7	Q. Okay. Thank you. So let's talk about	7	Q. Stop there for a second.
8	both, you said that one to which Mr. Brower was	8	A. Okay.
9	referring to the left side of the page, is that	9	Q. So is that was that your understanding
10	connected to anything?	10	of the track for the track that would be removed
11	A. Not according to this plan design, no.	11	was no longer used? You had testified to that
12	Q. Okay. So let's focus on the one that's	12	before? Does the capture your understanding?
13	to the right of page 5 that continues on to page 6.	13	A. So I think the first sentence there is
14	What are are you familiar with the current	14	specific to the rail that we're relocating. But
15	conditions in those vicinities?	15	then we do say there we could remove other pieces
16	A. Yes. I am.	16	of rail that are no longer used.
17	Q. Okay. Can you tell us what they are?	17	Q. I'm sorry. I didn't mean to interrupt.
18	A. Sure. And so, currently that it's not	18	You can keep reading now.
19	a that third line so the topmost section of	19	A. Okay. "This include removing pieces of aiding on passing roll will line that allows trains
20 21	rail there is not contiguous, as it's shown in this	20	siding or passing rail, rail line that allows trains
21 22	plan set. And, in fact, I most of it appears to	21 22	to pass each other that are no longer used or
22	be either removed or completely paved over such that the rails are no longer visible and there's a short	22	relocating track to allow additional right-of-way space for the trail. All track relocation would be
23			-
24	segment that is still there but appears to be	1 2	coordinated with RTP so that impacts on real
24 25	segment that is still there but appears to be partially, if not mostly, paved over and that would	24 25	coordinated with BTR so that impacts on rail operations would be minimized so that rail

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	Page 1476		Page 1478
1	operations could continue before as before once	1	to inquire into the lead agency's compliance with
2	construction is complete.	2	SEPA. And as a I stated at the outset, the EIS
3	Q. So if track that were what does it say	3	lists the other permits that are needed. So I don't
4	about track that is currently in use that would need	4	see how it's not relevant.
5	to be relocated?	5	MR. KISIELIUS: Well, in a similar
б	A. So that we would work with the BTR	6	manner that they if I may respond?
7	Railroad to make sure any relocations or removal of	7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Please.
8	tracks would be consistent with the needs of their	8	MR. KISIELIUS: The in a similar
9	business operation.	9	manner the permitting that follows and any questions
10	Q. Okay. And if I understand your you	10	or challenges to whether a permit is required or
11	testified that that track wasn't needed or didn't	11	isn't required or if it should be obtained or not is
12	look capable of being used. If it were, assuming	12	outside the scope of the EIS adequacy appeal. The
13	that it could be, does this capture the City's	13	fact that an EIS lists the potential approvals that
14	intent?	14	are required afterwards is not relevant or doesn't
15	A. Yes, it does. We're making a commitment	15	bring that into the scope of the relevancy of the
16	to the railroad to work with them to ensure that	16	adequacy of the environmental review.
17	their business operations can continue. And so, if	17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: It doesn't
18	that means relocating other areas of track then	18	automatically, and I agree.
19	that's something we're committed to exploring.	19	Can you expand on what you're trying
20	Q. Okay. So I asked you if you heard	20	to seek, Mr. Schneider?
21	anything in the opponent's testimony that caused you	21	MR. SCHNEIDER: This is the beginning
22	to question your conclusions. I want to ask you, do	22	of a whole line of questions that I am going to
23	you think that the EIS used reasonable and standard	23	relate back to the requirements in SEPA where the
24	methods to assess and disclose impacts?	24	lead agency to comply with. And I shouldn't have to
25	A. I do.	25	set out the entire cross-examination approach in
	Page 1477		Page 1479
1	Page 1477 Q. And are they consistent with the methods	1	Page 1479 response to an objection about something that is
1 2	-	1 2	-
	Q. And are they consistent with the methods		response to an objection about something that is
2	Q. And are they consistent with the methods that you've used in your other EIS (indiscernible)?	2	response to an objection about something that is specifically referred to in the environmental
2 3	Q. And are they consistent with the methods that you've used in your other EIS (indiscernible)?A. I it is consistent with the methods	2 3	response to an objection about something that is specifically referred to in the environmental document at issue.
2 3 4	Q. And are they consistent with the methods that you've used in your other EIS (indiscernible)? A. I it is consistent with the methods I've used in my other EIS experiences as well as conducting SEPA environmental reviews for all the other projects I've worked on.	2 3 4	response to an objection about something that is specifically referred to in the environmental document at issue. MR. KISIELIUS: None of the issues based in the appeal were whether they listed properly the permits that were necessary for the
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 Q. And are they consistent with the methods that you've used in your other EIS (indiscernible)? A. I it is consistent with the methods I've used in my other EIS experiences as well as conducting SEPA environmental reviews for all the other projects I've worked on. MR. KISIELIUS: Okay. I have no further questions. MR. BROWER: Mr. Schneider. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. So Mr. Mazzola, what permits, if any, does SDOT need in order to construct the preferred alternative? A. So right now we're MR. KISIELIUS: Objection, Mr. Examiner. The permits that will be pursued and that are required for this are not related to the adequacy of the EIS. MR. SCHNEIDER: We're well, the 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ? 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	response to an objection about something that is specifically referred to in the environmental document at issue. MR. KISIELIUS: None of the issues based in the appeal were whether they listed properly the permits that were necessary for the approval. There was a Shoreline permit issue that was dismissed, but I'm not recalling anything that said this is inadequate because you didn't list every single permit that was required. THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right. For now I'll overrule it. I'll allow the question, because the question is what permits are needed. That is identified in the EIS, so we can go to that page or however you want to explore that. But I we don't want to continue down a path of cross-examination on compliance with those permits or criteria, et cetera. So. MR. COHEN: I guess I would ask that if your testing him on the list of permits referenced as needed in the EIS that you give him
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	Page 1480		Page 1482
1	wants to handle that question, but.	1	Q. Okay. And then you referred to two prior
2	MR. COHEN: Thank you.	2	EISs. One for the Seawall?
3	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	3	A. That's correct.
4	Q. So Mr. Mazzola, do you know what permits	4	Q. And the one for the Promenade?
5	are needed, if any, for the project?	5	A. The full name is the Alaskan Way
6	A. Yes. I do.	6	Promenade and Overlook Walk Project which is a bit
7	Q. Okay. Thank you. Could you tell us?	7	of a mouthful. So it's Waterfront Seattle.
8	A. So right now we so there's both kind	8	Q. Okay. And so, what is the promenade for
9	of pre pre-project approvals that we needed, if	9	those of us who don't regularly read the
10	you will allow me to use that term in terms of the	10	A. Sure. How much time do you have? The
11	permit. And then there's construction-related	11	Alaskan Way Promenade and Overlook Walk Project
12	permits that we'd be looking at as well. So in	12	the City's plan to develop the waterfront after the
13	terms of sort of the pre-project ones would be a	13	Alaskan Way Viaduct is removed by the State of
14	review under the City of Shoreline Master Program.	14	Washington.
15	And then as far as construction ones, we are looking	15	Q. Okay. And over what time frame are those
16	at an NPDES Construction Storm Water General Permit		two EISs prepared?
17	that's required for any project that's distributing	17	A. Between 2012 and I and now. Well,
18	an acre or more of ground. And then one thing where	18	excuse me. Between 2012 and I'd say last fall is
19	we're looking at right now is as well is a	19	when we published the final EIS. If my memory
20	temporary, excuse me, a King County Temporary	20	serves me right, it was Halloween 2016. I remember
21	Discharge Permit for ground water management.	21	that day.
22	Q. Do you know whether you need any permits	22	Q. Okay. So you have been the person within
23	from the Surface Transportation Board to remove	23	SDOT responsible for compliance with SEPA for all of
24	railroad track?	24	the prior appeals in this matter. Correct?
25	A. I do not know.	25	A. I'm sorry, can you I lost your
	Page 1481		Page 1483
1		1	question. Could you please repeat that?
1 2	Q. Did you make any inquiry to determine that?	1 2	Q. So you have been your title may not
3	A. I have not made any inquiry to determine	3	have been the same, but you were the hands-on person
4	that yet.	4	responsible for the three prior DNSs as well as the
5	Q. Did you distribute a copy of the EIS to	5	EIS at issue here?
6	the Surface Transportation Board or any other	6	A. That's correct. I think my title threw
7	federal agency that deals with railroads?	7	me off. I've been the environmental lead, as you
8	A. Not to my knowledge, no.	8	said, for the Burke-Gilman Trail Missing Link
9	Q. Your formal training under SEPA comprises	9	Project since 2007. That's right.
10	two one-day seminars. Is that correct?	10	Q. And so there were three DNSs. Correct?
11	A. I believe that's consistent with my	11	A. That's right.
12	testimony at our deposition.	12	Q. Two of which Judge Rogers reversed.
13	Q. Right	13	Correct?
14	A. (Indiscernible) some are right and then	13 14	A. That's correct.
15	at least a one I may have used the term as best	15	Q. Right. And then the third one Hearing
15	as I recall at least a one-day seminar with the	16	Examiner Watanabe reversed?
17	Department of Ecology.	17	A. That's correct. If the term "reversed"
18	Q. Right. You attended one seminar put on	18	is the right term that yes.
19	by was it Law Seminars International?	19	Q. Okay. And were you present when Judge
20	A. That's correct.	20	Rogers issued his second order of remand?
20 21	Q. And one one-day training by the	20 21	A. You know, I was present for the hearing.
22	Department of Ecology?	22	I don't recall if I was present when he issued the
<u> </u>	A. Right. As I could recall at the time and	22	order or if that' something we received in writing.
		20	order of it that something we received in writing.
23	-	24	
	that's still my recollection. I there may have been another training in there.	24 25	Q. Okay. But you've read and are familiar with the Second Order of Remand?

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	Page 1484		Page 1486
1	A. Yes. And that was the one that remanded	1	following my line of thought to a 90-percent design,
2	the city to go back and provide more detail on the	2	that's correct.
3	Shilshole segment if	3	Q. Okay. So when the draft EIS at issue in
4	I'm memory serves me right.	4	this case was published, you were at a 10-percent
5	Q. Yes. It	5	level of design?
6	A. Okay.	б	A. So as I've as you've pointed to me in
7	Q. That's the one that said 10-percent level	7	our comment response, we said that it was
8	of design was not adequate and remanded it for a	8	approximately a 10-percent design and that
9	more detailed design.	9	recognizes that there is no set definition of what
10	A. That's the same remand I'm thinking of	10	10-percent design means.
11	then.	11	Q. Well, you heard Ms. Hirschey's opinion
12	Q. Yeah. And when you sat down with your	12	that it was at a 5 to 10-percent level of design.
13	team to prepare for the to prepare the EIS in	13	Do you recall that?
14	this case, Judge Rogers decision played no role in	14	A. I did hear her testimony to that effect.
15	your determination about the level of design. Isn't	15	Q. And I don't recall any of the city
16	that correct?	16	witnesses saying anything different, do you? Am I
17	A. That's a fair statement that we felt we	17	misremembering any testimony?
18	had enough level of design in order to identify and	18	A. I'm sorry. I don't recall one way or the
19	disclose the impacts. So Judge Rogers's decision	19	other.
20	did not play in our into our determination that	20	Q. Okay. And so when was the draft EIS
21	we had enough information to do the job that we	21	published?
22	needed in this EIS.	22	A. I want to say June, but it was summer of
23	Q. And, in fact, on the remand from Judge	23	2016. June or July.
24	Rogers's decision, SDOT planned plans for the	24	Q. Not the draft. The no, okay. I'm
25	Shilshole segment for environmental review that wer	e 25	sorry. I think you are right. What is your best
	Page 1485		Page 1487
1	a 20 to 30-percent level of design. Correct?	1	guess again?
2	A. Excuse me. After Judge Rogers's remand.	2	A. For the draft EIS it was either June or
3	That's right.	3	July of 2016.
4	Q. Yes. And, in fact, while without	4	Q. Okay. And then when was the final EIS
5	waiting for the outcome of the appeal hearing in	5	published?
6	that DNS, SDOT went ahead and basically designed th	е б	A. Then the final EIS was published in May
7	Shilshole segment to a 90-percent level of design or	7	of this year, May 25th.
8	higher?	8	Q. Okay. And when did SDOT make the
9	A. I'm sorry. You're asking did we design	9	decision to proceed with the final design of the
10	the Shilshole segment to a 90-percent level or	10	preferred alternative?
11	however the rest of the?	11	A. So shortly after we identified what the
12	Q. However you want to answer it. The	12	preferred alternative was going to be, we started
13	Missing Link to a 90 percent or higher level of	13	putting things in motion to continue developing that
14	design?	14	design.
15	A. Right. I think there's an important	15	Q. Yes. And when did you determine what the
16	distinction there because the original project going	16	preferred alternative would be?
17	back to 2008 did not include the Shilshole segment	17	A. That would have been late February or
18	at all, and that was the first remand that we	18	early March.
19	received from King County. It was to add the	19	Q. Okay. And is that when you engaged the
20	Shilshole segment. So if I may, so we developed the	20	*Pertit Firm to advance the design?
21	rest of the trail to a further degree than we	21	MR. KISIELIUS: Objection.
22	developed the Shilshole segment.	22	Mr. Examiner, we're now straying from the design
23	Q. Okay. And was that to a 90-percent level	23	that was at issue in the EIS and talking about the
24	of design?	24	advancements in the design since the EIS.
25	A. So for the rest of the trail if you're	25	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm not sure I

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hand a full succetion and an I'm. I model had		Page 1490
heard a full question yet, so I'm I need to let	1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Prior to the
him finish the question and then	2	final application of the EIS?
MR. KISIELIUS: I apologize if I I	3	MR. SCHNEIDER: Prior to the
thought you'd asked the question.	4	publication of the final EIS, which was in May.
THE HEARING EXAMINER: I still heard	5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: So how is the
him talking when the objection	6	not part of
MR. KISIELIUS: I apologize.	7	MR. KISIELIUS: There's a nuance to
THE HEARING EXAMINER: So it may have	8	sanction if Mr. Schneider's going to be asking about
been almost over and you may have	9	what the Department did or didn't do up until that
MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, I suspect when	10	point, then we're comfortable with that, some
I finish the question we'll get the same objection.	11	discussion about hiring people, that's fine.
THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well	12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Right.
MR. KISIELIUS: I did not mean to	13	MR. KISIELIUS: And I will withdraw
interrupt you. I apologize.	14	my objection if that's what he's saying, but I'm
MR. SCHNEIDER: So the objection is I	15	ready.
		THE HEARING EXAMINER: I don't know
THE HEARING EXAMINER: If you could	17	enough about the timing of when these things were
		done to know if the actual question that was asked
-		goes beyond that.
-		MR. KISIELIUS: The nature of our
-		objection is I believe that they were pursuing
		information related to the advances in the design
		beyond what was considered in the final EIS.
		THE HEARING EXAMINER: Right, after
think, so was it in the February, early March time	25	the EIS.
Page 1489		Page 1491
frame when you engaged the Pertit firm to advance	1	MR. KISIELIUS: And I think the issue
-	2	here is that we believe that is outside the scope of
	3	the appeal that they filed. That's not part of
	4	their appeal and I don't believe it goes to
		deference, either. I think, as Mr. Cohen has
		identified, we've got deference and that is sort of
		an overlay over everything, but that does not give
-	8	you the right to then pursue evidence supporting
-		different challenges to the underlying EIS.
		THE HEARING EXAMINER: The challeng
		as stated in the very introduction to the appeal is
1		that SDOT's FEIS fails to comply with the policies
		and requirements of SEPA and its implemented
		regulations. Where were you referring?
		MR. SCHNEIDER: It's from the first
		paragraph of the introduction.
		THE HEARING EXAMINER: But again, if what you're doing is asking up to the EIS
		MR. SCHNEIDER: I'm sorry?
what the question is about because you hadn't	20	THE HEARING EXAMINER: If what you'r
MR. SCHNEIDER: My questions are	20 21	doing is asking about design up to the time of the
	ᄼᅩ	
	22	publication of the FIS I understand that the
going to be about what the Department did and did	22 23	publication of the EIS, I understand that the objection is being withdrawn and we can move
	22 23 24	publication of the EIS, I understand that the objection is being withdrawn and we can move forward. So is there
	thought you'd asked the question. THE HEARING EXAMINER: I still heard him talking when the objection MR. KISIELIUS: I apologize. THE HEARING EXAMINER: So it may have been almost over and you may have MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, I suspect when I finish the question we'll get the same objection. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well MR. KISIELIUS: I did not mean to interrupt you. I apologize. MR. SCHNEIDER: So the objection is I THE HEARING EXAMINER: If you could state the question so I'm sure I've got the whole question so I could otherwise I can't rule on it if I don't know what the question is. MR. SCHNEIDER: Okay. Well, I'm no longer sure what the question was, Jut I'll return. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. So, Mr. Mazzola, my question was, I think, so was it in the February, early March time Page 1489 frame when you engaged the Pertit firm to advance the design to the construction level? THE HEARING EXAMINER: And is that the question you're objecting to? MR. KISIELIUS: It's still the same objection. The timing is irrelevant to the fact that we're talking about it advancing beyond the design that was considered in the final EIS. MR. SCHNEIDER: And it's directly relevant to the lead agency. (Recess taken.) THE HEARING EXAMINER: We're working again, so. Are you all set? Okay. The recording is working again. As I as I understand the question, is what well, maybe I should ask you to explain the factual basis of the question, is about additional design done by the Department following the draft EIS? Is that correct or is there something more? I need to make sure I understand	thought you'd asked the question. 4 THE HEARING EXAMINER: I still heard him talking when the objection 6 MR. KISIELIUS: I apologize. 7 THE HEARING EXAMINER: So it may have 8 been almost over and you may have 99 MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, I suspect when 100 I finish the question we'll get the same objection. 111 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well 122 MR. KISIELIUS: I did not mean to 133 interrupt you. I apologize. 144 MR. SCHNEIDER: So the objection is I 15 166 THE HEARING EXAMINER: If you could 17 state the question so I'm sure I've got the whole 18 question so I could otherwise I can't rule on it 19 if I don't know what the question is. 200 MR. SCHNEIDER: Okay. Well, I'm no 211 longer sure what the question was, I 24 think, so was it in the February, early March time 25 Page 1489 frame when you engaged the Pertit firm to advance the design to the construction level? 21 MR. KISIELIUS: It's still the same 55 objection. The timing is irrelevant to the fact 16 the design to the construction level? 21 MR. KISIELIUS: It's still the same 55 objection. The timing is irrelevant to the fact 66 that we're talking about it advancing beyond the 77 design that was considered in the final EIS. 8 MR. SCHNEIDER: And it's directly 9 relevant to the lead agency. 100 (Recess taken.) 11 THE HEARING EXAMINER: We're working 123 again, so. Are you all set? Okay. The recording 133 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 31 is working again. As I as I understand the 314 question is what well, may

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	Page 1492		Page 1494
1	make the point with the evidence related to that,	1	decided on the preferred alternative, you engaged
2	but I would also then like to continue beyond that,	2	Perteep to complete the design of the preferred
3	not I'm not asking for any detail about the	3	alternative, correct?
4	design. I'm not attempting to get into what the	4	A. I wouldn't characterize it as immediately
5	design looks like, what decisions have or have not	5	after. I believe it was later, probably late March
6	been made. That has nothing to do with it.	6	where we identified excuse me. It was late March
7	I'm not going to be asking those	7	when we looked to Perteep to hire them to begin the
8	questions. But the fact that the design has	8	formal design process for the project.
9	advanced is relevant to several issues in this case	9	Q. Can I confirm what year you're talking
10	and I simply want to establish that fact and it's	10	about?
11	relevant to multiple issues. So, you know, we can	11	A. 2017.
12		12	
	deal with it now or we can it might make more		· · · ·
13	sense to let me deal with the stuff that hasn't been	13	A. That's right.
14	objected to and then that may put the rest of this	14	Q. Okay. And that's a design firm that you
15	into perspective.	15	had on contract?
16	MR. KISIELIUS: If I can respond	16	A. That's correct. The Seattle Department
17	because I do think this is important.	17	of Transportation has a number of on-call contracts
18	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I think since	18	for various services, such as design and engineering
19	we're talking in the abstract, what I'd like to do	19	plan set development and Perteep was one of those
20	is get back to the practical of how we're proceeding	20	firms that we had on contract already kind of
21	in the hearing and I'm going to take your	21	irregardless of the brick in the trail, Missing
22	suggestion, Mr. Schneider. Let's go with what we	22	Link.
23	all know is okay up to the time of when the EIS was	23	Q. And so you then in late March activated
24	produced. If there's questions about design that	24	your on-call contract with Perteep for them to
25	occurred after that, let's pick this back up at that	25	finish the design of the preferred alternative
	Page 1493		Page 1495
1	time, if there are questions related to that,	1	A. We began discussions with them. I cannot
2	because I don't want to if there's no questioning	2	speak to when it's called a work authorization
3	around that, then we don't need to spend time.	3	when we hire an on-call firm to do a particular task
4	I invite you and ask to reiterate the	4	and I cannot speak to the date that we actually
5	objection and I'll watch for it and I can call it as	5	finalized the work authorization with Perteep, but
6	I think we called it something else with the	6	we did begin discussions with them in late March,
7	Appellant's standing objection as well. We know	7	according to my memory.
8	it's an issue and so, but please remain aware of it	8	Q. Okay. And in fact, you did hire them to
9	and we'll address that at the time.	9	begin that work before the FEIS was published,
10	MR. KISIELIUS: Thank you.	10	correct?
11	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay?	11	A. I believe they were officially on-board
12	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	12	before we published the final EIS. That's correct.
13	Q. So, Mr. Mazzola, picking up more or less	13	Q. Okay. So I want to direct your attention
14	where we left off, the decision as to what the	14	to one of the city SEPA rules. I apologize to the
		- - -	to one of the entry SET A thres. I approgram to the
		15	way it's printed out I did multiple times on
15	preferred alternative would be was made in late	15 16	way it's printed out. I did multiple times on
15 16	preferred alternative would be was made in late February or early March. Is that accurate?	16	one page and then the content on the second.
15 16 17	preferred alternative would be was made in late February or early March. Is that accurate? A. That's correct.	16 17	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider
15 16 17 18	preferred alternative would be was made in lateFebruary or early March. Is that accurate?A. That's correct.Q. Okay. And the FEIS was published at the	16 17 18	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider can I get a copy?
15 16 17 18 19	preferred alternative would be was made in lateFebruary or early March. Is that accurate?A. That's correct.Q. Okay. And the FEIS was published at theend of May?	16 17 18 19	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider can I get a copy? MR. SCHNEIDER: Oh, sorry.
15 16 17 18 19 20	preferred alternative would be was made in lateFebruary or early March. Is that accurate?A. That's correct.Q. Okay. And the FEIS was published at theend of May?A. That's right.	16 17 18 19 20	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider can I get a copy? MR. SCHNEIDER: Oh, sorry. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 preferred alternative would be was made in late February or early March. Is that accurate? A. That's correct. Q. Okay. And the FEIS was published at the end of May? A. That's right. Q. May 20 May 2017. 	16 17 18 19 20 21	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider can I get a copy? MR. SCHNEIDER: Oh, sorry. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 preferred alternative would be was made in late February or early March. Is that accurate? A. That's correct. Q. Okay. And the FEIS was published at the end of May? A. That's right. Q. May 20 May 2017. A. That's right. May 25th, yes, of this 	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider can I get a copy? MR. SCHNEIDER: Oh, sorry. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. This is a printout of 2505070 of the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 preferred alternative would be was made in late February or early March. Is that accurate? A. That's correct. Q. Okay. And the FEIS was published at the end of May? A. That's right. Q. May 20 May 2017. A. That's right. May 25th, yes, of this year. 	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider can I get a copy? MR. SCHNEIDER: Oh, sorry. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. This is a printout of 2505070 of the City's SEPA regulations. Is that correct?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 preferred alternative would be was made in late February or early March. Is that accurate? A. That's correct. Q. Okay. And the FEIS was published at the end of May? A. That's right. Q. May 20 May 2017. A. That's right. May 25th, yes, of this 	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	one page and then the content on the second. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider can I get a copy? MR. SCHNEIDER: Oh, sorry. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. This is a printout of 2505070 of the

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	Page 1496		Page 1498
1	attention why don't you read for us Section A1	1	city SEPA policy. I'm with you up to that. I
2	and down through 2.	2	understand that that's what your line of questioning
3	MR. KISIELIUS: I'm going to object,	3	is on at this time.
4	again, renew my objection. There are arguments we	4	MR. SCHNEIDER: Mr. Schneider again.
5	can make about the path Mr. Schneider is pursuing.	5	The evidence I guess I have to make an offer of
6	The city feels like we've got to defense this. We	6	proof since I can't actually present the evidence
7	don't need to because this is not part of their	7	for you to evaluate without these repeated
8	appeal.	8	objections, but the city SEPA rule is one of SEPA's
9	If they're going to use the first	9	foundational principles that's been litigated in
10	line of their appeal that states that we violated	10	several recent appellate decisions is whether 070 is
11	the Environmental Policy Act, there is nothing	11	violated by actions being taken before procedural
12	that's out of bounds. They can change the nature of	12	SEPA's complied with, in this case, before the
13	their appeal like they are today. This is not one	13	publication of the final environmental impact
14	of the issues they've raised and we shouldn't have	14	statement.
15	this come up on Day 5 of the hearing.	15	The EIS sets out reasonable
16	THE HEARING EXAMINER: So what is	16	alternatives. That's what they are by definition,
17	I agree about the notice of appeal. That's a very	17	and SDOT made its choice among those reasonable
18	broad statement. It's in the introduction. It's	18	alternatives months before the FEIS was published
19	not identified as an issue. What is the issue as	19	and has been proceeding to finalize the plans for
20	you're framing it?	20	the preferred alternative, not only despite this
21	MR. KISIELIUS: As I understand what	21	appeal but before the FEIS was published.
22	Mr. Schneider's doing based on this regulation is	22	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And you're
23	that he is advancing an argument that the city has	23	offering this now as an issue that would support
24	violated this regulation by doing something beyond	24	demonstrating that I would not owe deference to an
25	the final environmental impacts statement or before	25	agency that would take a step like that.
	Page 1497		Page 1499
1	its publication in a manner that violates SEPA. We	1	MR. SCHNEIDER: That is one
2	don't agree with that, but that's, again, something	2	foundational.
3	we don't need to be arguing about because they did	3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: One
4	not raise this as part of their appeal.	4	foundational.
5	MR. SCHNEIDER: And to begin, not	5	MR. SCHNEIDER: And it also goes to
6	only does this go to the deference that the city is	б	sort of the pervasive argument throughout the appeal
7	insisting the examiner apply to the lead agency's	7	again that this EIS is covering is intended to
8	conduct in this in this case, it is directly	8	cover up and conceal rather than disclose
9	relevant to whether this EIS is compliant with	9	environmental impacts. The decision was made before
10	SEPA's purpose, which is to inform decisionmakers	10	the FEIS was final. And again, Your Honor, we're
11	before a decision is made rather than cover up a	11	you know, we're not dealing with we're dealing
12	decision that has already been made. That is a	12	with a situation where it may not be notice
13	fundamental part of our appeal of the adequacy of	13	pleading, but you also cannot be expected to
14	this case and finally, the facts that I'm raising	14	identify issues that you have no way to know about
15	could not have been known at the time we filed the	15	until you do it, take a deposition or do some
16	appeal because we didn't learn this until discovery.	16	discovery.
17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I don't have	17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: When did you
18	enough information to even know what these facts are		become aware of this as an issue?
19 20	to really comment on the last part is the difficulty	19 20	MR. SCHNEIDER: When I deposed Mr
20 21	I'm having. The I guess of course we're stopping	20 21	I'm sorry, Mr. Mazzola.
21 22	a line of questioning that would elucidate those	21 22	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And when was
22	facts. But you're citing the purpose is this	22 23	that? MR. SCHNEIDER: Last month. The date
23 24	deference challenge. Help me understand what that is in the context of this.	23 24	of the deposition was October 25th, so I guess just
24		24 25	over a month ago, and Miss Ferguson was there.
20	We've got a they failed to meet a	20	over a monul ago, and wiss rerguson was mere.

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	Page 1500		Page 1502
1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And was any	1	appellants as to what issues they need to be
2	motion filed to modify or amend the notice of appeal	2	prepared to address at the hearing.
3	or add an issue at that time or shortly thereafter?	3	Let's move on to the deference and
4	MR. SCHNEIDER: No, but again, this	4	I'm not sure if we still have another, a second.
5	is not	5	There were three items that we've been discussing.
б	THE HEARING EXAMINER: On that one	6	MR. SCHNEIDER: I don't
7	point, I just want to make sure that we	7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: You gave me
8	MR. SCHNEIDER: No.	8	three and I'm forgetting what one of them was.
9	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I got three	9	MR. SCHNEIDER: If I can be helpful.
10	pieces to go through here and on that, whether it	10	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Please.
11	was part of the notice of appeal, you've indicated	11	MR. SCHNEIDER: I believe in the
12	it couldn't have been because we only found this out	12	first line of the notice of appeal, the final EIS
13	in deposition and so now the City's only finding out	13	violated SEPA.
14	about it mid-hearing. We are on December 1st,	14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I think that's
15	approximately a month later, so it seems to me that	15	the same issue.
16	the appellants had an opportunity to file a motion	16	MR. SCHNEIDER: I see.
17	to amend, to bring that in as an issue. Is it	17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: If I'm not
18	agreed you're making a new issue? I understand that	18	mistaken unless there were two combined issues. So
19	the deference is not an issue that you would raise a	19	we agree there was another issue. It sounds like we
20	new issue in, but	20	don't have to address it because new counsel's able
21	MR. SCHNEIDER: If I could just	21	to tell me that there is. So we remain with the
22	disagree with one way in which you've laid out the	22	issue of whether this can be raised in the context
23	issue. The city was aware. The City's attorney was	23	of showing that the Department does not has not
24	there in the room.	24	adequately met the requirements under SEPA in the
25	THE HEARING EXAMINER: That you would	d 25	context of I don't know how to frame this, but it's
	5 1501		
	Page 1501		Page 1503
1	-	1	
1 2	be raising this as an issue in the hearing?	1 2	in the deference.
	be raising this as an issue in the hearing? MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it is an issue	2	in the deference. MR. SCHNEIDER: In all honesty, Your
2	be raising this as an issue in the hearing? MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it is an issue factually.	2 3	in the deference. MR. SCHNEIDER: In all honesty, Your Honor, it never occurred to me to even think I
2 3	be raising this as an issue in the hearing? MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it is an issue factually. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well, they may	2 3	in the deference. MR. SCHNEIDER: In all honesty, Your Honor, it never occurred to me to even think I needed to review the notice of appeal to see whether
2 3 4	be raising this as an issue in the hearing? MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it is an issue factually. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well, they may be aware of all kinds of things they did wrong.	2 3 7 4	in the deference. MR. SCHNEIDER: In all honesty, Your Honor, it never occurred to me to even think I
2 3 4 5	be raising this as an issue in the hearing? MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it is an issue factually. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well, they may	2 3 7 4 5	in the deference. MR. SCHNEIDER: In all honesty, Your Honor, it never occurred to me to even think I needed to review the notice of appeal to see whether this was in the scope of an issue and so I haven't
2 3 4 5 6	be raising this as an issue in the hearing? MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it is an issue factually. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well, they may be aware of all kinds of things they did wrong. MR. SCHNEIDER: All I'm saying is	2 3 4 5 6	in the deference. MR. SCHNEIDER: In all honesty, Your Honor, it never occurred to me to even think I needed to review the notice of appeal to see whether this was in the scope of an issue and so I haven't done so.
2 3 4 5 6 7	be raising this as an issue in the hearing? MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it is an issue factually. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well, they may be aware of all kinds of things they did wrong. MR. SCHNEIDER: All I'm saying is there isn't any there shouldn't be any surprise	2 3 4 5 6 7	in the deference. MR. SCHNEIDER: In all honesty, Your Honor, it never occurred to me to even think I needed to review the notice of appeal to see whether this was in the scope of an issue and so I haven't done so. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Uh-huh. MR. SCHNEIDER: So Mr. Brower's been
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	Page 1504		Page 1506
1	trying to demonstrate is a pattern of behavior.	1	and FEIS. And C, evaluate whether a multi-use trail
2	MR. SCHNEIDER: Mr. Examiner, may I	2	as the preferred alternative can be designed and
3	read a bullet point from the eighth page of our	3	operate safely in the selected location, which
4	notice of appeal, which I believe will resolve	4	evaluation information should have been included in
5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: What page?	5	the draft and FEIS."
6	MR. SCHNEIDER: Eighth page.	6	MR. BROWER: If I might respond?
7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And which	7	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Uh-huh.
8	bullet point?	8	MR. KISIELIUS: Mr. Examiner, in our
9	MR. SCHNEIDER: The fifth full bullet	9	motion to dismiss, we specifically moved to dismiss
10	point.	10	discussion of this precise issue and in their
11	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yes.	11	response, they conceded that was not properly part
12	MR. SCHNEIDER: "The FEIS is	12	of the scope of the appeal.
13	incomplete and inadequate because SDOT is using an	13	MR. BROWER: Just the DAC. The issue
14	ongoing process occurring after the EIS was issued."	14	of when the design occurred, I don't think that was
15	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm sorry. I	15	conceded.
16	thought I had turned right to your notice of appeal.	16	MR. KISIELIUS: I would add I
17	Was there an amended one filed?	17	defer.
18	MR. SCHNEIDER: It was corrected,	18	THE HEARING EXAMINER: So the parties
19	yes.	19	have a dispute as to what was said in the there
20	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Ah.	20	was was there anything
21	MR. SCHNEIDER: Sorry about that.	21	MR. BROWER: Motions were months ago.
22	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Do you know	/ 22	I don't have them in front of me. You apparently
23	what date that was filed?	23	do.
24	MR. SCHNEIDER: I do. I believe it	24	MR. KISIELIUS: Subsection we do
25	was filed on	25	and subsection B is not saying that it was
	Page 1505		Page 1507
1		1	
1 2	MR. KISIELIUS: Eighth of June.	1 2	improperly done. It was saying that this is more of
	MR. KISIELIUS: Eighth of June. MR. SCHNEIDER: Eighth of June. It	2	improperly done. It was saying that this is more of your argument about how much design is required to
2	MR. KISIELIUS: Eighth of June. MR. SCHNEIDER: Eighth of June. It was timely filed.		improperly done. It was saying that this is more of your argument about how much design is required to be done in advance of the draft EIS. It's the same
2 3	MR. KISIELIUS: Eighth of June. MR. SCHNEIDER: Eighth of June. It was timely filed. THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.	2 3 4	improperly done. It was saying that this is more of your argument about how much design is required to be done in advance of the draft EIS. It's the same argument we've been talking about. What you're
2 3 4	MR. KISIELIUS: Eighth of June. MR. SCHNEIDER: Eighth of June. It was timely filed. THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Just go ahead and read what you've got.	2 3	improperly done. It was saying that this is more of your argument about how much design is required to be done in advance of the draft EIS. It's the same argument we've been talking about. What you're raising now is different. You're pointing to a
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	Page 1508		Page 1510
1	would have said you're way too late to do it because	1	objection. I'm allowing. I'm deferring my ruling
2	you had to do it ten days after it's filed, which	2	on it to you having an opportunity to argue in
3	would have been June 18th, not November something.		closing.
4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.	. 3	We have to move on to it and we could
5	Well, you did have a month for that, so I'm going to	5	keep discussing it until I get the information from
6	stay with my ruling on that, but I'm going to allow	6	you, but we're going to it's going to take too
7	you to proceed with the line of questioning,	7	long and we'll have wasted our opportunity to finish
8	preserving it for appeal. So you can create the	8	with a witness today.
9	record around it.	9	MR. KISIELIUS: And just to confirm
10	MR. SCHNEIDER: Does that mean that	10	I'm clear with the ground rules, is it appropriate
11	you're not going to treat it as evidence for	11	to treat this as a standing objection as this goes
12	purposes of the deference issue?	12	on so I don't have to keep renewing this and we'll
13	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I well,	13	address it in the closing briefing
14	what I'll do with that honestly is I have to leave	14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yes.
15	that for closing argument for the parties to the	15	MR. KISIELIUS: is how I
16	value of this. I'm not getting clear argument from	16	understood your ruling.
17	both sides on this and so I don't have enough	17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yes. Yes.
18	information on we're arguing about facts before I	18	MR. KISIELIUS: Okay.
19	get them and we continue to do that and I don't I	19	THE HEARING EXAMINER: It's not
20	can't evaluate those facts until I have them.	20	yeah. I have not ruled on it, so it's a standing
21	So since it wasn't in the notice of	21	objection on that item that I'll expect the allow
22	appeal, it could have been included. I know I've	22	the I don't expect it, but the parties have the
23	dismissed it on that. It's not a separate issue for	23	opportunity to provide additional briefing on the
24	purposes of appeal, then, so we don't need to	24	allowance of this evidence in and the context of
25	preserve it for that. The question of whether I owe	25	deference in your closing briefing, and I will allow
	Page 1509		Page 1511
1	deference for the city is something that we can	1	it to proceed under two purposes for that argument
2	preserve it in the record for.	2	within the context of this hearing and to preserve
3	MR. KISIELIUS: And I apologize. I'm	3	it for appeal in the record, which, you know, at
4	still not clear in my mind about	4	that point, however I rule on any objection, a judge
5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: In this record	15	can decide on, but it will at least be in the record
6	for, so I can consider it for that purpose.	6	for that to be considered as part of the review if a
7	MR. KISIELIUS: Okay.	7	judge disagrees with me.
8	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I do need to	8	MR. KISIELIUS: And one last
9	preserve, though, because honestly again, I don't	9	clarification. I'd appreciate it if you'd indulge
10	know what it is that the opportunity for the city to	10	I would intend if Mr. Schneider's going to pursue
11	object to that in their closing briefing, so the	11	questions on this that the city will may have
12	additional argument can't come in at the end on	12	questions on redirect addressing this issue as well.
13	this. I don't A, I'm not clear on it at 3:00	13	I would do so for purposes of a complete record but
14	honestly at the fifth day of the hearing, and I'm,	14	would not be waiving our objection to the subject
15	to your credit, you've done everything you can with	15	matter.
16	it I think in this moment, but I'm not getting clear	16	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Fully agreed.
17	argument here from both sides on this, missing facts	17	Absolutely. Thank you.
18	and I think you're both doing the best you can with	18	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
19	it to inform me, but I'm not sure that I'm getting	19	Q. Try once again, Mr. Mazzola. So the city
20	everything I could, for example, that I could get in	20	SDOT engaged Perteep to finalize the design of the
21	actual briefing as to the standard of what's owed to	21	preferred alternative before the FEIS was published
22	these facts in the context of the deference I owe to	22	on May 25th, correct?
23	the city, and so I will allow the city to renew its	23	A. The city engaged Perteep to begin work on
	a har a har a na ann ha a llas har har a la har a la har a ha har a l	·) /	the tipel sign prior to the tipel LIS being
24 25	objection essentially to this in the closing so it's not I'm not I'm essentially not ruling on your	24 25	the final sign prior to the final EIS being published this year. That's correct.

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1	Page 1512		Page 1514
	Q. And Mr. Schultheiss who we heard from, is	1	Q. Mr. Mazzola, since the FEIS was
2	his firm a subcontractor, then, to Perteep?	2	published, no action as defined in SEPA has taken
3	A. My understanding is that Tool Design is	3	place, correct?
4	part of the Perteep on-call team. That's correct.	4	A. I say no formal decision as I would say
5	Q. Okay. So, again, I think I think you	5	as contemplated here in Section A1 or 2 has been
6	were interrupted when I had asked you to read the	6	taken by the Department. That's correct.
7	rule, so why don't we get 070 on the record. If you	7	Q. Okay. And in fact you treated the choice
8	could read Section A1 and 2, please.	8	of the preferred alternative as the City's decision
9	A. Sure, and so not the other subsequent	9	to proceed with the project, correct?
10	-	9 10	
11	sections that all sort of roll up into this	11	A. So I guess I'd like to I've been having a hard time answering because it there's
	Q. Well, we'll get to one of the others in a		
12	moment. Now, just get A1 and 2.	12 13	many decisions that the Department has made over the
13	A. Okay, sure. So, beginning at A, "Until		years to move forward with this project and I
14	the responsible official issues a final	14	apologize if I'm not hearing your question or if I
15	determination of non-significance or final	15	lost the meaning of it, but
16	environmental impact statement, no action concernin		Q. Well, I'll come back to it in a moment.
17	the proposal shall be taken by a government agency	17	A. Sure.
18	that would 1, have an adverse environmental impact,	18	Q. Let's assume for example that the new
19	or 2, limit the choice of reasonable alternatives."	19	mayor wants to take a look at this issue and decide
20	Q. Okay. And so by choosing to proceed with	20	whether to proceed with the preferred alternative or
21	the design of the preferred alternative, didn't you	21	not.
22	limit, say, decisionmakers' ability to choose among	22	A. Correct.
23	the reasonable alternatives after the FEIS was	23	Q. How much money will she discover that the
24	published?	24	city has already invested in the preferred
25	A. No, we did not, and I would like to	25	alternative?
	Page 1513		Page 1515
1	explain if I may. First of all, to bring your	1	
-		1	A. Into the preferred alternative or into
2	attention to subsection D, where it states here that	1 2	A. Into the preferred alternative or into this project over the years?
2 3	attention to subsection D, where it states here that this section does not preclude developing plans or		_
		2	this project over the years?
3	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and	2 3	this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative.
3 4	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final	2 3 4	this project over the years?Q. Preferred alternative.A. Into the design of a preferred
3 4 5	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and	2 3 4 5	this project over the years?Q. Preferred alternative.A. Into the design of a preferredalternative? I cannot answer because I am nottracking that budget and I don't know how much money
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final design process for the preferred alternative comes with some level of financial risk and time to the city because it is always within the right of our decisionmakers to change their minds and so that's a risk that we often are willing to accept for many of our projects, especially the bulk of our projects fall within the level of environmental review	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative. A. Into the design of a preferred alternative? I cannot answer because I am not tracking that budget and I don't know how much money we have spent to date on developing that design. Q. Well, we're talking about hundreds of thousands of dollars, right? A. I can speculate presumably, yeah. Q. And you heard Mr. Phillips's testimony about, he said 250 to 350 to advance the designs
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final design process for the preferred alternative comes with some level of financial risk and time to the city because it is always within the right of our decisionmakers to change their minds and so that's a risk that we often are willing to accept for many of our projects, especially the bulk of our projects fall within the level of environmental review appropriate for SEPA checklist and subsequently a determination of non-significance, and within those projects, we by the time we are doing our environmental review, typically we already have the designer, the consultant design team on board and are working to design that project. I'd say that in this case, the Missing Link, it's atypical for the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative. A. Into the design of a preferred alternative? I cannot answer because I am not tracking that budget and I don't know how much money we have spent to date on developing that design. Q. Well, we're talking about hundreds of thousands of dollars, right? A. I can speculate presumably, yeah. Q. And you heard Mr. Phillips's testimony about, he said 250 to 350 to advance the designs just from ten percent to 30 percent? A. I apologize. I don't recall that testimony. Q. So what what level are the designs at now? A. Well, we've heard here during this hearing that they're approximately at ten percent,
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final design process for the preferred alternative comes with some level of financial risk and time to the city because it is always within the right of our decisionmakers to change their minds and so that's a risk that we often are willing to accept for many of our projects, especially the bulk of our projects fall within the level of environmental review appropriate for SEPA checklist and subsequently a determination of non-significance, and within those projects, we by the time we are doing our environmental review, typically we already have the designer, the consultant design team on board and are working to design that project. I'd say that in this case, the Missing Link, it's atypical for the Department because we truly did not know the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative. A. Into the design of a preferred alternative? I cannot answer because I am not tracking that budget and I don't know how much money we have spent to date on developing that design. Q. Well, we're talking about hundreds of thousands of dollars, right? A. I can speculate presumably, yeah. Q. And you heard Mr. Phillips's testimony about, he said 250 to 350 to advance the designs just from ten percent to 30 percent? A. I apologize. I don't recall that testimony. Q. So what what level are the designs at now? A. Well, we've heard here during this hearing that they're approximately at ten percent, so rather than argue, I will say that they are at
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final design process for the preferred alternative comes with some level of financial risk and time to the city because it is always within the right of our decisionmakers to change their minds and so that's a risk that we often are willing to accept for many of our projects, especially the bulk of our projects fall within the level of environmental review appropriate for SEPA checklist and subsequently a determination of non-significance, and within those projects, we by the time we are doing our environmental review, typically we already have the designer, the consultant design team on board and are working to design that project. I'd say that in this case, the Missing Link, it's atypical for the Department because we truly did not know the preferred alternative until after we published the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative. A. Into the design of a preferred alternative? I cannot answer because I am not tracking that budget and I don't know how much money we have spent to date on developing that design. Q. Well, we're talking about hundreds of thousands of dollars, right? A. I can speculate presumably, yeah. Q. And you heard Mr. Phillips's testimony about, he said 250 to 350 to advance the designs just from ten percent to 30 percent? A. I apologize. I don't recall that testimony. Q. So what what level are the designs at now? A. Well, we've heard here during this hearing that they're approximately at ten percent, so rather than argue, I will say that they are at approximately
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final design process for the preferred alternative comes with some level of financial risk and time to the city because it is always within the right of our decisionmakers to change their minds and so that's a risk that we often are willing to accept for many of our projects, especially the bulk of our projects fall within the level of environmental review appropriate for SEPA checklist and subsequently a determination of non-significance, and within those projects, we by the time we are doing our environmental review, typically we already have the designer, the consultant design team on board and are working to design that project. I'd say that in this case, the Missing Link, it's atypical for the Department because we truly did not know the preferred alternative until after we published the final EIS. Excuse me. I misspoke. We did not know	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative. A. Into the design of a preferred alternative? I cannot answer because I am not tracking that budget and I don't know how much money we have spent to date on developing that design. Q. Well, we're talking about hundreds of thousands of dollars, right? A. I can speculate presumably, yeah. Q. And you heard Mr. Phillips's testimony about, he said 250 to 350 to advance the designs just from ten percent to 30 percent? A. I apologize. I don't recall that testimony. Q. So what what level are the designs at now? A. Well, we've heard here during this hearing that they're approximately at ten percent, so rather than argue, I will say that they are at approximately Q. No, no. I'm asking where they are
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final design process for the preferred alternative comes with some level of financial risk and time to the city because it is always within the right of our decisionmakers to change their minds and so that's a risk that we often are willing to accept for many of our projects, especially the bulk of our projects fall within the level of environmental review appropriate for SEPA checklist and subsequently a determination of non-significance, and within those projects, we by the time we are doing our environmental review, typically we already have the designer, the consultant design team on board and are working to design that project. I'd say that in this case, the Missing Link, it's atypical for the Department because we truly did not know the preferred alternative until after we published the final EIS. Excuse me. I misspoke. We did not know the preferred alternative until after we published	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative. A. Into the design of a preferred alternative? I cannot answer because I am not tracking that budget and I don't know how much money we have spent to date on developing that design. Q. Well, we're talking about hundreds of thousands of dollars, right? A. I can speculate presumably, yeah. Q. And you heard Mr. Phillips's testimony about, he said 250 to 350 to advance the designs just from ten percent to 30 percent? A. I apologize. I don't recall that testimony. Q. So what what level are the designs at now? A. Well, we've heard here during this hearing that they're approximately at ten percent, so rather than argue, I will say that they are at approximately Q. No, no. I'm asking where they are A. Oh, I'm sorry. I'm sorry. I was
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	this section does not preclude developing plans or designs and that's exactly what we were doing, and so we recognize that in embarking on the final design process for the preferred alternative comes with some level of financial risk and time to the city because it is always within the right of our decisionmakers to change their minds and so that's a risk that we often are willing to accept for many of our projects, especially the bulk of our projects fall within the level of environmental review appropriate for SEPA checklist and subsequently a determination of non-significance, and within those projects, we by the time we are doing our environmental review, typically we already have the designer, the consultant design team on board and are working to design that project. I'd say that in this case, the Missing Link, it's atypical for the Department because we truly did not know the preferred alternative until after we published the final EIS. Excuse me. I misspoke. We did not know	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 this project over the years? Q. Preferred alternative. A. Into the design of a preferred alternative? I cannot answer because I am not tracking that budget and I don't know how much money we have spent to date on developing that design. Q. Well, we're talking about hundreds of thousands of dollars, right? A. I can speculate presumably, yeah. Q. And you heard Mr. Phillips's testimony about, he said 250 to 350 to advance the designs just from ten percent to 30 percent? A. I apologize. I don't recall that testimony. Q. So what what level are the designs at now? A. Well, we've heard here during this hearing that they're approximately at ten percent, so rather than argue, I will say that they are at approximately Q. No, no. I'm asking where they are

61 (Pages 1512 to 1515)

	Page 1516		Page 1518
1	Q. So did you see the Seattle Times article	1	I'm quite frankly not sure how this is at all
2	about this case?	2	relevant to the adequacy of the EIS. I understand
3	MR. KISIELIUS: Objection,	3	they pursued a lot of different theories in their
4	Mr. Examiner. We're now talking about press	4	deposition of Mr. Mazzola.
5	coverage about this case.	5	The fact that they pursued those in
6	THE HEARING EXAMINER: That was a	6	the scope of discovery, they're allowed to. In the
7	foundational question. I can skip it.	7	context of this proceeding, we're supposed to be
8	THE WITNESS: It's been reported	8	dealing with relevant evidence to the issues they've
9	MR. SCHNEIDER: Yes, it's withdrawn	9	raised in appeal and I feel this is wide-ranging and
10	if he's skipping it.	10	irrelevant to the adequacy of the document that's in
11	MR. KISIELIUS: I'm sorry?	11	front of the examiner.
12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Did I	12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And I think
13	understand you were withdrawing the question?	13	we're having the same debate we had earlier about
14	MR. SCHNEIDER: Yes. I'm asking	14	whether deference is owed to this lead agency for
15	another question.	15	its SEPA review of this project, which has been
16	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	16	ongoing for ten years now and has been repeatedly
17	Q. So, has SDOT spent not counting the work,	17	found invalid by the courts or by the hearing
18	whatever money it spent on taking the preferred	18	examiner.
19	alternative to 90 percent, has SDOT spent \$4.8	19	I guess I don't see how what the
20	million on design work for Missing Link routes that	20	Department spent or how they've utilized designs
21	have been scrapped?	21	gets at that.
22	A. That sounds correct to me. If what	22	MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, the fact that
23	you're referring to is the money that we that the	23	they are willing to spend millions of dollars before
24	Department spent basically on what if you'll	24	the SEPA review is final certainly can be construed
25	allow me to call the original Burke-Gilman Trail	25	as evidence that it is trying to preclude any
	Page 1517		Page 1519
1		1	
1 2	Missing Link Project prior to Hearing Examiner Watanabe's decision remand to the Department to	1 2	decisionmaker from making a reasonable, neutral decision after the environmental review is complete
3	conduct an EIS. So that's my understanding of	3	because of the city investment that will be wasted
4		3 4	if someone makes a different decision.
4 5	roughly of what had been spent on that earlier iteration of the project.	4 5	MR. KISIELIUS: And if I may,
6	Q. Okay. And so that 4.8 million was spent	6	
7	on projects that on design work that was done	0 7	Mr. Schneider I think
8		8	THE HEARING EXAMINER: So I just war to make sure that that does I'll hear what you've
	before the SEPA review was completed, correct? A. So I would say that it's money spent on	o 9	got to say, but I just want to make sure that that
9 10	design and other work the Department did related to	9 10	does not get to the question of deference owed, if
10	the project. Prior to the appeal, I guess, of this	11	that's the argument line, what you just said. So I
12		12	A, I don't see how this gets to the question of
	project being resolved.	13	
13 14	Q. Right. So because Judge Rogers and Hearing Examiner Watanabe disagreed with the SEPA		deference that would be owed, if that's the basis for the line of question, and B, I don't think that
	determinations, that 4.8 million was wasted?	15	-
15 16	A. I wouldn't I would not characterize it	15 16	that's what you just said, so am I correct that that is not what you're pursuing with this line of
16 17	A. I wouldn't I would not characterize it as wasted. I don't feel that's my place to do so	16 17	questioning?
		18	
18 19	one way or the other.	18 19	MR. SCHNEIDER: No. I believe it is
	Q. Well, you took the 90 percent plans, for example, for the portions of the Missing Link	20	related to deference because of the actions that are taken before environmental review is complete. The
		40	taken before environmental review is complete. The
20		21	whole nurnose of SEDA is to inform decision meltare
20 21	outside the Shilshole segment and basically scrapped	21 22	whole purpose of SEPA is to inform decisionmakers
20 21 22	outside the Shilshole segment and basically scrapped them and went back to 10 percent, didn't you?	22	once the environmental review is complete and
20 21 22 23	outside the Shilshole segment and basically scrapped them and went back to 10 percent, didn't you? MR. KISIELIUS: I'm going to object	22 23	once the environmental review is complete and actions have been taken here, public money is
20 21 22	outside the Shilshole segment and basically scrapped them and went back to 10 percent, didn't you?	22	once the environmental review is complete and

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	Page 1520		Page 1522
1	final because they were subject to appeal and never	1	don't need to repeat what you said at that time.
2	became final.	2	A. I apologize. I'm sorry, Mr. Schneider.
3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: You had	3	Can you repeat your question?
4	something to add, Mr. Kiselius?	4	Q. We can go back to your deposition
5	MR. KISIELIUS: I just I do not	5	transcript if we need to, but right now, my question
6	believe that this is relevant to deference. I	6	is are you aware of anyone having read it since your
7	believe that what Mr. Schneider's doing is trying to	7	deposition was taken?
8	put a spin on past facts that try to cast SDOT in a	8	A. I think besides myself and some of my
9	bad light and again, we disagree with the theories	9	other team members that work for the city, I'm not
10	he's pursuing, but that is irrelevant to the scope	10	aware of whether or not other folks at the city have
11	of the appeal or to the deference that the	11	read the final EIS since my deposition.
11		12	• •
12 13	examiner's supposed to give. THE HEARING EXAMINER: I think we've		Q. Okay. And again, excluding your circle
			that's responsible for it
14	already had this argument and I profoundly disagree	14	A. That's a big circle.
15 16	that this is not relevant to the issue of deference.	15	Q you weren't aware of anyone at the
16	Whether the lead agency repeatedly takes action	16	time of your deposition having read it either,
17	before its environmental review is done because it's	17	correct?
18	both the project proponent	18	A. Well, I so you can see my struggle. I
19	MR. KISIELIUS: But that wasn't the	19	don't want to be inconsistent with what I said at
20	line of questioning you were just on. The question	20	the deposition, of course. What I would say is that
21	you were asking them is whether they had utilized	21	I don't know the extent to which folks at the city
22	designs or not and how much money they had spent.	22	have read the EIS since it was published. I know
23	MR. SCHNEIDER: Before the	23	I've gotten questions about it and asked to help
24	environmental review was complete.	24	look things up, asked folks have asked me
25	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Right.	25	folks from the city or the Department have asked me
	Page 1521		Page 1523
1	MR. KISIELIUS: It was actually it	1	for references of where they can find particular
2	went to how much money they wasted, which is utterly	/ 2	information, so I don't recall the extent or I
3	irrelevant to the legitimacy of this EIS.	3	cannot say the extent to which folks from the city
4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'm going to	4	have read the final EIS.
5	sustain the objection with regard to that line of	5	Q. Okay. So questions from whom and when
б	questioning.	б	did you get them?
7	MR. SCHNEIDER: And I'm sorry, just	7	A. Questions from our project manager,
8	so I don't trespass to the line of questioning about	8	Louisa Galassini, questions from other folks on the
9	the amount of money?	9	design team. That's what I can recall at this
10	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I believe so,	10	point.
11	yes, and that it was wasted or not.	11	Q. Okay. So isn't it fair that as far as
12	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	12	you're concerned, the decision to proceed with the
13	Q. Am I correct, Mr. Mazzola, in stating	13	preferred alternative was made when you chose the
14	that you're not aware of anyone in the city having	14	preferred alternative?
15	read the FEIS since it was published?	15	A. When we chose so excuse me. I want to
16	A. I don't think that's a fair	16	make sure I understand your question. You asked is
17	characterization, no.	17	it fair to say that the decision to proceed with the
18	Q. Are you aware of anyone reading it since	18	preferred alternative was made before the final EIS
19	your deposition was taken?	19	was published?
20	A. Since my deposition? So I know you asked	20	Q. No.
21	me this question during my deposition. I said, and	21	A. I'm sorry.
22	I don't recall exactly if you asked me about	22	Q. The question now is isn't it correct that
23	specific	23	your understanding was that the city decision to
24	Q. So Mr. Mazzola, I just want to clarify	24	proceed with the project was the choice of the
25	the question to you is after the deposition, so you	25	preferred alternative?

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1	Page 1524		Page 1526
	A. So I don't think that's a fair	1	I've mentioned before, you know, decisions are made
2	characterization, either, when you say the City's	2	about this project as many of our projects every day
3	decision to proceed with the project. One could	3	and so the decision was made to move forward with
4	argue that it was made in the early 2000s when we	4	the design process and advance the project design,
5	first started our endeavor to complete the Burke-	5	to gear the Department up in order to get the
6	_	6	
	Gilman Trail Missing Link.	7	project out eventually once the hearing here is settled.
7	Q. Well, (inaudible), but a lot of folks are		
8	sitting on the decision to proceed with the project	8	Q. So is it is what you're saying then
9	as set forth in the preferred alternative.	9	let's assume Mr. Kubly retains his position as
10	A. So, sorry. Could you repeat that	10	Department Director, that having made the decision
11	question, then? Or maybe if I could paraphrase to	11	and before May 25th to invest in the final design of
12	make sure I'm	12	the preferred alternative, he's going to make
13	Q. Sure.	13	another decision whether to do that or not, whether
14	A clear on your question. You're asking	14	to proceed with that project at some point in the
15	it was the City's decision to proceed with the	15	future?
16	project once we identified the preferred	16	A. That's correct, and to be honest, I don't
17	alternative?	17	know who if I may back up. We go through a
18	Q. Yeah, and I'm being specific now to your	18	contract award process that involves not only the
19	understanding, your understanding that the choice of	19	Seattle Department of Transportation but another
20	the preferred alternative was the same thing as the	20	department within the city, the acronym is CPCS I
21	decision to proceed with that alternative.	21	want to say, and I'm blanking on what exactly that
22	A. So I don't think those two items are the	22	stands for, but it's our contracts folks, so at a
23	same thing. So and again, decision to proceed with	23	city level, they review our contract documents and
24	the project versus the preferred alternative with	24	approve them and this is standard for any of our
25	which to proceed with are two separate issues. So	25	capital projects that we deliver.
	Page 1525		Dama 1507
	- 1		Page 1527
1		1	And so the project would go through that,
1 2	Q. So when and by whom is the future	1 2	
			And so the project would go through that,
2	Q. So when and by whom is the future	2	And so the project would go through that, bidding or advertisement approval process, before it
2 3	Q. So when and by whom is the future decision going to be made about whether to proceed with an alternative, then?	2 3	And so the project would go through that, bidding or advertisement approval process, before it goes out to bid for a contractor. So that's
2 3 4	 Q. So when and by whom is the future decision going to be made about whether to proceed	2 3 4	And so the project would go through that, bidding or advertisement approval process, before it goes out to bid for a contractor. So that's there's that decision-making process that the city
2 3 4 5	 Q. So when and by whom is the future decision going to be made about whether to proceed with an alternative, then? A. So, right now, you know, as we've I think as the city has announced and as we have stated 	2 3 4 5	And so the project would go through that, bidding or advertisement approval process, before it goes out to bid for a contractor. So that's there's that decision-making process that the city goes through that excuse me. There's that
2 3 4 5 6	Q. So when and by whom is the future decision going to be made about whether to proceed with an alternative, then? A. So, right now, you know, as we've I think	2 3 4 5 6	And so the project would go through that, bidding or advertisement approval process, before it goes out to bid for a contractor. So that's there's that decision-making process that the city goes through that excuse me. There's that decision-making process that the city will go
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 Q. So when and by whom is the future decision going to be made about whether to proceed with an alternative, then? A. So, right now, you know, as we've I think as the city has announced and as we have stated in the final EIS, our the City's the Department's intent is to move forward with the preferred alternative. As I mentioned before, the 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	And so the project would go through that, bidding or advertisement approval process, before it goes out to bid for a contractor. So that's there's that decision-making process that the city goes through that excuse me. There's that decision-making process that the city will go through as part of this project once we've completed the environmental review process, which I understand at this hearing we are still in the middle of.
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Page 1528	Page 1530
1 A. Okay. So, I mean, the first part of your 1 begin in a few months from	now?
2 question mentioned or implied that a decision has 2 A. So that was our expe	
3 not yet been made on a preferred alternative, but it 3 published the final EIS that	
4 4 some sort of projection about	
5 Q. No. I'm asking whether the decision that 5 design would be finished an	
6 is referred to in 070 about limiting the choice of 6 begin and end because that	
7 reasonable alternatives has been made, whether an 7 that we get from the public.	
8 action has been taken within the meaning of SEPA 8 interest, folks really want to	understand,
9 since the FEIS was published, and I think you said 9 especially on this project sir	nce it has been such a
10 if you want me to shut up so you can respond, just 10 long time coming, folks want	nt to know when kind of
11 say so that there would be a future action by 11 the soonest it could begin co	onstruction and then how
12 Mr. Kubly. 12 quickly it would take to actu	ally build the project.
13 A. Okay. If I I may have misspoke and I 13 Q. Sorry.	
14 don't remember the context in which I would have - 14 A. That's all. Thank yo	u.
15 in which I said that, but I can say that the 15 THE HEARING E	XAMINER: Okay. We'll
16 Department has not made any decision that would 16 take a break there. We'll co	me back at 3:15.
17limit the choice of reasonable alternatives.17THE WITNESS: 0	Okay, great.
18Q. So if we turn to the FEIS, please, which18(Brief rece	ess.)
19is Exhibit R-1.19THE HEARING E	XAMINER: Mr. Schneider
20 A. Yes. 20 BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	
21 Q. And specifically to FS III, which is very 21 Q. So Mr. Mazzola, let'	-
22 near the beginning, FS Roman numeral III, which is 22 time to 2505070, please. De	o you still have that?
23part of the fact sheet. So23A. Yes.	
24A. Excuse me. FS-1?24Q. You brought up in re	-
25Q.FS-III.25earlier questions subsection	D. Would you read that
Page 1529	Page 1531
1 A. Okay. Thank you. 1 for us, please?	
2 Q. Roman numeral III. And I want to direct 2 A. Sure. So subsection	n D states, "This
3 your attention to the last paragraph, environmental 3 section does not preclude of	developing plans or
4 review, and would you read the last two sentences 4 designs issuing requests for	
5 for us? 5 securing options or perform	
6 A. Sure. "Final design and permitting are 6 to develop an application f	
7 expected to be completed by early 2018 with 7 such activities are consiste	ent with subsection
8 construction beginning shortly thereafter, the 8 250507070A."	
9 project is anticipated to be complete by 2019." 9 Q. Okay. And 070A i	
10Q. So if construction is expected to begin10that I had you read about 1	imiting choice of all
11 shortly after early 2018 11 alternatives, correct?	
12A. Uh-huh.12A. That's correct. Sub	
13 Q how is it that no decision has been 13 limit the choice of reasona	
14 made whether to proceed with the project or not? 14 Q. Okay. So one can	
15 How could construction possibly begin a few months 15 plans for designs so long a	-
16 from now if the decision to finalize the design 16 limit the choice of reasona	ble alternatives,
17 hadn't been made already? 17 correct?	1 . D
18 A. So I as I mentioned before, we make 18 A. I would interpret st 10 b b b b	
19 lots of decisions about this project. Our intent is 19 that it does not preclude de	
20 to construct the project and so we have been 20 designs as long as those ac	
21proceeding with that intent. We have not made we21with subsection A and par22have not done anything that would I would22limit the choice of reasonal	
, ,	
23interpret as an official action as again citing back23long as your plans and des24to 070A1 or 2.24activities that are listed un	-
25 Q. Even though you expect construction to 25 requests for proposals, sec	aer beenon D issuing

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1	performing other work does not limit your	1	as an issue, a new issue that arose during
2	alternatives, and I would point to things like the	2	deposition, that I did partly rule on the objection
3	performing other work or securing options on that	3	at that time and that ruling stands. I'm not going
4	I'm not entirely sure what securing options means,	4	to change where I am in allowing additional briefing
5	but it sort of implies that those are activities	5	later and leave it as a standing objection and allow
6	that could limit your reasonable alternatives.	6	the questioning to continue for purposes of
7	Q. Okay. Well, would you agree that in this	7	preserving it partly for appeal, which I would allow
8	case, given the facts we've been talking about, that	8	anyway, and then there's the preserving it for the
9	the issue is whether the Department having proceeded		purposes of the deference argument that Appellants
10	to the 90 percent design level with the intention of	10	have raised that will be decided only after the
10	· · ·	11	-
	beginning construction in a few months on the	12	closing arguments. BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
12	preferred alternative precludes the choice of		
13	reasonable alternatives that are set forth in the	13	Q. So Mr. Mazzola, I'd now like to direct
14	EIS?	14	your attention to subsection E of 070.
15	MR. KISIELIUS: Mr. *Tammer, I'm	15	A. Okay.
16	going to object again. I'm going to renew my	16	Q. And I guess I'll ask you to read it, at
17	objection and I'm hoping that we have more facts	17	least the first few sentences, please.
18	because we've been at this for a very long time now	18	A. Sure. So subsection E states that no
19	and I'm hoping that there might be more facts to be	19	final authorization of any permit shall be granted
20	able to help make this determination, but they are	20	until expiration of the time period for filing and
21	pursuing a theory that is outside the scope of their	21	appeal in accordance with Section 2505680 or if an
22	appeal and they're pursuing a theory that doesn't	22	appeal is filed until the fifth day following
23	involve the adequacy of the EIS. It involves, if we	23	termination of the appeal. Would you like me
24	disagree with Mr. Schneider's characterization, but	24	Q. Yeah. One more sentence, please.
25	if they were to be true would be a different legal	25	A. Okay. If on or before the fifth day
	Page 1533		Page 1535
1	appeal entirely from the one that they've got here,	1	following termination of an appeal a party of record
2	and I'm at the risk of reopening that, I just	2	files with the director of the Seattle Department of
3	we've been at this for awhile and I'm hoping that	3	Construction and Inspections a written notice of
4	the facts that have been elicited might get us there	4	intent to seek judicial review of the City's action,
5	now.	5	no direct modification of the physical environment
6	MR. SCHNEIDER: And I think it is the	6	shall begin or be authorized until the 31st day
7	same objection, although I'm encouraged that counse	7	following termination of the appeal or until a court
8	now wants me to present more facts rather than fewer	8	has disposed of any request for preliminary
9	facts, but, you know, this issue as I stated arose	9	injunctive relief, whichever occurs first.
10	during the deposition and we would love, for	10	Q. Okay. So in effect, the city has made a
11	example, to have Mr. Kubly, the SEPA responsible	11	policy decision according to the language set forth
12	official, testify, but we were precluded from doing	12	in here about not allowing projects to proceed until
13	discovery from him, so we're dealing with the facts	13	there's at least been some judicial review, correct?
±-3	that are available to us and, you know, they are	14	A. If I may have a moment to re-read this?
14	that are available to us and, you know, they are	14 15	-
14 15	what they are and I don't think there is anything		
15	what they are and I don't think there is anything objectionable about my question that hasn't already		MR. KISIELIUS: So, Your Honor, I'm
15 16	objectionable about my question that hasn't already	16	going to object. I believe what he's now asking
15 16 17	objectionable about my question that hasn't already been argued at length.	16 17	going to object. I believe what he's now asking this witness is a pure question of law as to the
15 16 17 18	objectionable about my question that hasn't already been argued at length. MR. KISIELIUS: I did concede I'm not	16 17 18	going to object. I believe what he's now asking this witness is a pure question of law as to the meaning of a regulation in the Seattle Municipal
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	objectionable about my question that hasn't already been argued at length. MR. KISIELIUS: I did concede I'm not I'm recognizing I'm renewing my objection just because this is now I'm hoping with some additional facts that have been elicited may be more clear.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	going to object. I believe what he's now asking this witness is a pure question of law as to the meaning of a regulation in the Seattle Municipal Code. It's not even predicated on a fact. He's just asking the witness what does he think this section means. MR. SCHNEIDER: And this witness is

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	Page 1536		Page 1538
1	asked repeatedly to defer to how the Department	1	proceed if we were to receive a favorable
2	applies SEPA.	2	decision from the hearing examiner as a result of
3	MR. KISIELIUS: I didn't hear any	3	this hearing we're currently in, that we would
4	applicability questions here.	4	proceed with the project regardless of whether or
5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I'll sustain	5	not there is a judicial appeal.
6	it and just let the code speak for itself. I don't	6	And then in the deposition, I said that
7	think we need to hear from him as to its meaning.	7	would not be my decision to make and that it would
8	We're talking about the Code and we're talking about	8	be up to our director at the time and now I think
9	the code for the sake of best case scenario in this	9	reflecting on that further, especially given the new
10	hearing for the purposes of deference, the question	10	administration that we're under, that there would be
11	of deference, and	11	another decision point when that action actually
12	MR. SCHNEIDER: So I'm not asking	12	
13	-		occurred, similar to if you were to say, you know,
	questions about how Mr. Mazzola interprets the city	13	whether or not a decision has been whether or not
14	SEPA regulations?	14	a decision has already been made to appeal the
15	THE HEARING EXAMINER: How much	15 16	hearing examiner's decision, this hearing, you know
16	longer are we going to spend on that?	16	that decision can't be made until it actually
17	MR. SCHNEIDER: This was my last	17	happens.
18	couple of questions about this section.	18	Q. Well, would you agree that at the time of
19	THE HEARING EXAMINER: That's getting	·	your deposition, you said the decision had been
20	to be my primary concern with this is I do want to	20	made?
21	preserve your right to have this argument in the	21	A. In my deposition, I did say a decision
22	record for purpose of appeal, but we do need to move	22	had been made.
23	along to the more substantive arguments that you	23	Q. Okay. And so is the change now that you
24	have for your case of the adequacy of the analysis	24	were mistaken or the Department has made a new
25	of the EIS, which this is not getting to. All	25	decision?
	Page 1537		Page 1539
1	right. So I'll allow your questions, then, reverse	1	A. The change now and as I indicated during
1 2	right. So I'll allow your questions, then, reverse my statement as to sustaining the objection. I'll	1 2	
	my statement as to sustaining the objection. I'll		A. The change now and as I indicated during my deposition is that I probably spoke too hastily about that decision or the extent of that decision.
2	my statement as to sustaining the objection. I'll allow your questions as to the witness'	2	my deposition is that I probably spoke too hastily
2 3	my statement as to sustaining the objection. I'll allow your questions as to the witness' interpretation of the city code.	2 3	my deposition is that I probably spoke too hastily about that decision or the extent of that decision.
2 3 4	my statement as to sustaining the objection. I'll allow your questions as to the witness' interpretation of the city code. BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	2 3 4	my deposition is that I probably spoke too hastily about that decision or the extent of that decision. Q. Well, again, does that mean you were mistaken?
2 3 4 5 6	my statement as to sustaining the objection. I'll allow your questions as to the witness' interpretation of the city code. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So Mr. Mazzola, have you ever read	2 3 4 5	my deposition is that I probably spoke too hastily about that decision or the extent of that decision.Q. Well, again, does that mean you were mistaken?A. Then, to say I was mistaken, that's fair.
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 my statement as to sustaining the objection. I'll allow your questions as to the witness' interpretation of the city code. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Okay. So Mr. Mazzola, have you ever read subsection E previously? A. I probably have, but not in recent memory. Q. Okay. Has the Department made a decision to proceed with the construction of the preferred alternative regardless of any appeal to Superior Court? A. So I recall that being a question on my deposition as well and I during that deposition realized I may have spoke a little too quickly in terms of the decision that may or may not have been made, and so I'll try and answer your question a similar way here if I may, unless you would like me well, ask a different 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 my deposition is that I probably spoke too hastily about that decision or the extent of that decision. Q. Well, again, does that mean you were mistaken? A. Then, to say I was mistaken, that's fair. Q. So why don't we turn to a new document in Volume 10 of 10 and it's behind tab 835071. If we could have this marked, please. A. Just give me the number again? Q. 8350.71. This will be marked A-22. (EXHIBIT A-22 WAS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION THE HEARING EXAMINER: Do you have it, Mr. Mazzola? BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. Just to confirm, under tab A-350.71, looks like a common spreadsheet. A. Yeah. Q. Exhibit 2. THE HEARING EXAMINER: I assume you
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1	Page 1540		Page 1542
	document itself, so it's a comments sheet on one of	1	A. Sure.
2	the versions of the economics report that was	2	Q. We see your name, Mazzola, in, under the
3	developed or to support the EIS.	3	reviewer name column on the left. That means it's a
4	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:	4	comment that you make?
5	Q. It's the spreadsheet on the first draft	5	A. Right. If it's got my name by it, it's a
6	of Mr. Sharp's report.	6	comment that I made.
7	A. Okay. I'll take your word on that, well,	7	Q. Okay. So and who was Ron Sharp?
8	for now.	8	A. Ron Sharp was the one of the project's
9	Q. If you like, I can refer you to where	9	original project managers for the Gilman Trail
10	we had some connection on this issue and	10	Missing Link.
11	A. Correct.	11	Q. Okay. And did you replace him as project
12	Q that exhibit was the first one.	12	manager for a period of time?
13	A. Okay. Sure. Again, yeah. I I'll	13	A. So I did stand in for Ron for a period of
14	take your word on it that it's the correct one, so.	14	time. That's correct.
15	Q. Okay. I'll represent that and if you at	15	Q. And that was a little over a year?
16	any point disagree, let me know. So again, what is	16	A. A little over a year. That's right.
17	the purpose of this? What's going on here?	17	Q. Okay. So I want you to turn to the third
18	A. So the purpose of the comments	18	page of these, to item number 78, 79, 78 being by
19	spreadsheet is to provide our feedback back to the	19	Mr. Sharp.
20	consultant team that was working on the economics	20	A. Uh-huh.
21	discipline report after our initial review of their	21	Q. And 79 being by you. Can you read first
22	first draft of the economics considerations report.	22	of all Mr. Sharp's comment in line 78?
23	Q. Okay. And so explain what we see here.	23	A. Sure. So Mr. Sharp's comment in line 78,
24	There's a reviewer name column.	24	"Can other words besides winners and losers be used?
25	A. That's right.	25	They sound way too confrontational. How about some
	Page 1541		Page 1543
1	Q. There's sort numbers. There's review	1	may benefit and some may expend decreased
2	comment. So what, again, just give us a general	2	operational characteristics or something similar."
3	A. Sure. I'd be happy to walk you through.	3	Q. And then what was your comment in
4	So just as you mentioned, on the left-hand side,	4	response?
5	just item number to be able to track comments, the	5	A. If I may clarify, my comment's not in
6	reviewer name, then under the next series of	6	response to Ron's comment. I had a very similar
7	columns, it calls out, you know, whether, you know,	7	comment to Ron on the document that just said please
8	what drawing the comment might be on, what report of	r 8	delete the terms winners and losers.
9	looks like spec section, the page number and then	9	Q. Okay. So your comment was arrived at
10	the page or line number, and so most of those as you	10	independently?
11	can see are well, there's a couple general	11	A. That's correct, and so this is a
12	comments overall. Then the beginning and then	12	compilation of all the reviewers' comments. I don't
13	comments are generally listed by page number and	13	believe this was culled through to delete
14	line number. Next to that is our comment and then	14	duplicative comments or even conflicting comments.
	next to the comment is, it says LVL, which is Level,	15	I'm not I don't believe that exercise had been
15	which is a type of coding for the nature of the	16	done for this. So it's literally just a compilation
16			
16 17	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a	17	of everybody's independent comments, some of whic
16 17 18	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a darker highlighted row at the heading, you can see	18	of everybody's independent comments, some of which are duplicative.
16 17 18 19	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a darker highlighted row at the heading, you can see comment level codes saying 1, it's critical or a	18 19	of everybody's independent comments, some of which are duplicative. Q. Okay. So let's go down to number 94,
16 17 18 19 20	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a darker highlighted row at the heading, you can see comment level codes saying 1, it's critical or a policy issue, please address; 2, it's a factual	18 19 20	of everybody's independent comments, some of which are duplicative. Q. Okay. So let's go down to number 94, then.
16 17 18 19 20 21	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a darker highlighted row at the heading, you can see comment level codes saying 1, it's critical or a policy issue, please address; 2, it's a factual factual issue, so we're asking the consultant to	18 19 20 21	of everybody's independent comments, some of which are duplicative. Q. Okay. So let's go down to number 94, then. A. Okay.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a darker highlighted row at the heading, you can see comment level codes saying 1, it's critical or a policy issue, please address; 2, it's a factual factual issue, so we're asking the consultant to please double-check the facts; and then number 3 is	18 19 20 21 22	of everybody's independent comments, some of which are duplicative. Q. Okay. So let's go down to number 94, then. A. Okay. Q. What is your comment there?
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a darker highlighted row at the heading, you can see comment level codes saying 1, it's critical or a policy issue, please address; 2, it's a factual factual issue, so we're asking the consultant to please double-check the facts; and then number 3 is an editorial comment for their consideration.	18 19 20 21 22 23	of everybody's independent comments, some of which are duplicative. Q. Okay. So let's go down to number 94, then. A. Okay. Q. What is your comment there? A. So some properties I mistyped. Some
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	comment itself, and then up above in kind of a darker highlighted row at the heading, you can see comment level codes saying 1, it's critical or a policy issue, please address; 2, it's a factual factual issue, so we're asking the consultant to please double-check the facts; and then number 3 is	18 19 20 21 22	of everybody's independent comments, some of which are duplicative. Q. Okay. So let's go down to number 94, then. A. Okay. Q. What is your comment there?

68 (Pages 1540 to 1543)

	Page 1544		Page 1546
1	document, are there any examples or data to support	1	to me to be a subjective worst case opinion. Can we
2	the fact that businesses may have relocated due to	2	delete it and end the sentence with "decrease
3	the presence of a bike trail? If not, please delete	3	profitability".
4	this sentence.	4	Q. Is Mr. Sharp an economist?
5	Q. And let's turn the page to your comment	5	A. I don't believe so, no.
6	111.	6	Q. Okay. How about your comment 164? Would
7	A. Okay. Please change damages to impacts.	7	you read that, please? And here, I think you're
8	Q. And did you make that same comment down	8	referring to the table that Mr. Shook agreed he took
9	in 115?	9	out of the draft?
10	A. It appears I did. Please change damages	10	A. I'm not sure I didn't I wasn't present
11	to impacts.	11	in the room for all of Mr. Shook's testimony.
12	Q. Okay. Why did you tell the consultant to	12	Q. It's table 4 (inaudible).
13	make that change?	13	A. Okay. So the general comment that I made
14	A. Well, in the SEPA context, it's much more	14	for this table and similar tables throughout the
15	common to use the term impacts because you're	15	document, was the rationale for including just these
16	talking about adverse impacts or significant adverse	16	businesses, it seems very subjective. Don't we
17	impacts, and damages isn't a term that is typical to	17	include the subset of businesses and contains a very
18	the SEPA evaluation in my experience, and so I just	18	subjective ranking of likelihood to be impacted.
19	felt it would be better to be consistent with the	19	What is all considered in ranking the likelihood?
20	way that we characterize impacts throughout the rest	20	Lines of traffic in and out of the properties and
21	of the document and wanted to stay similar with the	21	number of deliveries? Times of day that driveways
22	terminology.	22	and loading docks are used? The nature of the
23	Q. This was an economic discipline report,	23	traffic deliveries? Ideally these tables would be
24	correct?	24	removed from the analysis as too subjective.
25	A. This is for the economics report,	25	However, I have some specific comments on them
	Page 1545		Page 1547
1	correct.	1	below.
2	Q. Okay. And impacts without a qualifier	2	Q. And how about your comment 175? If you
3	are simply impacts. It doesn't convey the same	3	could read that.
4	meaning as damages, does it?	4	A. Yes, sir. So comment 175, "I have a lot
5	A. I don't agree with that statement. I	5	of concern and questions over how we're quantifying
6	think damages or impacts, whether you use either one	6	the cost of delays. First, I don't think it's
7	without qualification, it has the same excuse me.	7	appropriate to monetize the delay, especially of
8	I believe I may have lost your question there. If	8	private driveways. Is there another way to discuss
9	you could repeat it.	9	the potential impacts of traffic congestion without
10	Q. Well, the question was doesn't damages	10	trying to assign a dollar amount, perhaps at a
11	you're changing the meaning. You're not just	11	higher level in terms of whether we think the trail
12	changing the word. Isn't that fair?	12	would put any of these businesses out of business
13	A. I don't think that's a fair statement. I	13	and then in parentheses, which is really the level
14	would have to go back to the original economics	14	of analysis that we should be conducting? Having
15	consideration report to see what the context the	15	said that, I'd like to understand the methodology
16	context in which they use the word damages versus	16	and the calculation that went into this analysis,
17	impacts because I just looking at the comments,	17	what traffic volumes were used over what period of
18	especially here, I don't see a difference because	18	time, et cetera, and are all intersections treated
19	when we talk about impacts under SEPA, that's an	19	the same in terms of the importance? If so, is that
20	impact.	20	appropriate?"
21	Q. So how about comment 143 by Mr. Sharp,	21	Q. And you'll agree that the quantifying of
22	the project manager. Would you read that to us?	22	the costs of delay was taken out of the final
23	A. Okay. It's comment 143 by Ron Sharp, and	23	version of the report?
24	he quotes, "And in extreme cases result in some	24	A. That sort of monetization of the delay,
25	industrial users going out of business". This seems	25	that was taken out of the economics report.

69 (Pages 1544 to 1547) SEATTLE DEPOSITION REPORTERS, LLC

	Page 1548		Page 1550
1	Q. In response to the question	1	it's a chaotic environment and unorganized and about
	Ir. *Gustilez, you stated you didn't make Mr. Shook	2	how the trail would define and separate well,
	hange his report. Is it fair to say you made many	3	excuse me, first separate various modes of traffic,
	omments telling him you wanted him to change his	4	namely the non-motorized versus motorized, but then
	eport?	5	also define where those modes of traffic are able to
6	A. I made a lot of comments asking about why	6	go. So adding curb, adding driveway definitions,
	nings were stated the way they were, asking	7	adding formal parking spaces, that type of thing,
	uestions about the sort of backup if you will of	8	and so we do discuss that as well as just sort of
	nalysis and then did suggest several other types of	9	the overall design process and consideration of
	dits as well.	10	safety that goes into the design within Chapter 1 of
11	Q. In fact, you said please make certain	11	the EIS and then throughout the transportation
12 cl	hanges, didn't you?	12	chapter in the final EIS document, and the
13	A. I did say please make certain changes,	13	transportation discipline report in the safety
14 ve	es.	14	subsections where we talk about the potential
15	Q. You would agree, would you not, that the	15	impacts of each alternative and the no-action
16 fi	irst draft of Mr. Shook's report used the word	16	alternative as well.
	ignificant a lot?	17	Q. And my question, Mr. Mazzola, is very
18	A. Mr. Shook's initial draft of economics	18	specific. Where in the transportation discipline
19 re	eport did contain a lot of excuse me, did use	19	report, discipline report, is there either analysis
	ne word significant in a number of different	20	or data that supports the assertions the
	ontexts throughout that report.	21	assertions are there. I'm asking where are the
22	Q. And the final version, which again was	22	analysis and data are?
23 pa	art of the draft EIS, does not use the word	23	A. I guess I if I may ask, what type of
-	ignificant once, does it?	24	analysis or data are you referring to? If you're
25	A. I would have to go back and read the	25	looking for some kind of quantification, then we
	Page 1549		Page 1551
1 fi	inal report. I know because if you're just asking	1	don't include anything of that sort related to the
2 al	bout the use of the word significant, it still may	2	safety in EIS.
3 be	e in there in terms of statistical significance.	3	Q. You were present at the prior hearings in
4	Q. If you don't remember a specific place.	4	front of at least hearings of Examiner Watanabe,
5	A. I have to go back and look to confirm.	5	correct?
6	Q. Now, so the transportation discipline	6	A. That's correct, as well as under Miss
7 re	eport says in a number of places that the trail	7	Tanner as well.
8 w	vill make conditions safer, correct?	8	Q. Okay. And didn't the Ballard business
9	A. That's correct.	9	appellants in those prior hearings present the
10	Q. And there's no analysis or data in the	10	studies that were in effect at that time, available
	eport to back up those assertions, correct?	11	at that time, about the inherent safety issues
12	A. I don't think that's a correct statement.	12	created by Two Wave Cycle?
13	Q. I didn't mean to interrupt, sorry.	13	A. I do recall the appellants presenting
14	A. Go ahead.	14	those studies about safety concerns over two-way
15	Q. So if you think that his analysis or	15	study paths and am familiar with the testimony
	ata, please draw our attention to it where in the	16	related to those studies.
	ansportation discipline report or anywhere else in	17	Q. So you were aware of those studies that I
	ne EIS is there analysis or data to support the	18	think the person who prepared the safety analysis
	ssertion that the preferred alternative would make	19	for the transportation discipline report, Ms. Ellig,
	ne trail safer?	20	and Mr. Johnston both said they were unaware of
21	A. So	21	those reports when the EIS was written. Is that
22	Q. Make not the trail safer but make the	22	is my memory correct?
	ituation safer.	23	A. I don't recall how they testified to
24	A. So we discussed we've heard a lot of	24	those reports.
	estimony about the existing conditions and then how	25	Q. Okay. So it's fair to say that you

70 (Pages 1548 to 1551)

	Page 1552		Page 1554
1	didn't inform them of that information you had and	1	THE ASSISTANT: Sure.
2	asked them to provide an analysis of why this trail	2	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Oh, I've got
3	would be would somehow overcome the inherent ris	k ³	it. I've found it. Any objection?
4	created by two-way movements?	4	MS. FERGUSON: No objection.
5	A. I did not ask the EIS consultant team to	5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: A-22 is
6	prepare any kind of counter-argument to those	6	admitted.
7	studies.	7	(EXHIBIT A-22 WAS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE)
8	Q. And you didn't alert the reader to the	8	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Now, if we
9	existence of the studies. Fair?	9	could turn, please, to Volume 10 of 10 again and to
10	A. I don't believe so, no.	10	tab A350.83? Should we mark this one,
11	Q. Or even alert the consultants to the	11	Mr. Schneider?
12	existence of those studies?	12	MR. SCHNEIDER: Yes, please.
13	A. I don't recall if whether or not	13	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. This
14	excuse me. Let me back up. I don't recall	14	will be A-23.
15	discussions we may have had about concerns over side	15	MR. KISIELIUS: Mr. Examiner, I'm
16	paths or not, and I'd like to reiterate, there was a	16	going to interpose an objection here just for a
17	lot of folks involved with the early iterations of	17	second because it's marked privileged and I need to
18	the designs that I was not necessarily part of all	18	confer with counsel to
19	the discussions with.	19	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.
20	Q. Okay. But you would agree that all of	20	MR. KISIELIUS: We are withdrawing
21	the conclusions in the EIS are based on the	21	any objection.
22	information that is in the EIS. In other words,	22	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Marked
23	there aren't any outside studies or data that you	23	A-23. So if there's no objection, I'll just go
23 24	didn't include, correct?	24	ahead and offer it.
25	A. I see a two-part question there, one	25	(COALITION'S EXHIBIT A-23 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATIO
20			
-	Page 1553	-	Page 1555
1	whether I conclude all the conclusions that are in	1	MR. KISIELIUS: I'm sorry. I still
2	the EIS are based solely on the information	.,	
	-	2	haven't we're not objecting on the grounds of
3	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis	3	attorney-client privilege.
3 4	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which	3 4	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.
3 4 5	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the	3 4 5	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the
3 4 5 6	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then	3 4 5 6	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance.
3 4 5 6 7	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then also the professional judgment and opinions of our	3 4 5 6 7	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.
3 4 5 6 7 8	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then also the professional judgment and opinions of our SDOT staff, including the EIS team, other folks in	3 4 5 6 7 8	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then also the professional judgment and opinions of our SDOT staff, including the EIS team, other folks in our department, in the city and our consultant team	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. So Mr. Mazzola, what is this document
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then also the professional judgment and opinions of our SDOT staff, including the EIS team, other folks in our department, in the city and our consultant team as well. Q. Okay. So let's break my so let me	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. So Mr. Mazzola, what is this document behind tab 350.83? A. It appears to be an email from me to some
3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12	contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then also the professional judgment and opinions of our SDOT staff, including the EIS team, other folks in our department, in the city and our consultant team as well. Q. Okay. So let's break my so let me break my question into parts, then. You referred to	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. So Mr. Mazzola, what is this document behind tab 350.83? A. It appears to be an email from me to some folks on our EIS team about just forwarding an
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then also the professional judgment and opinions of our SDOT staff, including the EIS team, other folks in our department, in the city and our consultant team as well. Q. Okay. So let's break my so let me break my question into parts, then. You referred to the experience of SDOT staff. A. Uh-huh. Q. But in terms of actual data or studies, everything is in the EIS that supports the conclusions. 	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. So Mr. Mazzola, what is this document behind tab 350.83? A. It appears to be an email from me to some folks on our EIS team about just forwarding an email that I got from Eric Ellis, who's our design manager. Q. Okay. And I'd like to direct your attention to the second paragraph of your email. Would you read that to us, please?
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 contained in the EIS and it's the data and analysis that we gathered that we put into the EIS which includes the technical reports, appendices and the material and the draft EIS, of course. But then also the professional judgment and opinions of our SDOT staff, including the EIS team, other folks in our department, in the city and our consultant team as well. Q. Okay. So let's break my so let me break my question into parts, then. You referred to the experience of SDOT staff. A. Uh-huh. Q. But in terms of actual data or studies, everything is in the EIS that supports the conclusions. A. To my knowledge, yes. Q. So can we turn to one more? Did I offer 	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 attorney-client privilege. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. MR. KISIELIUS: I don't know yet the relevance. THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. BY MR. SCHNEIDER: Q. So Mr. Mazzola, what is this document behind tab 350.83? A. It appears to be an email from me to some folks on our EIS team about just forwarding an email that I got from Eric Ellis, who's our design manager. Q. Okay. And I'd like to direct your attention to the second paragraph of your email. Would you read that to us, please? A. Sure. Eric's response articulates nicely what we had basically all understood. It's nice to
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1	Page 1556		Page 1558
	justifying how you consider the design will be safe?	1	of the size and the scope and the cost of the
2	A. So the useful the information is the	2	project would be much greater than having an
3	next several pages of material that Eric has copied	3	at-grade facility.
4	if I capture it all right from the it stops right	4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Schneider,
5	away improvement manual and a state code about	5	just a moment. If I could ask you to adjust the
6	traffic engineers.	6	microphone. This one's probably get it as close
7	Q. So I guess I'm not following why these	7	as you can. Two purposes for it. You are leaning
8	excerpts are going to help justify how the design	8	back and it's a bit further out. I am asking that
9	will be safe.	9	Miss *Della Sandroz also open the doors and we'll
10	A. What these excerpts help I think was just	10	probably have a flood of some noise from the
11	articulate better in kind of engineering and design	11	elevators as people are going home late on a Friday
12	terms for the EIS team that was drafting some of the	12	and maybe want reduced numbers that are here, but we
13	language where we discuss how safety is included in	13	need to get some cross-flow and air in here.
14	our design because it's a slightly different	14	MR. SCHNEIDER: But the clock is
15	vocabulary and so again, while we all have our	15	still running, Your Honor.
16	different levels of expertise and so we can	16	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And I
17	understand concepts about trail design and how	17	apologize. It is late on a Friday and I forgot
18	organizing the public right-of-way, such as the	18	(inaudible), so
19	instance of this project, can be beneficial for	19	MR. SCHNEIDER: Take your time.
20	safety. It helps to have the actual language to be	20	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Oh. We were
21	able to articulate that in the manner more	21	talking about the elevator.
22	effectively.	22	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
23	Q. Well, I'm asking for specifics. Give us	23	Q. So SOT was going to invest in final
24	an example of language that justifies how you can	24	design of the preferred alternative but not in a
25	say the design will be safe.	25	consideration of an elevated alternative that would
	Page 1557		Page 1559
1	A. Yeah. I'd have to go back and read	1	have removed all of the conflicts that we've been
2	through these pages because it's been a while since	2	talking about in this hearing?
3	I sent this email and I'm not it's not fresh in	3	A. I'm sorry. Could you repeat the
4	my memory.	4	question?
5	Q. Okay. So you sent them an email on May	5	Q. Well, I'm just I'm having trouble
6	2nd, correct?	6	understanding why in light of SDOT's decisions that
7	A. That's correct.	7	we've been talking about why at least considering an
8	Q. Okay. Which was three weeks before the	8	elevated alternative was too expensive?
9	FEIS was published?	9	A. Excuse me. I don't mean to sound dense,
	A. That's right.	10	but I'm not quite tracking your question.
10	Q. And this was after you had already	11	
			Q. Well, did you do any analysis of the
10	directed work to commence on the final design of the	12	Q. Well, did you do any analysis of the actual cost of elevated alternative the way
10 11			
10 11 12	directed work to commence on the final design of the	12	actual cost of elevated alternative the way
10 11 12 13	directed work to commence on the final design of the preferred alternative?	12 13	actual cost of elevated alternative the way Mr. Bishop had done, correct?
10 11 12 13 14	directed work to commence on the final design of the preferred alternative? A. I don't so I mean, we had decided on	12 13 14	actual cost of elevated alternative the wayMr. Bishop had done, correct?A. That's correct. We didn't do a formal
10 11 12 13 14 15	directed work to commence on the final design of the preferred alternative?A. I don't so I mean, we had decided on the preferred alternative at that time. I can't	12 13 14 15	actual cost of elevated alternative the wayMr. Bishop had done, correct?A. That's correct. We didn't do a formalestimation of what an elevated structure to complete
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10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 directed work to commence on the final design of the preferred alternative? A. I don't so I mean, we had decided on the preferred alternative at that time. I can't speak to kind of where we were in the process of advancing the design at that date. Q. You testified earlier this was after you had engaged critique. 	12 13 14 15 16 17	 actual cost of elevated alternative the way Mr. Bishop had done, correct? A. That's correct. We didn't do a formal estimation of what an elevated structure to complete the Missing Link would cost. Q. And you heard the testimony of Ms. Hershey that the city of Vancouver, British Columbia put an elevated alternative through an
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	Page 1560		Page 1562
1	A. No.	1	testimony.
2	Q. No? Correct me.	2	MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, we have a
3	A. So I think in fact there's language in	3	disagreement, then, on our recollections.
4	the code that says the EIS is not meant to be a cost	4	MR. KISIELIUS: The only way to
5	benefit analysis. It's meant to evaluate the	5	resolve it is playing the tape, finding out exactly
6	potential impacts of various well, let me back up	6	what he said.
7	a little bit because as you know, there's different	7	MR. SCHNEIDER: I can rephrase the
8	levels of super review and so it's meant on one hand	8	question.
9	to disclose the potential adverse impacts of a	9	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
10	project and then in the case of EIS, it's meant to	10	Q. Assuming that the studies that we've been
11	evaluate excuse me, evaluate different build	11	talking about for days now and the testimony of the
12	alternatives against a no-action alternative to	12	witnesses, are that two-way facilities because of
13	again identify and disclose those potential adverse	13	the contraflow movement are more dangerous than
14	impacts or significant adverse impacts as well.	14	one-way movements, and parenthetically you have
15	Q. Are you familiar with the rule of the	15	acknowledged you were aware of the studies that were
16	reason (inaudible)?	16	that said that as of the last hearing.
17	A. If you could refresh my memory, I'd	17	A. Uh-huh.
18	appreciate it.	18	Q. Was there any discussion of whether the
19	Q. I'm just asking.	19	readers of the EIS ought to be alerted to the fact
20	A. I think I could understand what that's	20	that the city was not even considering the safest
21	referring to, but I would need to re-read the exact	21	alternatives?
22	code language or rule that you're referring to to be	22	MR. KISIELIUS: And I'm going to
23	100 percent sure.	23	object as to the form of the question. That was a
24	Q. It's not a code language.	24	very long and compound question with lots of
25	A. Okay.	25	MR. SCHNEIDER: If the witness
	Page 1561		Page 1563
1	Q. Concept in the case law.	1	doesn't understand it, he can ask me to rephrase it.
2	A. Okay. Then if it's related to case law,	2	MR. KISIELIUS: And I can object just
3	then I'm I can imagine what it entails, but I'm	3	to the form of the question when it's compound like
4	not familiar from a legal standpoint.	4	that.
5	Q. So when you decided not to study any	5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Can you try
6	one-way cycle facilities, was there any discussion	6	rephrasing the question or breaking it down?
7	of whether you should alert the reader of the EIS to	7	BY MR. SCHNEIDER:
8	the safety implications of that choice?	8	Q. So Mr. Mazzola, you were aware of the
9	A. I in your question there, there's an	9	studies that talked about the inherent risks of
10	assertion about a difference between safety of the	10	contraflow movements on cycle paths, correct?
11	(inaudible) trail that we're proposing as part of	11	A. I am aware that those studies are there,
12 13	the project versus separated cycle tracks, which	12	exist, yes.
13	have serve a different purpose than the project	13 14	Q. And at the time that SDOT and you as SDOT's person in charge, made the decision not to
14 15	that we're trying to construct. Q. Whether that's true or not, my question	15	even consider one-way cycle paths or one-way tracks
15 16	Q. Whether that's true or not, my question is specific to the safety issue and I understood	16	did you consider alerting the reader to the safety
17	Mr. Schultheiss to acknowledge several times that	17	implications of that decision?
18	the one-way facility is safer than a two-way	18	A. So we did not include anything within the
19	facility. So assuming that I heard that correctly	19	EIS that speaks to the safety implications one way
20	from the City's own witnesses, was there any	20	or the other of a multi-use trail versus one-way
21	discussion of whether the EIS ought to tell the	21	bicycle facilities.
22	readers, the decisionmakers, that that choice had	22	MR. SCHNEIDER: Thank you. That's
23	been made?	23	all.
24	MR. KISIELIUS: I'm going to object	24	THE HEARING EXAMINER: I don't have
25	because he's mischaracterized the witness'	25	any questions.

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	Page 1564		Page 1566
1	MR. KISIELIUS: I have just a few	1	your role as project manager. Can you remind us
2	questions.	2	again how long you were in that position?
3	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Uh-huh.	3	A. So it was a little over a year when
4	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	4	since the one of the original project managers,
5	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	5	Ron Sharf, and *Perchley had some health concerns
6	Q. Mr. Mazzola	6	and stepped away, so I took over as the project lead
7	MR. SCHNEIDER: Excuse me. Before	7	or project manager, but all that was happening at
8	I think I forgot to offer the last exhibit we talked	8	that time was production of the environmental impact
9	about.	9	statement until the last month or six weeks or so
10	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, that's	10	after we decided on the preferred alternative and
11	correct, A-23 has not been admitted yet.	11	then we started putting things in motion to further
12	MR. SCHNEIDER: I offer it at this	12	design and deliver the project as I've mentioned.
13	time.	13	Q. Okay. Can you talk about I know you
14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Any objection	14	started describing this, but a little of what you
15	to A-23?	15	worked on as project manager during that time and
16	MR. KISIELIUS: No, none.	16	how it fit within your role or whether it fit within
17	THE HEARING EXAMINER: A-23 is	17	your role as a (inaudible)?
18	admitted.	18	A. In I'm sorry, during which specific
19	(EXHIBIT A-23 WAS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE	E) 19	time?
20	MR. KISIELIUS: May I proceed?	20	Q. Project manager.
21	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Please.	21	A. During project manager. So yes. For the
22	MR. KISIELIUS: Thank you.	22	majority of that time, all that was occurring on the
23	BY MR. KISIELIUS:	23	project was the development of the environmental
24	Q. Mr. Mazzola, Mr. Schneider asked you	24	impact statement and so that I was the
25	about the elevated structure and that as an	25	environmental lead anyway, so it was a natural fit
	Page 1565		Page 1567
1	alternative. Can you discuss whether that design	1	for me to just stay on as the project project
2	option meets the project objective in your opinion?	2	manager.
3	A. Whether or not it meets the project	3	Q. Okay. I want to change topics. You
4	objective would depend on several other factors, one	4	answered a question from Mr. Schneider about Judge
5	of them being how many access points there would be	5	Rogers' decision and whether that played a role wher
6	along that structure. So given it's a nearly a	6	you were determining what design you needed for
7	mile and a half long corridor, would an elevated	7	purposes of environmental
8	structure span that whole distance versus a segment	8	A. That's right.
9	of that distance, there would need to be	9	Q. I think you said it really didn't play a
10	ADA-accessible access points on either end and then	10	role. Could you tell us what what was your
11	in order to meet one of our project objectives as I	11	target in the design that you were aiming for, that
12	mentioned earlier, the connection to the existing	12	you needed for purposes of the EIS?
13	non-motorized the existing and planned	13	A. So we didn't have a numerical target in
14	non-motorized facilities within the Ballard	14	terms of the percent level of design that we needed.
15	neighborhood that would require more access points	15	What we were looking for was did we have enough
16	so folks coming in from the Ballard neighborhood	16	information out of the design and then out of other
17	could access it and that would mean either more	17	elements of the environment that are unrelated to
18	ramps, ADA-accessible ramps or elevators which would		the advancement of the project design to be able to
19	all either take up more space within the project	19	determine what the potential adverse impacts are.
20	area, potentially into private property if those	20	So again, some of those things that don't
21	kinds of structures couldn't fit within the right-	21	rely on project design are just what's in the
22	of-way, and they would also involve a much higher	22	existing environment now, whether it's traffic
23	cost to construct but then also to maintain,	23	volumes or number of potential parking spaces or
24	particularly when you're talking about elevators.	24	even, you know, going back to Fish and Wildlife,
25	Q. Okay. Mr. Schneider also asked you about	25	what sort of natural habitat there is in the area
		-	

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1 and then just understanding what the nature of the 1 say, but there's also the issue of the request from 2 project iself is allows us to begin some of that 2 3 So really our target was did we have 4 6 impacts and disclose them in the EIS. 6 7 Q. And I know Yree asked this before. Just 7 8 to be absolutely clear - 7 9 A. Sure. 9 11 with the design that you looked at for purposes of 11 12 the environmental - 12 13 A. Sure. 9 14 MR, KISELUS: Thanks. I have no 11 15 further questions. 15 16 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Cohen? 17 17 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. 16 19 MR, SCHEIN: No noting further. 17 19 MR, COHEN: I would like to propose. 17 15 that the two remaining witnesses on the Respondent? 25 14 MR. COHEN: I would like to propose. 17 15 thike ware ware definitely finishing 17		Page 1568		Page 1570
3 myronmenal review. 3 MS. FERGUSON: I would rearrange my 4 So really our target was did we have 5 Schedule to accommodate. 6 impacts and disclose them in the EIS. 6 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank 7 Q. And I know Y we asked this before. Just 7 MS. FERGUSON: You're welcome. 8 to be absolutely clear 8 THE HEARING EXAMINER: Well, my 9 A. Sure. 9 preference would be to go ahead today, but I can't 10 Q do you feel like you met that target. 10 say that at the moment at least that I don't think 11 we could get done with ours - I assume we could get to accommodate. 10 say that at the moment at least that I don't think 12 the environmental 11 we could get done with our - I assume we could get one with ours - I assume we could get one with ours in a counce, out it with ours - I assume we could get one with ours - I assume we could get one with the tore areas of the intervironmental 10 14 MR. KISHELDER: No, nothing further. 10 think it we are pushing in the basi. I and it will. All right. 15 further questions. 11 with Mr. Trask. 12	1	and then just understanding what the nature of the	1	say, but there's also the issue of the request from
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75 (Pages 1568 to 1571)

	Page 1572		Page 1574
1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Do you swea	r 1	seven non-profits in the region that are advocating
2	or affirm the testimony you provide in today's	2	for the completion of the East Side rail corridor.
3	hearing is the truth?	3	Q. Any other
4	THE WITNESS: Yes.	4	A. As a trail. Sorry.
5	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you.	5	Q. Any other advisory committee roles?
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	6	A. I currently serve. I'm a mayoral
7	BLAKE TRASK,	7	appointee of the New Seattle Oversight Committee ar
8	called as a witness herein having been first duly	8	other advisory, I'm on the Missing Link Design
9	sworn, was examined and testified as follows:	9	Advisory Committee as well.
10	DIRECT EXAMINATION	10	Q. Has your work at Cascade Bike Club
11	BY MR. COHEN:	11	included bicycle route design and safety issues?
12	Q. Mr. Trask, would you please state your	12	A. Yes, definitely. That's a big part of
13	name and address for the record?	13	what we do in terms of advocating for safe bicycling
14	A. My name is Blake Trask. The address	14	not only in Seattle but also statewide.
15	which I just memorized, the business address is 7787	15	Q. Does your work on the Missing Link Design
15 16	62nd Avenue Northeast Seattle, Washington 98115.	15 16	Advisory Committee entail route design and safety
10	Q. Congratulations.	17	issues?
18		18	A. Very much so. We're working in a
18 19	-	18 19	A. Very much so. We re working in a collaborative process with many different
20	- ·	20	stakeholders in the neighborhood and otherwise who
	A. I have a bachelor's degree from Colorado		
21	College, the bachelor's in International Political	21	and we're going through Canada's questions with a
22	Economy, a master's degree from the University of	22	design team. There's a design consultant
23	Washington, a master's in marine affairs,	23	specifically that's applied or that's reporting to
24	essentially environmental policy and planning.	24	the Design Advisory Committee to really talk about
25	Q. And what's your current position?	25	all the different things around trail widths, around
	Page 1573		Page 1575
1	A. I am the Senior Policy Director at the	1	intersections, different design treatments, all
2	Cascade Bicycle Club.	2	those things about green paint, where does it
3	Q. How long have you held that position?	3	belong, et cetera, signage, you know, everything to,
4	A. I began that position in January of 2016.	4	you know, how do we address those kind of speed
5	Q. And what are your previous positions from	5	issues that Mr. Schultheiss mentioned and was asked
б	the most recent back?	6	So it's pretty extensive and it's, you
7	A. Prior to that, I was the state policy	7	know, it's really exiting.
8	director at Washington Bikes. That was from August	8	Q. Any other any other projects on which
9	2011 until December 2015, at the time of the merger	9	you've worked on design and safety issues for
10	between Washington Bikes and Cascade Bicycle Club	10	Bicycle Transportation Quarters?
11	Prior to that, I was a consultant at Triangle	11	A. For sure and there are a number, but
12	Associates. I held that role from May 2007 until	12	another recent one is we're on a Vision Zero safety
13	July of 2011.	13	project on Northeast 65th Street that goes from
14	Q. Have you served on any public	14	about Ravenna Avenue over to Northeast 20th Avenu
15	transportation advisory committees?	15	and that involves a pretty currently chaotic
16	A. Yes. From 2008 to 2012, I was on the	16	corridor where you have two informal lanes each way
17	Seattle Bicycle Advisory Board. I served as chair	17	during the peak hours and so it's hard for
18	of that board for about two and a half years.	18	pedestrians to cross. There's not defined space for
19	Prior?	19	people who bike to use that corridor and it's
20	Q. Sure.	20	resulted in a number of serious injuries as well as
21	A. Or others, I serve on the East Side Rail	21	some really tragic deaths in the last couple years.
22	Quarter Regional Advisory Committee. That's made u		So in that capacity, you know, we're
	of owners of the East Side rail corridor and I serve	23	working to provide input and advice not only on
23			
23 24	in that capacity as a representative of the East	24	behalf of some of the neighborhood members but also

76 (Pages 1572 to 1575)

	Page 1576		Page 1578
1	Department of Transportation around lane widths,	1	to the study area, have you experienced the safety
2	travel lane widths, speed maximums, all those types	2	conditions presented by cycling and walking on the
3	of design features that would be addressed in a	3	route of the preferred alternative?
4	Vision Zero project like that.	4	A. Very much so. You know, I think biking
5	Q. Are you familiar with the Missing Link	5	on that as Mr. Kazniki suggested, you know, can be
6	Project?	6	somewhat of a thrill ride and that's because of the
7	A. I am.	7	existing constraints with it, you know, the issues
8	Q. What's the basis for that familiarity?	8	with the fact that there are roadway panel seams
9	A. Professionally it really started at the	9	that are right where bicycles will be and those gaps
10	issues of the EDIS in June of 2016 and, you know,	10	can be really big and that's where your tire can go
11	they're representing Cascade Bicycle Club, it was a	11	in.
12	relatively new issue for me, so we sat back and	12	Q. Are you a thrill seeker, Mr. Trask?
13	looked at the four alternatives and I had my staff	13	A. I am not and, you know, expressly my
14	planner really fully evaluate that because I wanted	14	interest in bicycling is to make bicycling really
15	to say, see, based on Cascade's previous positions	15	boring.
16	what was the right choice for us to make, and	16	Q. Did you do any specific work to prepare
17	through that through analysis, looking at the	17	for your testimony in this case?
18	different driveways, how many intersections were at	18	A. I did.
19	some of the different on some of the different	19	Q. Tell me about that.
20	alternatives, you know, and our preference was	20	A. I decided to really go out and document
21	around the social alternative and from that, we went	21	that, taking photos and some videos.
22	through, you know, pretty extensive conversations	22	Q. Document what?
23	with members of the Ballard Appellants, the Ballard	23	A. Document the current conditions and the
24	Business Coalition. I can't remember the previous	24	current safety issues as I've identified them
25	name, and others to really reach out and have	25	through my extensive walking and biking, driving,
	Page 1577		Page 1579
1	conversations about how we could get to yes. And so	1	just experiencing the neighborhood, et cetera. You
2	that's been ongoing and, you know, now I'm involved	2	know, I thought it was really important to be able
3	in the Design Advisory Committee so really	3	to kind of take that evidence as I've seen it and be
4	intimately involved in that and have done a lot of	4	able to display that.
5	different things around it.	5	Q. When did you do that work?
б	Q. Have you walked the study area?	б	A. I did that on October 26th, 27th and
7	A. Yes, I've walked the study area now twice	7	
8			November 1st.
5	out in back, one other time with the Design Advisory	8	November 1st. Q. So I'd like to refer you to I guess we
9	Committee wearing fluorescent jackets because of the		
_			Q. So I'd like to refer you to I guess we should mark some exhibits at this point. So Your Honor, when we prepared these exhibits, we were
9	Committee wearing fluorescent jackets because of the	9	Q. So I'd like to refer you to I guess we should mark some exhibits at this point. So Your
9 10	Committee wearing fluorescent jackets because of the safety issues around it, and I've intermittently	9 10	Q. So I'd like to refer you to I guess we should mark some exhibits at this point. So Your Honor, when we prepared these exhibits, we were
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9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Committee wearing fluorescent jackets because of the safety issues around it, and I've intermittently stopped and evaluated different places beyond just those walks and so I've walked it kind of partially many different times and through the study area. I spent a lot of time there with my family. I'm a Northwest Seattle resident, so I'm really familiar with the area. Q. Have you ever biked the study area? A. Very much so and Q. How many times? A. Countless times, both recreationally as well as in my (inaudible) as well as now professionally to really get a sense of some of the	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. So I'd like to refer you to I guess we should mark some exhibits at this point. So Your Honor, when we prepared these exhibits, we were using a different nomenclature system. We thought we were going to be CBC, so I understand now that we will be marking Cascade exhibits as R THE HEARING EXAMINER: Just pick up where we are with that, yes. Thank you. BY MR. COHEN: Q. So I'd like to refer you, Mr. Trask, to what is in your notebook as CBC4 and it's up on the screen behind you. THE HEARING EXAMINER: We'll mark that as R-37.

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	Page 1580		Page 1582
1	A. I took this photo at Northwest 20th	1	BY MR. COHEN:
2	Avenue and Social Avenue Northwest.	2	Q. Exhibit R-38. Could you that's your
3	Q. What does it depict?	3	photograph?
4	A. You know, for me, it does a really nice	4	A. I took this photo Northwest 20th Avenue
5	job of showing a couple people on bikes. They are	5	and Social Avenue Northwest. It's essentially I'm
6	heading towards the completed section of the Burke-	6	on the other side of the street there and so this is
7	Gilman Trail towards the East. They're right in	7	a little bit off of where you could see the bicycle
8	front of the (inaudible) Arena as you can see.	8	riders in the other photo, but what's interesting
9	Salmon Bay Sand and Gravel is in the background and		about this is the informal driveway markings that
10	you can see, you know, the parked cars were right up	10	are used by landowners and businesses depicted by
11	against the shoulder adjacent to them so they're	11	that blue barrel, which it's a little confusing if
12	driving or they're riding in the door zone	12	you're not aware or you're not really sure what's
13	essentially. You can see the counter of the traffic	13	going on there, where the driveway starts or stops,
14	heading against them, so it's a constrained	14	which side the driveway might be on or what have
15	environment and there's a lot of congestion there.	15	you. So there's real lack of definition in the
16	There is also (inaudible) interesting to	16	corridor and I think it's been defined as chaos by a
17	me is you can see a pretty big truck that's starting	17	number of folks in this hearing.
18	to barrel down on them from behind and will be	18	-
19	passing them in just a few seconds.	19	I think another thing that's really unique about this and you can see, you know, the car
20	Q. What is the door zone?	20	
20	-	20	is passing, giving a little bit of berth but still
	A. The door zone is that place where in this		not so much and that there's a lot of gravel that's
22	situation and typically the driver's side door opens	22	intruding into the roadway, so the bicycle rider is
23	and, you know, a door opens out about three or so	23	currently on some of that gravel that's extruding
24	feet and typically people aren't really thinking	24	from the driveway and I've already mentioned this,
25	about that there might be a bicycle right adjacent	25	but you can see the panels of the street that kind
	Page 1581		Page 1583
1	to the car or the truck in these instances and so	1	of seam where the bicycle tire is, maybe just an
2	they swing it out there and there's a bicycle there	2	inch or two off of, and that varies through the
3	and that bicycle rider runs right into the door and	3	corridor in terms of its width. In this situation,
4	it's the cause of a lot of injuries in the city	4	it might be okay. In other situations, it can be
5	statewide and nationally and it's really an issue	5	kind of a hairy situation.
6	that, you know, as a bicycle rider in my personal	б	So the result of all these kind of
7	experience I'm always thinking about when I'm on the	7	factors that come together, and you can see on the
8	streets.	8	far right side, that driver or that bicycle rider is
9	Q. In the bicycling community, has the term	9	about to go up against parked cars, so when they get
10	become a verb?	10	into that situation, they really have no room to
11	A. Dooring?	11	maneuver if something happens, if they hit the
12	Q. Yeah.	12	gravel, if they hit the seam, and they fly off, you
13	A. Yes.	13	know, they're going to hit that moving car. They're
14	Q. Okay.	14	going to hit the parked car. Who knows what will
15	A. Or to get doored.	15	happen? And that's the existing situation.
16	Q. Yeah. Anything else in that photo you	16	MR. BROWER: I'm going to make two
17	want to	17	objections. I'm not sure this is the same day as
18	A. I think those are the key elements there.	18	the prior photograph just based on the rider's tire.
19	Some of the other photos will depict other elements	19	If you flip back when the rider's in what looks like
20	of the existing conditions on the corridor and what	20	the winter clothes and then this one the rider's in
21	it's like to deal with it.	21	tee-shirt and shorts. It is Seattle and people do
22	Q. I'm showing you what is labeled as CBC-6.	22	that, but my bigger objection is the witness is
	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mark as R-38.	23	testifying to a lot of things that may or may not
23			
23 24 25	MR. COHEN: R-38. Thank you. (EXHIBIT R-38 WAS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATIO)	24	happen but are not depicted in this photograph, so if we could just keep the testimony to what this

78 (Pages 1580 to 1583)

	D 1504		5 1506
1	Page 1584		Page 1586
1	picture actually depicts instead of his	1	Bridge and the interim condition of the Missing Link
2	editorializing them.	2	Trail and this rider, you can see that there are
3	MR. COHEN: Your Honor, I'm not	3	railroad tracks there and this is the situation
4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: It's not the	4	that's been described I think at least a couple
5	same day, but they're marked different days, so I'm	5	times in previous testimony with the place in which
6	not sure if it was intended that they would be the	6	people oftentimes crash over the Missing Link
7	same day.	7	tracks, the Bauer Terminal Railroad.
8	THE WITNESS: If I said it was the	8	This photo is representative of the issue
9	same day, I said I was on the other side of the	9	of bicycle rider
10	street in a similar location and I apologize if I	10	MR. BROWER: I'm going to object.
11	said the same day.	11	Now he's moving past what the photo depicts. If we
12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Okay.	12	could ask some questions about what this represents,
13	MR. BROWER: And I guess my question	13	that might be helpful instead of just having him
14	is are they even 10/26 is October 26 and 10/27 is	14	testify at will.
15	the next day in the fall. Maybe it was a beautiful	15	MR. COHEN: I asked him what the
16	day, but I just want to make sure that we're talking	16	photo depicts and I so I I'll simply ask
17	about the same month.	17	Mr. Trask to answer more narrowly. However, I think
18	THE WITNESS: I think you can see	18	much of what he's providing here is the context for
19	that there's pretty nice blue sky there and I have	19	why he took the photo at that location. So I think
20	friends that wear shorts pretty often and when	20	it's meaningful to allow him to testify that this is
21	they're bicycle riding, oftentimes people like to	21	one of the places on the Missing Link that cyclists
22	they get a little hot. It was on October 26th.	22	have to navigate across railroad tracks and the
23	THE HEARING EXAMINER: This October		significance of that obstacle.
24	was And to your second aspect of the objection,	24	MR. BROWER: Trust me, the day is
25	let's make sure that we're clarifying the testimony	25	late and I don't want to make this go any longer
	· · ·		
	Page 1585		Page 1587
1	at least as to whether it's something actually	1	than we have to, but that's why they require
2	depicted in here or whether you are testifying to		than we have to, but that's why they require
	depicted in here of whether you are testinying to	2	questions to be asked instead of just having a
3	your experience as a cyclist or something along	2 3	
3 4			questions to be asked instead of just having a
	your experience as a cyclist or something along	3	questions to be asked instead of just having a witness get up and talk.
4	your experience as a cyclist or something along those lines.	3 4	questions to be asked instead of just having a witness get up and talk. MR. COHEN: Your Honor, I'll
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	Page 1588		Page 1590
1	that's what happens.	1	give you much room to maneuver.
2	Q. I'm showing you what is labeled as	2	Q. Which direction is this guy going?
3	CBC-13. I think are we up to R-40?	3	A. This is East-Southeast.
4	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, we are.	4	Q. Thank you.
5	Thank you.	5	A. I guess towards the Fremont neighborhood.
6	(EXHIBIT R-40 WAS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATIO		Q. Thank you. Exhibit marked CBC-11. Now
7	BY MR. COHEN:	7	it's going to be Exhibit R-43. What does this show?
8		8	(EXHIBIT R-43 WAS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATIO
9	Q. Describe what that photo depicts.	9	A. I took this photo at Northwest 22nd
	A. I was standing in the same location as I		A. Took this photo at Northwest 22nd Avenue and Social Avenue Northwest. It was in the
10	took that photo at Northwest 45th Street and Social	10	
11	Avenue Northwest and a car the travel lane right	11	morning of October 27th and it appeared to be a son
12	behind me is an eastbound travel lane. That car was	12	and his father probably going to school and they're
13	going eastbound, did a U-turn in the interim bicycle	13	using a corridor on the sidewalk and, you know, in
14	facility and drove straight through the bicycle	14	my experience, if I was to be taking my daughter
15	facility, just to show the current conditions.	15	there, I would be using the sidewalk, too.
16	Q. So, the portion of the lane that the car	16	Q. Uh-huh. What happens at the end of the
17	is occupying, which direction would the cyclist be	17	block to that sidewalk? Do you know?
18	traveling if the car	18	A. Typically there's not much there
19	A. The car was in the westbound bicycle	19	aren't code lamps. There's not there haven't
20	lane.	20	been the ADA improvements like other parts of the
21	Q. Westbound bicycle lane. Thank you.	21	city, so, you know, they would probably get off
22	Exhibit marked CBC-8, R-41, I think. What does this	22	their bike to get onto the street and if they kept
23	show?	23	going on the sidewalk, have to get off and back on
24	(EXHIBIT R-41 WAS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATIO	N) 24	again.
25	A. I took this photo at Northwest Brennan	25	Q. Thank you.
	Page 1589		Page 1591
1	Place and Social Avenue Northwest. The bicycle	1	Showing you a photograph labeled CBC-12,
2	rider is headed South, East-Southeast, and you can	2	Exhibit R-44. What does this depict?
3	see the bicycle rider is on what is maybe a foot and	3	(EXHIBIT R-44 MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION
4	a half shoulder with gravel on it. To the right in	4	A. I took this photo at Northwest Vernon
5	the dirt, there are pretty significant potholes if	5	Place and Social Avenue Northwest. It's right in
6	they veer there, and there's vehicle traffic	6	front of Sand and Gravel's retail operations on the
7	adjacent to them that just passed them at this	7	North side of Social and you can see a bunch of
8	location.	8	pallets that are (inaudible) into the public right-
	(EXHIBIT R-42 WAS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATIO		
9 10	Q. Thank you. Next photograph labeled		of-way and it appears that there's been kind of some
		10	sort of ad hoc clinging thing right on the roadway.
11	CBC-10, Exhibit R-42? What does that show?	11	This is where I would ride as a bicyclist in this
12	A. I took this photo at Northwest 22nd	12	situation, you know, on my route hugging the
13	Avenue and Social Avenue Northwest. You could see a	13	shoulder, all of a sudden, there's debris in the
14	bicycle rider hugging that kind of shoulder or as we	14	roadway and I'll be forced into the traffic,
15	might say the desire line of this corridor, and, you	15	depending on what kind of cars or trucks presents
16	know, this provides a real good perspective of how	16	the situation.
17	they're right adjacent to the parked cars that are	17	Q. Have you been by that location on other
18	really hugging the shoulder, how they're in the door	18	occasions?
19	zone explicitly and with, you know, traffic on the	19	A. Yes.
20	other side, they don't have much room to maneuver.	20	Q. Is that scene with the pallets a one-time
	And personally I've experienced that.	21	problem or is it recurrent?
21		22	A. It's recurrent. This one didn't depict
21 22	Q. You've experienced what?		1
	Q. You've experienced what?A. Being in pretty tight quarters with motor	23	oftentimes there's a freeze sign there, so if folks
22	-		

80 (Pages 1588 to 1591)

	Page 1592		Page 1594
1	THE HEARING EXAMINER: And we'll stop	1	(Due to block pagination,
2	there.	2	nothing omitted
3	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	3	pages 1594 through 1699.)
4	MR. COHEN: Oh. Your Honor, could I	4	000
5	offer into evidence Exhibits 37 through R-37	5	000
6	through 44?	6	
7	MR. BROWER: No objection.		
8	THE HEARING EXAMINER: R-37 through	8	
9	44 are admitted.	9	
10	(EXHIBITS R-37 THROUGH R-44 WERE ADMITTED INT		
11	EVIDENCE)	11	
12	THE HEARING EXAMINER: All right.	12	
13	Again, you can leave. Feel free to leave items	13	
14	here, not personal items, just items for the record,	14	
15	and your notebooks, et cetera. I have on my list as	15	
16	updates for our record, there will be a substitute	16	
17	image from Miss Hershey's report of the conflict	$10 \\ 17$	
18	diagram because it was shrunken, not the whole	18	
19	thing, and then Miss Ellig's list of driveways	19	
20	broken down so we know which were subdriveways as	20	
21	were related, and then we're replacing R-36 with a	20	
22	color copy with staples, we stapled. Is there	22	
23	anything else that for the record that we need to	23	
24	clear up? Okay.	23	
25	We'll start at 9:00 a.m. and one	24	
	Page 1593	25	
_			
1	thing I'll ask the counsel is since we'll be		
2	concluding that day is be prepared to discuss		
3	closing argument and your schedule and what your		
4	needs are for that. I will also want some time at		
5 6	the end to discuss with you issues and legal matters		
	as it were for your closing to try to give you some		
7	guidance as to questions that I have, not expecting		
8	it that day, but so that you know at least some		
9 10	things that would be helpful to me in your closing		
10	arguments. Is there anything else that we need		
12	to address before we adjourn for the day?		
13	MR. COHEN: No.		
14	THE HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you		
14	everyone for a dedicated week and good counsel, goo	a	
16	witnesses. I look forward to seeing you on Tuesday.	μ	
17	(Hearing adjourned.)		
18	oOo		
19			
20			
20			
22			
23			
23 24			
25			

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Page 1699 1 CERTIFICATE 2 3 STATE OF WASHINGTON)) ss. 4 COUNTY OF KITSAP) 5 6 I, the undersigned Washington Certified Court Reporter, hereby certify that the foregoing 7 transcription of audio proceedings was transcribed under my direction; 8 That the transcript is a full, true, and 9 correct transcript to the best of my ability; that I am neither attorney for nor a relative or employee of any of the parties to the action or any attorney 10 or financially interested in its outcome; 11 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and 17th day of December 2017. 12 13 14 /s/ Cynthia A. Kennedy, RPR 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 NCRA Registered Professional Reporter Washington Certified Court Reporter No. 3005 License expires November 16, 2018 25